THE WEATHER

The indications are that it will be fair tonight with falling temperature. Friday fair and colder, fresh to brisk southwest to west winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

5 O'CLOCK

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HIGHWAY ROBBERY

Billerica Man Held Up at the Point of Revolver

D. MOYER STALEY HELD UP BY HIGHWAYMEN.

His Money Taken—The House of Frederick S. Clarke Also Was Robbed by the Same Parties

One of the most daring highway robberies ever committed in the quiet little town of Billerica was perpetrated around midnight Tuesday night. Either following or preceding the highway robbery the elegant residence in North Billerica occupied by Treasurer Frederick S. Clarke, of the Talbot mills, was broken into and looted. There is little doubt that both jobs were committed by the same gang and the fact that the men connected with the case were desperadoes of the first order was shown by the use of revolvers in the hold-up.

The unfortunate victim of the hold-up was Mr. D. Moyer Staley, who resides in the centre village and the hold-up occurred on the main road between the Fordway bridge and High street.

The matter, however, was not reported to the police of the town until late last night and owing to the tardiness in reporting the matter it may be difficult to locate the criminals. If Mr. Staley had reported the matter shortly after his meeting the highwaymen the latter might have been apprehended.

Mr. Staley has an office in Boston and is in the habit of going home to Billerica two or three nights a week. He generally leaves on the 10.15 o'clock train from Boston and rides through to North Billerica and walks from the station in that village to the postoffice where he takes the electric car for Billerica Centre.

On Tuesday night, however, the engine attached to the 10.15 train met with an accident and the train was late. When Mr. Staley reached the North village he learned that the last electric car for the Centre had passed through. He then started to walk to the Centre.

Just after crossing the Fordway bridge, which separates the North from the Centre village, Mr. Staley met the electric car going towards Lowell. Knowing the motorman he waved his hand to him and received a nod in recognition.

The car had just turned the curve near the common in North Billerica and Mr. Staley was a little way beyond the Asa Pollard homestead when he noticed a man walking toward him. Mr. Staley started to cross the road to avoid the man and the man also crossed and pulling a brace of revolvers from his pocket shouted in a strong voice:

"Throw up your hands."

Mr. Staley did as he was requested, and, looking up the road saw another form approaching. In the space of a few seconds a pal of the man who held the revolvers came up and started to search through the victim's pockets. In one of the pockets the searcher ran across a roll of bills containing $151. He immediately appropriated this amount and then took Mr. Staley's watch out of his vest pocket.

The searcher was about to put the watch in his pocket when he drew an electric search light and turning its rays on the watch noticed that there was a monogram on the back. The highwayman decided that it would be dangerous to be found with the time piece on his person and handed it back to Mr. Staley.

"Well, boys, you've got the best of me this time," said the victim.

"You shut up," said the man with the revolvers, poking one of them into Mr. Staley's face.

"Well, we may meet again," said Mr. Staley.

"We don't want to have any talk with you," said one of the men. "We are gentlemen; we need the money and have got to have it."

Some more conversation was held among the three men and then one of the highwaymen said to Mr. Staley: "Don't you dare to say a word about this to anyone or you will have to suffer the consequences."

With the above parting words Mr. Staley was started on his way homeward and the two men followed a few feet in his rear.

When High street was reached the two men bid good night to their victim and jumped into a carriage which was waiting in High street. That there was another person in the carriage Mr. Staley is confident. The buggy was of the Goddard style with rubber tires.

Owing to the darkness of the night Mr. Staley was unable to get a good look at the faces of his assailants.

Carrying out the commands of the highwaymen the victim failed to state a word about the matter to the police until last night, which gave the robbers a good start.

Last night about nine o'clock he told Chief of Police Martin Conway of the affair. If Chief Conway had been notified immediately after the incident he would have been able to telephone to the police of the surrounding towns and the men would undoubtedly have been apprehended.

After notifying the police of the surrounding towns he would have secured the Billericas in search of the men and as Chief Conway has a faculty of ferreting out criminals in an able manner he undoubtedly would have them soon under arrest. But the tardiness in reporting the matter and the meagre description given by Mr. Staley badly handicaps the police.

CLARKE RESIDENCE ROBBED.

Some time Tuesday night, undoubtedly before Mr. Staley was held up, the residence of Treasurer Frederick S. Clarke of the Talbot mills in Billerica was entered and looted of considerable valuables, though the exact loss has not been ascertained at the present time owing to the absence of the occupants of the house.

Mr. Clarke resides in Talbot avenue almost opposite the Talbot residence, but does not reside in town during the winter. The break was discovered yesterday and reported to Chief Conway, who is now awaiting an inspection by the members of the household in order to learn the exact loss.

That both the break and the highway robbery were committed by the same gang is very probable.

While searching the Clarke residence Chief Conway ran across a clue which may prove of great assistance in running down the criminals.

On several pieces of the highly polished furniture in the parlor there were numerous distinct finger prints. Chief Conway with the assistance of Supt. Moffatt of this city intends to develop the finger prints and work on that clue.

OUT ON STRIKE

Labor Trouble at the Chelmsford Foundry

THE MEN WANT UNION WAGES

One Half of the Force Quit Work

A strike was declared at the North Chelmsford iron foundry this morning and about 25 men are out of work. Some of the employes of the foundry are members of the union and decided to make a request for the union wage scale, which places the minimum pay at $2.75 a day. The management refused this, whereupon all the members of the union were ordered out. About one-half of the force obeyed the order and many of these are not union men. It has been the practice of the company to "pay men what they considered them worth." Some received $2.50 a day, and others got $2.25, $2 or $1.75 a day.

If you want help at home, or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

P. P. HAGGERTY

Honored at Banquet by His Choir

PRAISED FOR HIS LONG SERVICE

And the Excellence of His Work

Mr. P. P. Haggerty, who for the past 38 years or so has been director of singing at the Immaculate Conception church, was tendered a banquet by the members of the choir of the church at the New American last night, and during the evening Mr. Haggerty was presented with a purse of $200.

Mr. Haggerty's labors at the church came to a close Sunday, and the members of the choir in order to show the esteem in which they hold him and as a recognition of his ability decided to honor him with a banquet and a present.

There were about 75 people in attendance at the banquet last night and the repast was served at 8.30 o'clock, and for an hour and a half the menu was discussed. Seated at the head of the table were Rev. E. A. Dorgan, O. M. I., pastor of the Immaculate Conception church, Rev. Lawrence Gischwind, O. M. I., Rev. Dennis Sullivan, O. M. I., and Rev. John P. Reynolds, O. M. I. Others were Miss Sarah Sparks, William Gooklin, Miss Catherine McCaffrey, Miss Winnie Haggerty, Mrs. John F. Flanagan and Mr. Haggerty.

At ten o'clock Father Dorgan called to order and said: "The choir of the

P. P. HAGGERTY,
Choir Director.

Immaculate Conception has always been good. I have heard many encomiums expressed relative to the high grade of music which has been dispensed and nobody can be thanked more for this excellent condition of affairs than Mr. Haggerty. Long before I thought of entering the priesthood I used to hear fine comments relative to this church choir. I didn't look for the reason of such achievement, but I know now. Later I came here and then I understood it all.

"Mr. Haggerty, I extend the thanks of the fathers of the Immaculate Conception church for you for your service. In behalf of the fathers of the church I wish you a happy New Year and every success and thank you for your faithful service to us."

Vociferous applause greeted the words of the reverend speaker and a roll of crisp new bills was handed to Mr. Haggerty, who responded saying in part: "I am not much of a speech maker but I must say with a show of pride that the Immaculate Conception church because of the best musical organization in Lowell. I have lived here 65 years and have had experience in different choirs here, Protestant as well as Catholic.

"I know perfectly well that we have rendered music equal to that given by the best choirs in the world. It was all written by great masters of music. Your church has a magnificent collection of this music. It is invaluable and I want to see this music saved and have little doubt but that it will be, for your pastor is a lover of much of this music and recognizes its true value.

"We must obey the church. The plain chant is all right if delivered in certain ways. But it requires a knowledge of music. It cannot be given in a haphazard manner with any fine effect. It must be phrased just the same as any figured music. The only fault to that it is inclined to be monotonous and the one great question which agitates me is whether or not the people of this country will ever tolerate it wholly. There is much music not of the plain chant order which is most church-like.

"One great objection made to the music we are now discarding has been that it is frivolous. Now one of the fathers of the church, Lambillotte, has offended in this particular. He has written as lively music as you will find in any opera.

"I want to thank you for this show of your friendship for me."

There were brief speeches made by others present, after which vocal selections were given and dancing was in order in the main hall.

JUDGE LAWTON

Judge Lawton of the Middlesex probate court has granted Mrs. Mary Evans, wife of Thomas Evans, a Wayland farmer, a decree of separate support and has ordered the latter to pay her $60 immediately and $8 a week until further order of the court.

Mr. and Mrs. Evans, the former 71 and the latter 65 years old, were married in Ireland about 40 years ago, but during that time, according to testimony, Evans had never given his wife any money, and it was shown that at present he has over $21,000 in savings banks. It was testified that Evans blew out the kerosene lamp and put water on the kitchen fire during the winter to save expenses, never allowed Mrs. Evans any sugar and locked up the potatoes, butter and cider in the cellar because "he was afraid Mrs. Evans would spill the cider if he did not keep the cellar door locked." Evans admitted he never had a physician to his wife when she gave birth to any of her nine children.

IN POLICE COURT

Man Fined $15 For Assault

After a lengthy hearing by police [illegible] John Pierce was found [illegible] assault and battery upon [illegible] Sternberg and fined $15, he appealed [illegible] was ordered to recognize in the sum of $500.

In the court this morning were a [illegible] who claimed that on May [illegible] morning he was assaulted by a [illegible] countryman by name John [illegible]. It seems that Pierce keeps a place at 18 Middlesex street, and on May morning at 5.30 o'clock Sternberg went into the next door, and receive La Juliette where, for some reason or another, [illegible] Pierce. Words followed and [illegible] him, Sternberg, three times. The defence was that Sternberg made some insulting remarks to the wife of Pierce.

A man by the name of Fred Fogarty was the star witness for the defence, and in his peculiar way he described the assault by saying, "Well, the complainant came to the door, and the first I knew they were handled up together, and they both fell out of the door."

In reply to a question from Attorney Silverblatt he replied, "Yes, I have been before the court several times, but never for thieving or robbery, always for being drunk or fighting."

The wife of Mr. Pierce testified that she was up to the office store and she came down and told to her husband, "There is a customer up there that wants a pair of rubbers." Sternberg came along and put his head in the door and said, "Nurlo."

This expression, the interpreter, Michael Schwartz said, meant monkey, but others present were inclined to doubt this translation. It was agreed that the word would convey an insult.

Michael Hoey, a drunk, was held in $8 for one week.

George H. Tolley who has been before the court before for drunkenness was assessed six dollars.

Michael T. Burns was fined two dollars for drunkenness.

An unfortunate woman promised not to drink any more and at the solicitation of a member of the Young Women's Association she was placed on probation.

CIVIL COURT

DISTRICT ATTORNEY BANDERSON AS AUDITOR.

District Attorney George A. Anderson appeared in a new role yesterday afternoon when he sat as auditor in the case of Hatch vs. Hanlon. The session was held in police court, civil second session.

DEATHS

HEAP Mrs. Mary A. Heap died at the Lowell General hospital at an early hour yesterday. Deceased underwent an operation Saturday. She lived in Epping street, Wigglesville.

PARHAM John Parham, a much respected resident of Tyngsboro, died yesterday afternoon at the Parham homestead, where he was born and had always lived, lacking only six days of being 76 years of age. He is survived by a brother David, and two granddaughters, Miss Maude A. Parham and Miss Marion Bennett, all of Tyngsboro, an dane sister, Mrs. Daniel B. Jordan of Lawrence.

The Parham homestead is in the Lakeview part of the town, and is only half a mile from Lakeview park.

VINTON Wilbur Frederick Vinton died yesterday at his home, 54 Fourth street, after a short illness. He was 57 years and 3 months old. The deceased was well known in business circles in this city and had been in the employ of Putnam & Son Co., clothiers, for more than 30 years, having had charge of their bookkeeping department. For the past year he was employed by Cook, Taylor & Co.

Up to last Saturday Mr. Vinton enjoyed good health. On Sunday he complained of a severe cold and was unable to go to his work Monday morning. Since then his condition had grown critical, and yesterday death came.

Although of a quiet disposition, Mr. Vinton had a large circle of friends in and out of the city, and was respected by all who knew him. He was born at Fitchburg, and at the age of 2 came to Lowell. He received his early education in the public schools of the city and at the completion of his schooling entered the employment of Putnam & Son. Efficient work earned with it promotion, and later he was placed in charge of the bookkeeping department, in which capacity he served faithfully until about a year ago, when he accepted a similar position with Cook Taylor & Co.

Deceased was a member of the Yorick club, serving as its treasurer at the time the club entered its new quarters at Merrimack and Dutton streets, about three years ago.

He is survived by a sister, Miss Georgiana Vinton, a teacher at the high school of this city.

FUNERALS

COCHRANE. The funeral services of the late William T. Cochrane were held yesterday afternoon at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. M. P. Ranger, 453 Chelmsford street, and Rev. W. A. Moragne was the officiating clergyman. Undertaker Weinbeck had charge of the arrangements and the bearers were Messrs. C. Howard, William Cuzner, M. P. Ranger and John Carr. Burial was in the Riverside cemetery, North Chelmsford.

CANDAGE. The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth A. Candage, wife of William S. Candage, took place from the Edson chapel Friday afternoon. Services were conducted by Rev. A. P. Wedge, and there was singing of appropriate hymns by Mrs. Eugene G. Russell and Miss Etta M. Rutherford. The bearers were relatives of the deceased. There were many beautiful floral tributes from the family and friends. Burial was in the family lot in the Edson cemetery. Undertaker J. B. Currier in charge.

Lowell Gas Light Co's

COKE

Is the best Pittsburg Coal with the gases taken out. The heat units are practically the same as in the coal.

New Year Presents

WELCH BROS. have the most beautiful line of Parlor Lamps to be seen in the city at their store on Middle Street. Call at

WELCH BROS. Steam Fitter and Plumber

LATEST

GUILD IS GOVERNOR

GOVERNOR CURTIS GUILD.

Inaugural Ceremonies at the State House

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—Curtis Guild, Jr., of Boston, was proclaimed governor of Massachusetts for the current political year in the hall of the house of representatives, shortly after noon today. A gathering consisting of members of both branches of the legislature and invited guests witnessed the administration of the oath of office to the new governor as well as to Lieut. Governor Eben S. Draper of Hopedale.

Secretary of State Olin made the proclamation in a stentorian voice which was answered by the cries of Governor Guild, by the customary salute from a battery of artillery from the nearby common.

The new executive delivered his inaugural address which proved to be an interesting but unusually short document. Proceedings occupied less than an hour.

The exercises of the day began with the assembly of both houses of the legislature at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. Reports were received from a joint committee appointed yesterday to canvass the votes for governor and lieutenant governor. In the meantime an unusually large gathering of invited guests had assembled in the executive department while the relatives and friends of the members of the legislature crowded the spacious gallery in the house. An even larger crowd stood behind a long row of district policemen in the farther part of the corridor leading to the entrance of the house. Scarcely had the convention assembled with President Dana of the senate in the chair when the justices of the supreme judicial and the superior court were announced and admitted to seats on the floor and platform. Several former governors were then escorted down the aisle and all were greeted with applause. A few minutes later Sergeant-at-Arms Remington appeared at the door and announced the governor-elect and the lieutenant governor-elect.

THE NEW GOVERNOR.

The entire assembly rose as the two successful candidates at the last election marched down the aisle, followed by members of the executive council, the governor's private secretary, Charles F. Gettemy, the staff and a line of distinguished officials, both state and national as well as a number of foreign consuls in Boston.

The governor-elect rose, and standing beside President Dana, repeated after the presiding officer, the oath of office. Governor Guild then wrote his name in the little Morocco bound book containing the names of nearly all of his distinguished predecessors. Stepping back, he gave place to Secretary of State Wm. N. Olin, who made the customary proclamation.

The oath was then administered to Lieut. Governor Draper and a second proclamation made by the secretary of state.

Governor Guild was then introduced to the assembly and proceeded at once to read his inaugural address (which will be found in full on page 7.)

At the conclusion of the address the assembly dispersed and the senate returned to its chamber. Within half an hour, however, another joint convention was held, at which the members of the new executive council were sworn in.

PRINTERS' STRIKE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The strike of union printers for an eight-hour day and a closed shop was inaugurated here today. Most of the shops anticipated the strike and were able to put to work a full force of non-union printers.

We have our annual stock-taking in a few days. We have marked down every article for this sale. They are not shopworn, but are of the best standard, and highest quality. If you are the least dissatisfied with our goods, take them back, and we will cheerfully refund you your money.

M. O'KEEFFE

54 Middlesex St., Near Traders Bank
513 Merrimack St., Near Tremont St.
Telephone 1378-2.

The Best Pure Creamery Butter (none better)	24c lb.
The Best Eastern Green Mountain Potatoes	20c pk.; 80c bush.
The Best Bread Flour	65c bag; $5.50 bbl.
Armour's No. 1 Fancy Smoked Shoulders	8c lb.
North's Best Salt Pork Ribs	7c lb.
Best Native Cabbage	2c lb.
Swift's Best Medford Bacon	12½c lb.
Best Mince Meat	7c pkg.; 4 pkgs. 25c
Best Long Cut Macaroni	7c pkg.
Very Good Sugar Corn	6c can
15 Bars Excellent Laundry Soap	25c
N. B. This is the greatest bargain that was ever offered in soap.	
Best Standard Granulated Sugar	5c lb.
Kennedy's Best Soda Crackers	6c lb.
Kennedy's Best Common Crackers	6c lb.
Kennedy's Best Ginger Snaps	6c lb.
Very Best Tea (all flavors)	50c lb.
Very Best Coffee	25c lb.
Very Good Eggs (warranted)	27c doz.

Free delivery. Open Monday and Friday evenings until 9 o'clock. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday until 7 p. m., and Saturday until 10.30 p. m.

FROM YESTERDAY'S LATE EDITION

SIMON B. HARRIS

And His Interesting Career as Policeman

Announcement of His Appointment in Malden Causes Old Timers to Become Reminiscent—He Was the Champion Strong Man of the Force—How He Was "Legislated" Out Of Office

The announcement in the morning papers that the old time terror of all law breakers [illegible] those who could fight well and [illegible] the [illegible] Simon B. Harris had been appointed chief of police in the city of Malden was the topic of conversation among those who knew him and all the old timers waxed reminiscent and recalled some of the many tales in connection with the career of Simon.

Mr. Harris was [illegible] of the state constabulary who went around seeking violators of the liquor laws and he was known all over the state as a veritable bugbear to all law breakers. [illegible] Mr. Harris was perhaps the strongest man on the local police force and it was said of him that he was the [illegible] man in the city. He was [illegible] with Officer [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] was any trouble about it.

Inspector [illegible] has to tell of how Simon came to be an officer when he once attempted to arrest Horace Sherwood, the [illegible] man who was recently [illegible] Sherwood was [illegible] by the police [illegible] a disturbance [illegible] The police were [illegible] and the late Inspector [illegible] had gone to Canada on [illegible] that day Inspector [illegible] the [illegible] that Sherwood was well [illegible] Lowell and [illegible] Central [illegible] Sherwood standing in doorway. Inspector [illegible] knew that he would [illegible] a fight will be dangerous [illegible] to make the arrest [illegible] said "Harris [illegible] present." Sherwood [illegible] the inspector's hand [illegible] "Well Charlie I don't [illegible] but you'll have to get [illegible] today."

Nothing [illegible] the two of them were [illegible] instantly. Inspector [illegible] Sherwood didn't [illegible] to use it. While they were struggling the late Frank Wood, [illegible] marshal, came along and [illegible] the assistance of the inspector. Simon fought like a demon when Wood took hold and the two officers were [illegible] fall when [illegible] drawing some savage "What are Malden [illegible]"

It was Simon B. [illegible] to be present to grab Simon [illegible] both wrists and with his free [illegible] both of his [illegible] and then [illegible] other officer [illegible]

HEAVIEST OF THE BAG.

Although [illegible] of Mr. Harris would make [illegible] green with envy. [illegible] of middle [illegible] were [illegible] Simon was [illegible] the barroom [illegible] was [illegible] sale of [illegible] After [illegible] he had [illegible] walked [illegible] ing. Joe [illegible] the [illegible] ing [illegible] over the [illegible] lids of [illegible] his [illegible] cure.

HOW HE WAS "LEGISLATED" OUT.

In the days the police were appointed and discharged by the board of [illegible] which consisted of eight members. Now there had been movements [illegible] to get Simon off the police force [illegible] for zeal with which he [illegible] after the liquor dealers and [illegible] but they had all failed to [illegible] which there were four members [illegible] would willingly vote to oust him [illegible] was four who stood by him [illegible] and fifth and every motion to discharge him was lost on a tie vote. [illegible] eight time when a back door [illegible] Simon which was [illegible] four to least. It was and [illegible] cooked up by Charles Howard [illegible] member of the board. Mr. Howe [illegible] seeking a position and Mr. Harris [illegible] discharged made a promise that he be NOT discharged. The [illegible] was put and declared lost on a tie vote, four voting in favor and four against. The [illegible] decisive officer ruled that [illegible] a motion not to discharge had been [illegible] Simon was lost on a tie vote. [illegible] Simon B. Harris discharged from the police force of Lowell and the next day he was appointed to City Marshal Pinder [illegible] Simon's name [illegible]

But Mr. Harris was no quitter and acting upon the advice of his lawyer he reported [illegible] at the police station every day for a year and brought suit through which means he recovered his rights [illegible] Meanwhile the hardest work he did during this time was to call daily at the police station when the roll was called. Old Peter Gaudette called the roll in those days and of course when Simon's name was chopped Mr. Goodhue would call out "Absent on roll call." But that didn't bother Simon in the least. He would be there every day and he knew that his name was not stricken off the roll after the [illegible] of a man named Haynes. Haynes was when Haynes' name was called and he failed to answer, Simon would [illegible] before the keeper could pass on to the next name and he never missed a day in the whole year.

But the [illegible] suppression that if the [illegible] of Governor confirm the appointment of Mr. Harris and he accepts the position he will [illegible] this go some in the city of Malden.

THE GRAND JURY

To Take Up Political Circular Matter

It was [illegible] today, on pretty good evidence, that the grand jury will be asked to take up the question of authorship of the circular letter which caused an [illegible] contest at a candidate [illegible] in the recent election. The circular made its appearance [illegible] before election and was not signed by any party or political committee. It was stated that the matter was [illegible] before the district attorney with [illegible] the complainant could [illegible] that he would [illegible] the matter.

ASSAULT CHARGE

Thomas Wood Accused by Wife

Thomas Wood was arraigned in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with assault and battery on his wife, Annie M., and her testimony was convincing as well as dramatic.

She said that her husband on several occasions not only "punched" her in the face, but also about the body. This testimony was corroborated by Dr. James F. Gaffney, who examined Mrs. Wood after the alleged assault by her husband.

Mrs. Wood proved a very complete witness and told her story with great force. On one occasion she was out late at night and her husband brought her to task for that. She told him that she had been to her father's house and after her husband had chastised her for being away he learned that her story was true, that she had been at her father's house.

The domestic discord between Thomas Wood and his wife was brought to a close yesterday afternoon in the police court. Judge Hadley decided that it was for the very best interest of the parties that both should once again try to live together as husband and wife. Both said they were willing to try this, and the case was continued for one month.

FUNERALS

FENNELL—All that was mortal of the late Mrs. Mary Fennell was consigned to its final resting place in the Catholic cemetery this morning. The funeral took place at 9.30 from home of deceased, 178 West Loring street, and was largely attended by [illegible] and relatives. The [illegible] to St. Michael's church where a solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated, Rev. [illegible] being celebrant, Rev. [illegible] M. Murphy, deacon, and Rev. [illegible] O. M. I., subdeacon. The [illegible] were the Maddons, [illegible] Gregoire [illegible] during services [illegible] were [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] Patrick Mc[illegible] Patrick Cunnin[illegible] acting as stand-bearers. In the choir "Ave Re[illegible]" was sung. The floral display [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. Anthony [illegible] from drivers and helpers of the Harvard Brewery [illegible] from Mr. and Mrs. Patrick [illegible] and calla lilies, [illegible] from family, and a spray of pinks from Mr. Clancy, large wreath, inscribed "Uncle," from [illegible] in Boston.

Among those in attendance from out of town were Mr. Moses Neille, Julia and Hannah Fitzgerald, Mrs. Neill-Maher, Miss Margaret Maher and Maurice Powers of Boston. At the grave Rev. Fr. Murphy read the committal prayers and the burial was in charge of Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Son.

MANNING—The funeral of the late Eldridge Manning took place this morning at 8.30 o'clock from his home, 239 Lakeview avenue and proceeded to St. Michael's church where a high mass of requiem was celebrated at nine o'clock by Rev. F. Murphy. The choir was in attendance and sang the Gregorian mass and during the service appropriate selections were rendered by the members of the choir. At the offertory "Pie Jesu" was sung by Miss Nano M. Gallagher and at the conclusion of the service "Just As I Am" was sung by Mr. Thomas P. Bouiger. As the remains were leaving the church the choir sang "Thy Will Be Done."

There was a profusion of beautiful and appropriate floral offerings in evidence, showing the esteem in which the deceased was held by her many friends and acquaintances. The bearers were Messrs. John Barnes, James Bowen, Thomas McCarthy, James McCarthy, Martin Dempsey and William Holden. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. Murphy. The funeral was under the direction of Funeral Directors Charles H. Morley & Son.

RETURN TO WORK

Strikers Satisfied With Their Wages

The striking ring spinners of the Merrimack mills with a few exceptions returned to work this morning in satisfactory adjustment of wages having been made. It will be remembered that the strikers went to work Monday but immediately went on strike again because those who were running twin sides were not satisfied with the wages.

Everything now, however, has been arranged satisfactory to both the strikers and the mill officials.

Constantin Anton, who is a justice of the peace, was the confidential adviser of the strikers and acted as an intermediary between the striker and the mill officials.

VICTIMS BURIED

Funerals of Boys Who Were Drowned

The remains of Ernest Champagne and Albert Larson, the two boys who were drowned in the Merrimack river, Saturday afternoon were consigned to their final resting places today, both funerals being largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends of the deceased.

The funeral of Ernest Champagne took place this morning at 7.45 o'clock from the home of his parents, 26 Dutton street, and proceeded to St. Joseph's church by Lee street, where a high mass of requiem was celebrated at 9 o'clock by Rev. Fr. Audibert, O. M. I. The choir sang Perosi's Requiem and music and during the service appropriate selections were rendered by members of the choir.

The bearers were D. Bernal, J. Beauchesne, A. Chamberlain and A. Stoll. The body was then taken to St. Joseph's cemetery where it was placed in the receiving tomb. The funeral was under the direction of Funeral Director Joseph A. Albert.

The funeral of Albert Larson was held in the afternoon from the rooms of J. E. Curran, 98 Prescott street. At the Swedish M. E. church in Moore street services were conducted by Rev. Oscar W. Johnson. There was appropriate singing during the service. The floral offerings were profuse and beautiful. The bearers were Joseph Johnson, Monty Johnson, Axel Schonborn and William Johnson. Interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Currier.

WILL ORGANIZE

City Committee Meeting Called

The democratic city committee elected for the year 1906 will meet in headquarters in Wyman's Exchange Thursday night for the purpose of organizing. It is said that a motion will be offered to pay the secretary and the [illegible] each and that will be passed. The friends of J. Edward Gardner, the well known hotel proprietor, are boosting for his election as mayor and ward eight has a candidate in the person of Mr. Owen McArdle.

If you want help at home, or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THE YOUNG CASE

Sec'y Bonaparte Preparing Reprimand

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Attorney General Moody has [illegible] the Bulletin of the court relative to the action of Lieut. Young, 2d U. S. Cavalry, in the performance of duty and failing to find him guilty of the charges of "conduct of a character to discredit the service of the United States." Secretary Bonaparte is in the service of the [illegible] and has made public today his reprimand of Lieut. Young. The recommendations of the judge advocate general. The letter in announcing his non-concurrence in the findings of the court says:

"After careful and painstaking consideration of the evidence submitted, this office does not concur in the findings of the court in so far as the action of the court's officers upon the admission of evidence. It does, however, appear that Commander Young was not guilty of any unpublished act or omission, or of any act calculated to bring the service into disrepute, and that the proceedings, findings and sentence in the case are disapproved, and that the findings upon specifications three, 1, 2, 3 and 5 be disapproved.

"The conspicuous ability and efficiency in the performance of duty displayed by the officer upon specification five, which alleges that Commander Young failed to report the smooth steam log of the Brandywine for the months of November, December, 1904, and January, February, April, May and June, 1905, prior to the explosion on board that ship on 1st July, Secretary Bonaparte is now preparing the letter of reprimand to Commander Young.

BADLY INJURED

New York's Brave "Cop" May Die

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—New York's champion policeman, "Ajax" Whitman, of the bicycle squad, the hero of many an exciting chase after runaway horses, was terribly injured today while attempting to stop a pair of fear-crazed horses attached to a heavy ice wagon. Whitman was wheeling across upper Fifth avenue when he saw the big pair of horses dragging the partially loaded ice wagon in a mad run up the crowded avenue. He started in pursuit and when he reached a point opposite the heads of the runaways sprang from his wheel and seized a bridle. He swung himself in front of the horses, the bit broke and the policeman fell to the pavement beneath the feet of the plunging steeds. He escaped the flying hoofs but as the wagon passed over him his legs were caught in one of the wheels. Both legs were broken and he was internally injured. Two mounted policemen succeeded in stopping the runaways and the injured policeman was taken to a hospital.

Whitman is one of the best known policemen on the force. He has many medals for deeds of valor or prowess during his services in the bicycle squad.

IS AFTER DEPEW

Brackett Wants Him to Resign

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 3.—Senator Brackett of Saratoga, soon after the legislature convened, introduced a resolution demanding of Chauncey M. Depew his resignation as United States senator from this state. The resolution in full is as follows:

"Since the adjournment of this senate the people of the state and nation have been staggered by the revelations shown to have existed for years between the Equitable Life Assurance Society and Chauncey M. Depew, one of the senators of the state in the United States congress.

"Recognizing that these disclosures have caused a total lack of confidence in the ability of the senator named to properly represent the people in the body to which he was elected.

"Resolved, By the senate that Chauncey M. Depew be and he hereby is requested to forthwith resign his seat in the United States senate."

When the resolution was introduced Senator Raines said he had not been [illegible] Senator Depew's acts and talk [illegible] in the senatorial [illegible] anything [illegible] for a job. He moved that the resolution be referred to the committee on [illegible] relations when appointed. Senator Malby said it seemed [illegible] anything unwarranted [illegible] to hold office [illegible] should be treated [illegible] Senator Depew, who he said, was one of the grand [illegible] of the civilized world. He denounced the attacks of "alleged reformers" who kicked every one and had wild charges. Perhaps there were reasons why every senator should be asked to resign. Yellow dogs may be [illegible] but he has decorated [illegible] that he has held. The resolution should not be dignified by referring it to any committee but should be disposed of forthwith.

Senator Brackett [illegible] the new resolution was withdrawn.

McCALL RESIGNS

Orr Chosen Head of New York Life

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—John A. McCall today resigned [illegible] president of the New York Life. The resignation was accepted by the board of trustees and Alexander E. Orr was promptly elected to the presidency of the company. Mr. Orr's salary was fixed at $50,000, President McCall's salary of $100,000 a year.

Mr. Orr, the new president of the New York Life, is a merchant of this city. He is president of the rapid transit commission and was formerly president of the [illegible] Chamber of Commerce. He is a director in many financial and philanthropic institutions of the city. He was born in Ireland in 1841.

90,000 HEBREWS

Said to Have Come to America From Russia

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 3, 2 p. m.—A general meeting of the workmen's committee and delegates of all the political organizations have been in session [illegible] night preparing their [illegible] programme. All that is known for certain is that they are planning to [illegible] the anniversary of Jan. 22 (Jan. 9 old style) when the most serious riots in St. Petersburg occurred, but [illegible] of a national character for the [illegible] It is proposed to make a great [illegible] demonstration but if they attempt to carry it out the leaders [illegible] understand that it is sure to [illegible] bloodshed on a large scale.

Count Admiral Rojestvensky's account of his tactics in the battle of the Sea of Japan published in the Novoe Vremya today, the reader is almost convinced that the Russian commander outmanoeuvered Admiral Togo at every point and was himself the real victor. He declares he knew Admiral Togo's exact movements two days before the battle, made his dispositions accordingly, and entered the fight with his eyes open. The admiral only casually states in the course of his letter that the minister of the marine is investigating the causes of the catastrophe in order to determine whether the commander should be court-martialed for the loss of the fleet.

The charge that the British admiral concentrated his ships at Wei Hai Wei expecting to receive an order to destroy the Russians in the event of Admiral Togo proving unequal to the task, has caused considerable sensation, especially as Admiral Rojestvensky's letter was published with the permission of the minister of marine and no doubt is entertained that it will be made the subject of diplomatic representations to Great Britain.

The government is putting on the screws tighter and tighter. War Minister Rediger has absolutely prohibited officers, privates and employes of the ministry of war from participating in political societies, prescribing heavy punishments which will be inflictable without trial.

The use of the telephone between St. Petersburg, Moscow and other points which had been used by the revolutionists, has been prohibited to private individuals except by permission of the authorities.

The number of arrests are increasing daily and the prisons are crowded.

So far as ascertainable not one of those arrested during the last three weeks has been released. Prof. Paul M. Milukoff's Narodnaia Svaboda, which yesterday made an ardent appeal to the electors to prepare for the campaign and to organize meetings for the propagation of the program of the constitutional democrats has been suppressed.

The Commercial Gazette estimates that 90,000 Jews have emigrated to America since the massacres.

POLICE PREFECT ASSASSINATED

PABIANIC, RUSSIAN POLAND, JAN. 3.—THE PREFECT OF POLICE HERE WAS ASSASSINATED TODAY.

INSURANCE LAWS

Gov. Higgins Wants Proper Measures TO PROTECT THE POLICY HOLDERS

He Wants Better Supervision of Insurance

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 3.—The New York state assembly and the state senate met and called to order shortly after noon today. Jesse W. Wadsworth, Jr., the republican caucus nominee, was elected speaker of the assembly. Speaker Wadsworth on taking the chair in the assembly spoke briefly and Lieutenant Governor Brace opened the senate with a brief address.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Governor Higgins' message to the legislature which was presented to that body today was awaited with much interest, because of what he might say regarding the legislative investigation of the insurance companies. The governor in his message urged a drastic insurance law and hinted at the necessity of a like investigation of other forms of insurance. The governor says:

INSURANCE AFFAIR.

"The eyes of the whole world are now turned towards New York and if this legislature does not produce an insurance law which shall be drastic but practicable, radical but sane, in a spirit which shall be courageous but not hysterical, it will fail to meet the expectations of those who have confidence in the ability of popular government to solve its own problems as they arise.

"Future effective action by congress or the federal government is not probable and the possibility of such action should not retard for an instant the work of the state.

"While life insurance has received almost exclusive attention it cannot be assumed that other corporations dealing in indemnity and investment contracts have been blameless and a word of caution may not be amiss regarding assessment associations, accident insurance companies, co-operative fire insurance companies and the like. Better allow free and unregulated insurance than permit such concerns to exist under laws which do not protect our citizens but enable the promoter of doubtful schemes to beguile the investor to financial disappointment and fatten himself on false promises and deluded hopes.

"The policy holder now demands something better from the state than a guarantee of solvency. He has learned that his insurance will be cheaper and safer when the companies are compelled to invest their assets for his benefit exclusively, and are prevented from diverting funds to the individual undertakings of speculative directors and to the payment of vast salaries and exorbitant commissions, gratuities to men of influence and contributions for political campaign purposes. He invokes the power of the state to shield him more effectively and to curb the companies and their directors.

TO HELP INVESTORS.

"You will be called upon to make a radical revision of the law for the benefit of investors in life insurance and for the regulation and restraint of the companies. We may well consider at this time the expediency of providing for more thorough regulations by the department of insurance. Under the new insurance law of Germany not only are thorough investigation and publicity insured but the government director actually enters into the business method of the corporation.

"We can learn much from a careful examination of this law, although some of its provisions may be deemed too paternal for our differing conditions of business and political life or objectionable as leaving too much to the discretion of the insurance department.

"The funds of insurance companies should sacredly be safe-guarded for the policy holders by the state and every element of personal gain eliminated from their management. To accomplish this result it has been suggested that large amounts ought, for the safety of the insured as well as for the good of the community be invested in bonds secured by mortgage on real estate at a conservative valuation; that deposits with or loans to moneyed corporations should be subject to suitable restrictions; that the control of subsidiary companies should not be permitted; that insurance directors should have no conflicting business connections; that investments in corporate bonds should be regulated so as to prevent speculation and loss from an attempt to float doubtful enterprises; that policies should be of standard forms so that the abuses arising from ambiguity, complexity and incompleteness of the contract may be eradicated and the contract made definite in form and substance; that a uniform system of audits and accounts should be prescribed by the insurance department; that full publicity to policy holders should be assured; that deferred dividend policies should be prohibited or greatly restricted; that policies should be further safeguarded from forfeiture; that an equitable distribution of the gains of the company to the policy holders entitled thereto should be required; that policy holders should have an effective voice in the government of the companies and that the decisions of the directors be made subject to judicial or administrative review."

MANY AMENDMENTS.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 3.—Many amendments to the state insurance laws are proposed in a bill introduced by Senator Brackett. Among its important provisions are those making elective instead of appointive the office of superintendent of insurance, making salaries of life insurance officers subject to the written approval of the superintendent of insurance, prohibiting insurance of children under 15, prohibiting tontine or deferred dividend insurance, making the list of policy holders of any life insurance company available for examination by any policy holder thereof, limiting investments of insurance companies in a way similar to that which limits investments by savings banks.

Dr. Rothfuchs

Graduate Harvard Medical University.

SPECIALIST IN ACUTE AND CHRONIC DISEASES OF MEN.

New Permanently Located in the RUGG BLOCK LOWELL

Consultation With This Specialist

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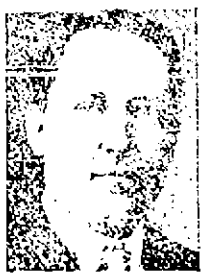

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The method of treatment of Dr. Rothfuchs cures to stay cured, without pain or detention from business.

Blood Poison

Either primary, secondary or tertiary, including Copper Colored Spots, Pimples, Sore Throat, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers, Mucous Patches in Mouth, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, etc., quickly and positively and forever cured by my treatment, which in a few weeks makes clean, healthy looking beings, after complete failure by inexperienced doctors and unqualified medical companies. Every external symptom soon disappears while the blood vessels, the nerve fibres, the bones and the whole system are cleansed, strengthened and restored to perfect health and vigor.

Male Pelvic Diseases

Cured by my method of treatment NERVO-VITAL DEBILITY cured without the use of stimulative remedies. All Rectal and Bladder Troubles, Stricture, Rupture, Gonorrhoea, Varicocele, and all private diseases of men cured to stay cured.

Consultation, Examination, Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays

117 Merrimack St.

Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

HELPLESS WOMAN

Was Rescued From Burning Building

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Trapped in bed in a spectacular fire which destroyed two houses and threatened an immense amount of property in Gravesend last night, Mrs. Edith Ashley, of No. 49 Hubbard street, who was ill, was rescued in a dramatic manner by three neighbors, one of whom nearly lost his life afterward in a second trip to her burning house.

Mrs. Ashley is the wife of John Ashley, a well-known resident of Gravesend. Her home, as well as the one adjoining, which also was destroyed, were in what is known as the Marine Basin company's property. Only a few hundred yards from the two houses nearly fifty boats of various kinds were anchored, and for a time it seemed as if the heavy wind would carry the flames to the craft.

The three men who carried Mrs. Ashley to safety were Frank Melbourne, his brother John and Emil Leindorf, all young men of the neighborhood. After successfully bearing the sick and helpless woman through smoke-filled halls to the open air, the Melbourne brothers returned to save some of her household goods and narrowly escaped being buried under the walls of the kitchen on the second floor, which collapsed just as they entered.

Frank Melbourne fell unconscious from the smoke and was pulled to the window by his brother, where a ladder had been erected. Leindorf ascended to the window and helped John Melbourne carry the victim to safety.

The fire was extinguished after an hour's hard work and the firemen succeeded in preventing the flames from reaching the ships in the bay.

GOV. SOLLOGUB

TRYING TO PUT DOWN REVOLUTIONARY ELEMENT.

RIGA, Jan. 3.—Governor General Sollogub is taking rigorous measures to root out the revolutionary element. Field pieces and quick-firing guns are mounted at strategic points. The railroad men are persisting in the strike owing to the refusal of the authorities to release their arrested comrades.

RICH HAUL

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO GETS GOOD ATHLETES.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—University of Chicago Athletic authorities made one of the richest hauls of prize athletes in the history of western athletics yesterday with the opening of the winter quarter. Seven of the most talented men in this section of the country registered their names as students of the university. The new acquisition are Prince, formerly captain of the Shattuck Military Academy who weighs 230 pounds, and is declared to be a combination of a Shaker and a Bezdek; Taylor who weighs 200 pounds, formerly a star all around athlete at Des Moines and is a full back strongly heralded; Maddigan, the 200 pound guard and all around athlete from Englewood High school; Moody, a star baseball, football and track man from the University of Maine; Dickinson, a pitcher from Tufts; Comstock, a half-miler from Princeton, formerly a star at Hyde Park High school; and Rudolph, a pole vaulter from Crown Point, Ind., an interscholastic champion.

FIREMAN DEAD

BAD RAILROAD WRECK NEAR FAIR FOREST, S. C.

GREENVILLE, S. C., Jan. 3.—A through freight on the Southern railway was wrecked near Fair Forest, S. C., today. Engineer J. A. Lucas of Greenville and a colored fireman were killed. Others of the crew were fatally injured. A washout apparently caused the wreck.

BIG WAVES

DROVE PASSENGER STEAMER FROM ITS COURSE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Enormous waves compelled the big passenger steamer Statendam to turn back from her course toward America and run toward Europe for five hours on December 26. The steamer arrived here today with several doors smashed, deck fixings ripped up and her purser painfully injured, all witnesses to her attempt to run head-on against the storm when the waves rose over her bows to a great height falling on the decks with crushing force. The steerage cabins had six inches of water in them when the steamer turned about. For five hours the waves chased the liner, piling up so threateningly on her stern that Captain Roggevun kept on running away in order to quiet the passengers' fears. He was given a vote of thanks by the passengers when the steamer arrived in port.

Peptiron Pills

Ironize the blood, feed nerves and brain, tone the stomach and digestion, give restful sleep. Especially recommended in nervousness and anæmia. Chocolate-coated, pleasant to take. 50c. and $1. Druggists or mail.

Hood's Pills Act on the liver and bowels, cure biliousness, constipation, morning and sick headache, break up colds, relieve uncomfortable fullness after dinner. Pills cathartic. 25c.

If Made by HOOD It's Good

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Effectual. Ladies, ask for Druggists for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Square, Phila., Pa.

BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Wall Paper

—AT—

97 Appleton St.

WASHING FLUID COMPOUND

Potash, Sal. Tartar, Ammonia and Borax

20c Can will make 2 gallons Fluid

CARTER & SHERBURNE

CUT PRICE DRUGGISTS

Merrimack, Cor. Bridge Street

MUCH BLOODSHED

300 Were Killed and Wounded Near Lubertzi

MOSCOW, Jan. 3.—According to the stories in circulation here the number of shoemaker executions of revolutionists is large. Mr. Smith, an Englishman and proprietor of machine works here, which were accidently burned yesterday, says he personally witnessed a number of executions. When the "Dmitrovsky" (revolutionary) garrison of the sugar factory surrendered the officer in command of the regular troops picked out the victims who were marched 20 paces in front of a firing squad received a volley and dropped without a struggle. Mr. Smith even says he counted among those present. It is said that the victims were handed over to a firing squad with the command: "Take them to the river" which was tantamount to a sentence and a warrant for their execution.

The clearing of the Riazan line for its Lubertzi which fell prey lightly on the Semionovsky regiment was attended by much bloodshed. The three leaders, Orlofsky, Semionovsky and Ancherff, were captured and shot and over 300 persons are reported to have been killed or wounded.

A newspaper reports that a number of "Dangerous" were placed in coffins and smuggled past the troops in the Presnya district. An officer finally became suspicious a funeral procession was stopped and the casket opened. Inside was found a man and four bombs. Thereafter all coffins were closely scrutinized for explosives.

Wholesale arrests continued to be made here. The prisoners are gathered by the scores in jails and carrying Boxer sticks or swords in cases.

64,000 ON STRIKE

LODZ, RUSSIAN POLAND, JAN. 3.—ABOUT 64,000 MEN ARE ON STRIKE HERE.

THE McNARY CASE

Brought Before the Grand Jury.

BOSTON, Jan. 3.—District Attorney John B. Moran today took up the charge made against Mayor Fitzgerald by Congressman William S. McNary by placing the evidence in the case before the grand jury. These charges against the mayor were made by the congressman on the stump. In effect they alleged speculation for business purposes on the part of Mr. Fitzgerald. The principal witness before the grand jury was Congressman McNary who went voluntarily to the district attorney's office where he was sequestered in private.

McCURDY IS OUT

He Leaves the Mutual Life Company

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Richard A. McCurdy, former president of the Mutual Life Insurance company, and his son Robert H. McCurdy, today resigned as trustees of the Mutual. The resignations were accepted by the board of trustees. This office was the last one remaining together the former president or his son in the company. Charles Peabody, the new president, announced that the report of the Truesdale company which is investigating the Mutual's affairs has not yet been formally taken consideration by the trustees.

PRES. CASTRO

DID NOT INVITE M. TAIGNY TO NEW YEAR'S RECEPTION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.—Cable advices received here today from Caracas bring the news that H. Taigny, the French representative at Caracas was not invited to the New Year's reception at which Pres. Castro received the felicitations of the diplomatic corps. At Paris in view of the withdrawal by the Venezuelan government of the objectionable note of M. Taigny and the promise of Pres. Castro that relations would be resumed, M. Maubourguet, the Venezuelan representative was received with all the honors appropriate to his rank. This latest action on the part of Pres. Castro has been communicated to the French government but what course it will take is not known here.

TEN INJURED

REAR END COLLISION OF FREIGHT TRAINS.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 3.—Ten were injured in a rear end collision between freight trains on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad at Kedzie avenue today.

The men were asleep in the caboose of the first train when in the darkness of dawn the locomotive of the second train crashed into the caboose. The men were all from Wisconsin.

EDWARD ATKINSON'S WILL.

DEDHAM, Jan. 3.—The will of Edward Atkinson, the well-known political economist and statistician of Brookline, who died about two weeks ago was allowed in the Norfolk probate court today by Judge James H. Flynt. The estate which is valued at about $200,000 is left tor-apowll

is left to Mary C. Atkinson, the testator's wife, while the will contains a trust fund provision for the seven children, four sons and three daughters, Edward W., William, Robert W., Chas. H. and Caroline P. Atkinson of Brookline and Mrs. Anna G. Winsor of Newton and Mrs. Mary H. Wadsworth of Boston. The executors of the will are Edward W. Atkinson of Brookline and Ernest Winsor of Newton, who furnished bonds of $250,000.

DIRECTORS ELECTED

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Charles H. Dale, president and Arthur L. Kelly, a director of the Rubber Goods Mfg. Co. today were elected directors of the U. S. S. Rubber Company at the annual meeting of that company in Jersey City.

BRITISH FLEET

Held in Readiness to Destroy Russian Boats

CHARGE MADE BY THE ADMIRAL

Who Commanded Russia's Sea Force

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 3.—The remarkable allegation that the British fleet was held in readiness to destroy the Russian fleet if the battle of the Sea-of-Japan had gone in favor of the Russians is made by Admiral Rojestvensky in a letter published in the Novoe Vremya today with the permission of the minister of marine. Referring to the absolute secrecy of Admiral Togo in regard to the disposition of his forces, Rojestvensky declares that "this was unknown even to the admiral of the British fleet allied with the Japanese who concentrated his forces at Wei Hai Wei in expectation of receiving an order to annihilate the Russian fleet if this the final object of Great Britain was beyond the power of the Japanese."

GERTRUDE REIVY

Saved Lives of Baby Brothers

BOSTON, Jan. 3.—The presence of mind and bravery of Gertrude Reivy, 12 years of age resulted in saving the lives of her two baby brothers in a fire which burned a part of the Reivy home in Roxbury today. The young girl had retired to the room where her brothers were in bed, where, upon opening the door, a mass of smoke rushed out upon her. Hurrying into the room she raised the window and then seizing the children, one by one, dropped them safely to the ground, a distance of eight feet. Then she jumped out herself. Meantime the fire had gained headway and had burned out the lower part of the dwelling.

HATED OFFICIAL

WAS COMPELLED TO RIDE IN A HEARSE.

VIENNA, Jan. 3.—A grewsome example of the antipathy felt by the Hungarians toward the appointees of the crown was furnished last night when the new perfect of Debrezen county arrived at the county seat. He is an old man, and when he saw the rough crowd collected at the station he decided not to leave the train. The crowd, however, recognized him and he was hustled from the car and maltreated.

He was thrown into a hearse that had been provided to convey him from the station to his office and he was badly injured and lost consciousness. After this the crowd carried the perfect to a room which had been prepared with the semblance of the cell of a person condemned to death and left him there. Fears are entertained that the prefect will not recover.

NEW CABINET

WILL SOON BE DECIDED UPON FOR JAPAN.

TOKIO, Jan. 3.—It is stated that a special session of the privy council will be held on Saturday to receive the report of Baron Kotaura, who negotiated the new treaty with China. This will conclude the work of the Katsura cabinet and it is believed that the members of the new ministry will be announced on Monday or Tuesday.

New Year's Day passed here in an extremely tame manner. There is a season tendency everywhere to resume the work interrupted by the war in order to meet the burden of the increased cost of living.

WOMAN MAY DIE

She Was Attacked by Mad Cat

NEW YORK, [illegible] Mrs. Clara [illegible] was bitten by a mad cat [illegible] attacked [illegible] by mad [illegible] stoop [illegible] were fight [illegible] cats, biting for head of [illegible] she did [illegible] The other [illegible] right arm [illegible] face, six [illegible] bit off by a [illegible] escaped [illegible]

JUDGE GASKELL

Refused to Name Receiver for Leighton Co.

BOSTON, Jan. 3.—In the equity session of the superior court today, Judge Gaskell declined to appoint a receiver for the stock brokerage firm of H. R. Leighton & Co., which failed last week [illegible] Mr. Leighton [illegible] Tuesday [illegible] Mr. Leighton [illegible] Mr. Leighton [illegible] Mr. Leighton

SEIZED A FACTORY

Armed Workmen Killed Policemen and Eight Dragoons

RIGA, Livonia, Tuesday, Jan. 2, by courier to St. Petersburg, Jan. 4.—About 5,000 armed workmen before daylight this morning took possession of the Provodnik rubber factory and the military on this message is forwarded are bombarding the factory.

The revolutionists killed the policemen who were guarding the building and murdered eight Dragoons and six gendarmes and wounded 11 others who were sleeping in an adjoining building. One man managed to escape and gave the alarm to the troops two regiments of which were artillery and six quick-firing guns arrived at the scene by daylight. In the meantime the revolutionists had thrown up barracks and a terrific fire was opened by the troops upon these defenses and on the factory. In the midst of the confusion existing as this despatch is written it is impossible to ascertain the number of killed or wounded but many have been killed and over a hundred wounded have already been carried to the hospitals. The soldiers are almost frenzied with fury. The territory in which the factory is located has been picketed off by guards who threaten to kill any person approaching. The correspondent had a narrow escape. He boldly entered the prescribed territory through a side street and was twice fired upon before he had an opportunity to explain.

WORKMEN SURRENDER

LONDON, Jan. 4. A special dispatch received here from Copenhagen today says the workmen who seized the Provodnik rubber factory at Riga on Tuesday, surrendered and delivered up their leaders to the commander of the troops. The prisoners will be tried by court martial.

LIEUT. TAYLOR

HAS BEEN REDUCED IN RANK TEN NUMBERS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4. For remonstrating an under officer to change his seat at a theatre, First Lieutenant Roy T. Taylor of the coast artillery is reduced in rank ten numbers. He was tried by court martial last week, and the verdict was announced yesterday. The offence was committed at a theatre in New London, Conn., where a sergeant of Taylor's company's wife was in uniform, vacated a seat at the request of Lieutenant Taylor.

"It is hoped," stated the decision which is signed by Brigadier General Grant, "that the sentence of the court will leave no doubt in the mind of any one that the uniform of a soldier is a mark of honor, which must be respected in the United States."

It is also stated that a sentence more severe than the one given is warranted.

The theatre incident took place last October. Sergeant Patrick F. Butler of the 123th company coast artillery, which was Taylors' company, was seated in front of his superior officer at the performance. Lieutenant Taylor was not in uniform. Nearby were some friends whom he knew but who were not members of his party. In order to make a vacancy for one of them he told the sergeant to move. His request to the under officer, according to the printed verdict of the courtmartial, was:

"Sergeant, you had better get your ticket changed and get your seat somewhere in the rear," or words to that effect."

Lieutenant Taylor pleaded not guilty to the charge of conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, saying that he had asked the sergeant to move, but that he spoke as one man might to another and did not intend to convey to Sergeant Butler the idea that he was being ordered to move. The court's sentence is that the lieutenant "be reduced in rank 32 files on the lineal lists of first lieutenants of artillery."

PERSONALS

Mr. Pliny E. Brett is confined to the Lowell General hospital by a broken leg.

Miss Margaret Harvey has been visiting Miss Lillian Crouse of Nashua.

Frank Leighton is visiting his parents at Yarmouth, Me.

Solon W. Stevens, Esq., has been secured to address the Maine society, Sons of the American Revolution at Portland on Washington's birthday.

Rev. E. P. Herrick is assisting his brother, Rev. A. H. Herrick, who is holding special revival meetings in Greenfield. The pastor of the Worthen street M. E. church is expected to return to Lowell on Friday.

Geo. R. Kittredge is at present superintending the digging of test pits in the bed of the Nashua river for the foundation of a new dam for the Jackson company.

Dolphis Joyal has been granted a patent on a mechanical device.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank June have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. David Hobart of Brookline, N. H.

Mrs. A. Fakenham and daughter visited Lawrence friends Sunday.

John M. Kilgore, formerly of this city, was tendered a complimentary banquet at Worcester, Monday, by insurance associates.

Undertaker Amedee Archambault has received news that he had successfully passed the examination for embalmer, recently exacted by the state authorities, with a high percentage.

Misses Dolores Gaudette, Florence Mougeau, Maria Albert, Albina St. Hilaire, Rosaline Hebert and Bertha Bellemare returned to St. Anne's academy, Marlboro, yesterday, after passing the holidays with their parents.

Lonce Forth left last night for a trip to New York and Philadelphia.

Etienne Gervais has secured a position as toolmaker in the Charlestown navy yard.

LEFT HOME

YOUTH WAS JOLLIED BY AN ACTRESS.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 4.—Pietro Nassi, 15 years old, made a decided connection at his father's home on Bell street, yesterday. Pietro had been missing since Dec. 17, and at an early hour was hagged down town by a relative and forced to return home.

Soon after he was brought in Pietro started to rough house the place, and with a drawn knife drove all to the street. When the police arrived they found the boy in command of the situation, armed with a razor as well as the knife. He was disarmed, taken to the court and sentenced to the reform school during his minority.

Nassi's long absence from home was due to his infatuation for an actress who was playing an engagement at one of the cheap houses. He thought that she would marry him, because she had been "jollying" him. He begged with tearful eyes that word might be wired her to New York to send him funds with which to join her and become her husband.

A DIVORCE

GRANTED TO MRS. ROBERT GRATZ FELL.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 4.—Mrs. Robert Gratz Fell, couple in nobility, who formerly lived with her husband at his mansion, Chestnut Hill home, Rodeo, is now free to be wooed and to wed again.

The common pleas court has granted Mrs. Fell a divorce from her husband, Miss Ethel R. Abercrombie, an absolute divorce, yesterday, setting her free from her husband from whom she married. The husband did not contest a very vigorous defense was made, and it is said he is not married. The result.

Some of the testimony taken before the master was interesting and sensational that the judge particularly exhibited the tendency to keep it secret. It is thought, however, that Mrs. Fell's testimony dealt with the foibles of one heard of Chestnut Hill and Philadelphia society.

The friends of the young society lady maintained that she is not so narrow-minded as to believe that because one marriage venture failed another attempt would result the same way. They say Mrs. Fell will take a flying trip to Italy to wed Princess de Lucquesa of the royal family, a full cousin of her father, Frank P. Antheyscombe.

HAS $500,000

STAGE FOLK WONDER WHERE ACTRESS GOT MONEY

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—The reported possession of $500,000 worth of real estate by Mabelle Gilman, the actress, over whom W. Lilla Corey, steel trust magnate, and his wife quarrelled, has caused much comment in theatrical circles here.

Just how she came into possession of the valuable realty, and from whom she received it, is a mystery.

The real estate, it is understood, consists principally of property in New York city, and is well leased.

WENT INSANE

MAN HAD BEEN LEFT FORTUNE OF $2,000,000

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Augustus B. Prentice, a lawyer living at 7 West Eighty-second street, was committed to an asylum yesterday, mentally insane. He will have a private cottage at the asylum and his own staff of attendants and a doctor.

Mr. Prentice's condition, according to his private secretary, was brought on by the strain of caring for the fortune of $2,000,000 left him by his father over a year ago.

Mr. Prentice is 38 years old and married. He graduated from Harvard in the class of 1888.

NECK BROKEN

CHICAGO MAN VICTIM OF FOLDING BED.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—Thomas Tinker and his wife were caught while asleep in the ponderous mechanism of a combined cupboard and folding bed, and Tinker was killed. His neck was broken and his spine dislocated.

In the night some part of the contrivance gave way, and without warning the heavy upper portion of the bed fell forward, shutting the sleepers inside. Tinker's head was caught between the mattress and the woodwork and he lay still, unable to move. Mrs. Tinker, after struggling violently, succeeded in extricating herself, bruised and almost fainting. She called for help and the collapsed bed was lifted from the form of her husband, who was then dead.

PEOPLE'S CLUB.

Both branches of the People's club are enjoying a flourishing season. The rooms of the men's branch in the Nesmith building, entrance from John street, under the red light, are nightly the resort of men and boys, who are furnished, free, plenty of good reading and wholesome amusement. The women's branch, at 100 Middle street, Institute building, has similar literary equipment, but its main feature is the classes in dressmaking, plain sewing, cooking and the like. All the rooms are open every week night, and the public is welcome to make free use of them. During December there were more than 600 visitors.

SHE MAY DIE

DORCHESTER WOMAN WAS PROBABLY FATALLY BURNED

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—Mrs. Edward J. Sweeney, about 45 years old, living at 8 Linden street, Dorchester, was so badly burned by the overturning of a lamp in the kitchen of her home last night that she is not expected to recover.

Just how the accident occurred, or when, is not known, for the flames had burned themselves out when Miss Marguerite Sweeney opened the kitchen door and discovered her mother. With remarkable presence of mind the seventeen-old girl quickly notified the people in the flat above, then rushed out into the sleet storm to a patrolman, who sent for the ambulance of station 11. Marguerite also notified Dr. Charles E. Teale, who had Mrs. Sweeney removed to the City hospital.

Mrs. Sweeney's husband, who is a motorman in the employ of the Boston elevated, was asleep when the accident happened, and knew nothing about it until after his wife had been removed to the hospital.

ROUND DEAD

HE WAS A WELL KNOWN AUTHOR.

NEW BEDFORD, Jan. 4.—William M. F. Round, author and prison reform advocate, died at a Cambridge in Acushnet Tuesday night. About two years ago Mr. Round went to Nantucket to live, but he had been at Acushnet a few weeks on account of poor health.

Mr. Round was the owner of a valuable collection of autograph letters of the Bonaparte family, the making of which had extended over many years.

Mr. Round was wont to pride himself that it was he who discovered the genius John Boyle O'Reilly and started him on his literary career.

A simple funeral service was held yesterday afternoon at Bennett's undertaking rooms, Rev. E. Williams officiating. The burial will be in Pennsylvania.

HATHAWAY THEATRE

Madame Avery Strakosch, whose voice is pleasing audiences at Hathaway's new theatre this week, is a member of a family whose names have been written high in the annals of this country's music. Her uncles, Maurice and Max Strakosch, were managers of musical stars who delighted a former generation, and were the pioneer operatic managers in this country. It was Maurice Strakosch who educated Adelina Patti and presented her to the public at the age of eight years. Another brother, Ferdinand, married a sister of Adelina, and is now one of the foremost vocal teachers of Paris. Still another sister, Carlotta, also a singer, "was the pet of the famous diva herself," declares Madame Strakosch, but met with an accident early in life which resulted in a permanent lameness and effectively put a stop to her career, although she sang in several concerts subsequent to the accident. Madame Strakosch headed an opera company for several years and at different times was prima donna of the Boston Ideals, the American Opera Company, and the Clara Louise Kellogg Opera Company. She has a repertoire of 35 operas, singing such roles as Marguerite in "Faust," Carmen, Mignon and others of the same caliber. She is an authority on voice culture and has made a study of this art for years. The rest of the bill is equally strong and every act meets with unstinted applause. Seats may be secured in advance. Telephone 811.

NEW CORPORATIONS.

New England Securities Co.; to deal in securities, etc.; capital, $100,000. President, H. A. Mahr, treasurer, F. W. Sears, clerk, T. J. Graham, all of No. 113 Devonshire street, Boston.

Chas. W. Dailey Corporation; deal in horses, carriages, etc.; capital, $37,000. President and treasurer, C. W. Dailey, Jr., No. 61 Garfield street, Cambridge, Mass.; clerk, H. L. Cummings, No. 21 Court street, Dedham, Mass.

Imperial Automobile Co.; to deal in automobiles; capital, $20,000. President, L. A. Scavens, No. 9 Harris avenue; treasurer, D. J. O'Connell, No. 101 Tremont building; clerk, C. W. Webber, No. 116 Massachusetts avenue, all of Boston.

A. F. Mentzer Co.; to deal in live stock, etc.; capital, $25,000. President, A. F. Mentzer, No. 75 North street; treasurer and clerk, J. F. Mentzer, No. 75 North street, both of Boston.

George E. Wye Co.; to deal in sporting goods; capital, $25,000. President, C. E. Stanwood, Highlandville, Mass.; treasurer and clerk, A. R. Bowers, Needham, Mass.

LIVELY BOWLING

GAME BETWEEN BROWNIES AND FAIRMOUNTS

The celebrated of Brownies-Fairmounts came in the Boulevard duck pin series last night off at the Bowlerome. It was the last evening and the attendance was one of the largest that ever witnessed a game in this city. Every available point from which the game could be witnessed was taken and the enthusiastic rooters of both teams turned out in large numbers.

The Fairmounts seemed to be the favorites, owing probably to the fact that that team was leading the league, but the Brownies' enthusiasts were confident that their quintet would win out and win out they did, for the Brownies won by a score of 1379 to 1375, taking two of the three points. The last game between these two teams several months ago, was productive of record breaking scores and the Fairmounts won but the steady and enjoyable bowling of the members of the Brownies last night was accountable for the signal victory.

WALTER F. KING.

The first string was captured by the Fairmounts by the narrow margin of two pins. The second string, however, was won by the Brownies by 11 pins, the rolling of Tom Kelley adding materially to the victory. The third string proved to be a walkover for the Brownies and the little men won by 39 pins.

To Walter King the Brownies can credit their victory for his wonderful single string of 126 was of the record breaking style, while his total of 330 made him high roller of the evening. Joe O'Brien, also of the Brownies, was second high man with a total of 277, while the single strings of 103 and 101 by Kelley and Dwyer respectively, were productive of high totals.

"Billy" Higgins, one of the star bowlers of the league, put up a single of 100 and a triple of 275 and was high man for the losing side, with "Bob" Fullerton a close second.

Prior to last night's game the Fairmounts were leading the league, but last night's victory places the Brownies in the lead and as the league will come to a close next week there is little or no doubt but that the Brownies will capture the first prize.

The score:

Brownies.

	1	2	3	Tot
Kelley	85	103	75	263
King	89	113	126	328
Moran	82	81	92	256
Dwyer	85	85	101	271
O'Brien	88	85	104	277
Total	429	469	499	1397

Fairmounts.

	1	2	3	Tot
Quinlan	92	83	84	259
Sweeney	89	95	82	266
Coleman	81	84	95	260
Fullerton	87	87	98	272
Higgins	79	96	100	275
Totals	428	445	499	1372

$500,000 IN GOLD.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Announcement was made yesterday that George Golden, agent of the London and River Plate bank has engaged $500,000 in gold for shipment to Buenos Ayres next Thursday, one and one-half million dollars in gold coin was withdrawn from the sub treasury yesterday for shipment either to Mexico or South America.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

Thomas E. Cutler Circle, No. 19, Ladies of the G. A. R. of Newburyport, installed officers Jan. 1st, 1906, for ensuing year. Mrs. Christiana C. Clough of Lowell was the installing officer. After the business was transacted a beautiful opal ring was presented Mrs. Clough, by the outgoing president, Mrs. Mary M. Lowell, who in turn was presented a gold badge by the circle. Then Mrs. Lowell presented each of her working committee a very pretty embroidered centerpiece. Mrs. Thurlow, the incoming president, was presented a bouquet of roses. Refreshments were served to about 150 guests and speeches were made by the installation officer and others.

Post 185, G. A. R., enjoyed a good supper last night in the post hall, Wyman's ex Force, held in honor of the installation of officers. The officers were installed by J. Adams Bartlett. Their names appeared in a recent edition of the Sun. There was a large attendance of veterans. Comrade Bass had charge of the serving.

LOYAL EXCELSIOR LODGE.

Officers chosen by Loyal Excelsior lodge, I. O. O. F., M. U., for the ensuing term of six months were formally installed at the regular meeting of that lodge in Elk's hall last evening and complimentary courtesies were extended to retiring officers. The meeting was largely attended, and the installation services conducted under the direction of district Deputy Edward J. Mackley of Integrity lodge, assisted by his son George E. Mackley, past grand of Integrity, were interesting.

Officers installed are: A. McCaskill, noble grand; A. W. Mowatt, R. S. to noble grand; George Emsley, L. S. to noble grand; James Robinson, noble vice-grand; H. S. Wisher, R. S. to noble vice-grand; Herbert E. Walker, L. S. to noble vice-grand; Frank Robinson, P. S.; R. J. Houston, treasurer; D. Robertson, chaplain; Roger May, warden; E. D. Hoyle, inside guard; Frank Robinson, chief of staff; D. Robinson, auditor.

Following the installation a past grand's certificate was presented to Dougal Robertson, the retiring noble grand of the lodge, and Andrew Mowatt was presented a handsome gold scarf pin with the emblems of the order, having won a debt selling contest. The presentations were made by the district deputy.

FUNERAL FUND

COURT CITY OF LOWELL AGAINST ASSESSMENTS.

An enthusiastic meeting of Court City of Lowell, Foresters of America, was held last night and a lively debate relative to the funeral fund was in order. The proposition to accept the amendment for the assessment of members for the grand court funeral fund, however, was defeated by a decisive vote.

The proposition was put by James J. Gallagher, secretary of the grand court of Massachusetts, but there were many speakers opposed to the measure and it was overwhelmingly defeated. The court has a funeral fund proposition of its own which will probably come before the members for adoption at the next meeting. Assessments under this fund are fixed at 25 cents each quarter, regardless of the number of deaths. The grand court funeral fund assessments are governed by the number of deaths among members of the order each quarter.

Prior to the discussion the following named officers chosen at the previous meeting were installed: James W. McKenna, chief ranger; M. H. Sullivan, sub-chief ranger; Thomas E. O'Day, treasurer; Patrick McGilly, financial secretary; John F. Connolly, recording secretary; Michael Duggan, S. W.; Arthur Normandin, J. W.; John F. Roche, S. B.; Michael Gilligan, J. B.; J. McIntire, trustee for three years. The auditing committee's report, presented after the installation exercises, showed the court's finances to be in a gratifying condition.

The installation exercises were conducted by Deputy Grand Chief Ranger George Shields. Philip Rogers, the retiring chief ranger, was presented a past chief ranger's certificate and jewel.

SILVER SALVER

BEAUTIFUL GIFT FOR GOVERNOR DOUGLAS.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—Gov. Douglas, accompanied by his private secretary, Mr. Buchanan, arrived at the state house early yesterday morning for what was practically his excellency's last official day on Beacon hill. The executive council of 1905 wound its affairs up yesterday. The governor received various committees of the legislature and attended the council meeting.

The feature of the day was the presentation to the governor by the lieutenant governor and the members of the council a magnificent silver salver. Such presentation is not customary and the governor was surprised.

The presentation was made by Lieut. Gov. Guild, governor-elect. He paid high tribute to the worth of the governor as public official and as man. His excellency replied briefly and feelingly and accepted the beautiful gift.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Eugene H. Cantin and Miss Laura A. Bibeault were united in marriage last night at the parochial residence of the Oblate Fathers in Merrimack street. The marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. Joseph Campeau, O. M. I.

The happy couple were attended by Mr. Daniel Perreault and Miss Eugenie Cantin, a sister of the groom. Both of the ladies were becomingly attired in beautiful gowns and were carriage bouquets of bride roses. Following the wedding ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alphonse Bibeault, 513 Wilder street, where a reception was held attended by the immediate relatives of the contracting parties. Congratulations of the heartiest nature to the newly wedded twain were bestowed as they received in the prettily decorated parlor beneath a huge floral wedding bell. A sumptuous collation was provided. There was a large profusion of costly wedding gifts, all useful as well as ornamental. Mr. and Mrs. Cantin left on the 9.25 train for an extended wedding tour and were showered with confetti and good wishes for their future success on their departure from Lowell at the Northern depot by the large number of friends who there assembled. They will be at home to their friends after February 1 at 137 Andover street, Lawrence. The groom will be remembered by many as the son of Mr. Joseph Cantin, the well known janitor, who resides at 45 B street.

HOGAN—MURPHY.

Mr. James A. Hogan and Miss Sarah E. Murphy were married yesterday at 8 o'clock at the chapel of the parochial residence of the Sacred Heart church, Rev. Fr. Smith, O. M. I., the pastor, celebrating the nuptial mass.

Mr. Anthony Hogan was best man and Miss Vera McCluey was bridesmaid. A reception was held at the home of the bride later, only immediate friends and relatives of the young couple attending.

Our Specialty **Fitting Glasses**
New England Optical Co., 232 Merrimack St.

Two Conspicuous Promoters of Railroad Rate Legislation

TWO of the men who have been prominent in the congressional fight over railroad rate legislation and are still foremost in the advocacy of the passage of a bill to regulate freight traffic in the United States are John Jacob Esch of Wisconsin and Charles E. Townsend of Michigan. Both are members of the house of representatives, and they are joint authors of the rate bill that was passed by the lower house at the last session and then taken under consideration by the senate, which failed to act. At the opening of the present session the bill, practically retaining its original form, but somewhat amplified in its provisions, was reintroduced into the house of representatives by its energetic originators.

The inspiration for the proposed measure seems to have been derived from an extract from one of President Roosevelt's messages to the effect that "At the present moment the greatest need is for an increase in the power of the national government to keep the highways of commerce open alike to all on reasonable and equitable terms." In spite of this plain expression of the views held by the executive the leaders showed little disposition to assume the initiative. The Moloch to be overthrown was so mighty that the veterans in the political arena hesitated to begin the attack. The railroad interests, believing themselves impregnable, were not concerned over the prospect. It was at this juncture that the views held by Messrs. Esch and Townsend, both members of the interstate and foreign commerce committee, attracted the attention of their fellows and were eventually embodied in the measure reported by the majority of the committee.

The report of the committee favoring the consideration of the measures proposed by Messrs. Esch and Townsend produced a real sensation. The opposition pronounced it revolutionary. Railroad magnates, corporation lawyers and the army of allied interests held up their hands in well simulated horror at the threatened invasion of vested rights. Elaborate briefs and arguments, both oral and in writing, were constructed and sent in by corporation lawyers to the committees of both house and senate. A battalion of eminent legal talent, railroad presidents and lesser officials by the score, the convincing and well oiled lobby and all those who had been sharers in corporate prosperity joined hands in a mighty effort to stifle the new possibility which seemed to threaten.

The principal argument urged in favor of noninterference seems to have been the ancient "Let well enough alone." It was urged earnestly and not without effect that since prosperity had settled upon the country in such an unmistakable fashion it would be the climax of folly to risk such an experiment as legal direction of transportation. These arguments of special interests were not without their influence. At times they were so potent as almost to disarm suspicion and nullify agitation.

But the seed of public discontent had been sown and the germinating process was going on. The Esch-Townsend bill was passed by the house with a celerity that must have been a shock to the railroad lobby. Of course the case was not desperate. The congress was drawing to a close, and the senate, a deliberative body in more ways than one, would do nothing precipitate. There was every prospect that the upper house would do nothing immediate and adjournment was close at hand. What might not happen before the obnoxious measure could be brought before the next congress?

Several things happened, some of them not at all to the liking of those who were preparing to throttle the attempt to reform railway abuses. The outcome of the beef trust investigation, the actual conviction and punishment of some of the offending packing house officials, was a blow to the railway interests. The participation in the fraudulent rebate methods of the workers was well established and made no friends for them. The idea of popular appeal at once became an absurdity. The startling disclosures brought about by the investigation of the insurance companies strengthened the popular willingness to have the railroads curbed by the strong hand of the government.

CHARLES E. TOWNSEND.

JOHN JACOB ESCH.

Charles E. Townsend, member of congress from the Second district of Michigan, has achieved more fame during his short career in congress than comes to most men after a lifetime in the public service. He was elected to the Fifty-eighth congress and at once became conspicuous for his advocacy of rate legislation. His first speech in the house produced a decided impression, and he was recognized as a man of deep convictions and endowed with the power of defending his views in a logical manner.

Although he might easily be mistaken for forty, Mr. Townsend has passed the half century mark. His smooth shaven face shows the lines of the deep thinker and student of men and motives. For many years a lawyer of standing, he has mastered the subject of railroad management, not only from the point of view of a congressman, but as one of the counsel retained by the state of Michigan in the conduct of railroad cases. For the three years previous to his election he was engaged almost exclusively in this phase of his profession.

One of the cases which gave Mr. Townsend an admirable opportunity to become acquainted with railroad methods in his own state was that of the Michigan Central against the state auditor. Mr. Townsend was employed by the state, which was trying to collect the taxes levied against the contesting corporation. The railroad interests contended that the law under which they were taxed was unconstitutional, and they fought the state with all the forces they could summon. In order to show that the road had been assessed properly, Mr. Townsend made an inventory of its property in the state and had it appraised. The state triumphed and the successful lawyer was soon elected representative. He is a native of his district and was educated at the University of Michigan.

Congressman John Jacob Esch, who in connection with Mr. Townsend had the distinction of furnishing a name for the most important measure introduced into congress during the last session, is a native of Wisconsin. He was born in 1861, near Norwalk, Monroe county, and is of German parentage. At the age of four the family removed to Sparta, where the boy attended the public schools. He was graduated from the high school in that town and later from the State university at Madison. Mr. Esch taught school for three years, afterward taking up the study of law. He finished the course at the university law school in 1882 and at once became active in politics, being elected to several local offices. Subsequently he settled in Lacrosse, which is still his home. Mr. Esch is now serving his fourth term in the house of representatives, beginning with the Fifty-sixth congress. In Wisconsin the matter of regulating railroad rates has passed from the theoretical stage into actual practice. During the rate war agitation in Wisconsin Mr. Esch was one of Governor La Follette's ablest supporters.

TRUMAN A. ELTON.

McDERMOTT IS DEAD

His Death Not Caused by a Blow

Patrick McDermott, who formerly resided at 185 Adams street, was taken to the city hospital yesterday afternoon in a dying condition. At first it was thought that he had received internal injuries from a kick in the stomach, for at times he said he had been kicked by some Poles in John street, Monday afternoon. This statement, however, seemed to be a little far fetched, because upon an examination by the superintendent of the hospital it was found that the man was suffering from tuberculosis.

To a Sun reporter the superintendent said: "Mr. McDermott is slowly dying. He may have been kicked in the stomach as he says but his present condition would indicate a long period of illness not due to any such injury. I cannot get any rational statement from him. At times he seems to be all right, at others his mind wanders."

HIS LEG CRUSHED

Man Was Drawn Under a Train

WORCESTER, Jan. 4.—Drawn under a passing freight train by the air, John Magill, aged 24, of 80 Canterbury street, at the Hammond street crossing of the Boston & Albany railroad yesterday afternoon lost his left leg.

Magill is an employe of the F. E. Reed company on Gold street and was on his way home to dinner. He used the tracks as a short cut. Yesterday while walking briskly toward his home, he saw a freight train approaching. He stepped to one side and proceeded.

When the first cars had passed, him he felt himself being drawn with irresistible force toward the train. He fought with desperation to get out of reach of the suction, but was unable to do so.

One of the railroad men said that at times the suction from even slow-moving trains was great enough to lift a man bodily and draw him beneath the wheels.

This is not due as much to the speed of the cars as to the condition of the wind, he added. If there are air eddies that are caught at the proper angle, it is next to impossible to release one's self.

EXTEND STRIKE

PLAN OF THE HOUSESMITHS' UNION.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Officers of the Housesmiths' and Bridgemen's union announced yesterday that an effort will be made to extend the strike of the structural iron workers to all big cities throughout the country. The strike is for an increase of pay from $4.50 to $5 a day. The independent employers have granted the increase, but the Iron league, representing 70 of the large building employing firms in the country, has refused to grant the demands.

SAVES $40,000

MAYOR FITZGERALD GETS AFTER PAY ROLLS.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—An official list prepared in the mayor's office was given out last night containing the names of those in the city employ who under the Whelton administration received an increase in their salaries.

On Tuesday it was announced that the mayor had ordered all to be placed back on the pay roll at the same salary that they were receiving prior to September 16.

In many cases these increases were for men getting comparatively small wages, such as $14, 15 and $18 per week, but in some instances the increases amounted to $200, $300 and $400 per annum.

The approximate total of the increases which Mayor Fitzgerald put a crimp in is $40,000, and the number affected is 175.

LOVE OR DEATH

Girl Swallowed Corosive Sublimate Tablets

LYNN, Jan. 4.—"Doctor, I can't live without anybody to love me. Charley doesn't like me any more since I lost my good looks. My father and mother are dead; my health is gone. I want to end it all."

Groaning on the floor, suffering from the effects of poison self administered, Maud Paris, 24, a vaudeville actress whose real name is Maud Goodchild, gasped this to Dr. J. B. Marth as he worked over her prostrate form at 42 Silsbee street at 6.30 o'clock Tuesday night.

The girl had swallowed two tablets of corrosive sublimate intended for external application.

When the stomach pump got to working at Lynn hospital and the fog lifted from the melancholy young woman's brain she denied that she had tried to kill herself.

She said she took the tablets in a last desperate effort to restore her health so she could go back on the stage.

John Donahue, formerly of Central Falls, R. I., the keeper of the boarding house where the girl took the tablets, said he does not know much about her.

A package of love letters found in her room indicated that her affection for a young romantic actor was not reciprocated.

When the young actress recovers from the effects of the poison she will be urged to tell the mystery of her life. She formerly lived at Swampscott. Her parents are dead. Beyond this her history is unknown.

CHRISTMAS TREE

GREEK GIRLS ENJOY ONE AT THE MANN SCHOOL.

The Greek education committee of the Molly Varnum D. A. R. gave a Christmas tree party last evening to the 12 faithful Greek girls who have been studying very hard at the Mann evening school. Mrs. C. M. Williams was chairman of the committee on arrangements. The entertainment was held at the Mann school, and was under her special direction.

The meetings of the sewing class are held every Wednesday evening, and it is more than marvelous the progress they have made. Each and every one of them seems to be deeply interested in the work before them.

The arrangements for last night's entertainment went along without the knowledge of the girls, and when they were about to leave for their respective homes they were invited to the lower room. Here they found the Christmas tree and they were genuinely surprised, but when the pleasurable gifts were passed out, the young girls were very much pleased.

THIS BEAUTIFUL CALENDAR

FREE

The accompanying illustration is reproduced from our 1906 calendar, unquestionably the finest of all the beautiful calendars we have issued.

It is the work of the celebrated artist Carle J. Blenner, and is considered one of the best of Mr. Blenner's paintings.

Our reproduction, 21x28 inches, has been made in 14 colors. The lithographic work has been so perfectly executed on fine, calendared, heavy paper, that the effect is that of a real oil painting.

We are giving this calendar as a premium to each person who sends us 30c in stamps or silver, for one years's subscription to "CLOVER," our 32-page monthly magazine.

The regular subscription is 25c; the extra 5c is to cover the cost of wrapping and mailing calendar.

"CLOVER" is a big "hit", full from cover to cover of "good things." It makes you laugh and again, it makes you think. Send 30c now as this offer may not appear again in this paper.

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DERBY & MORSE

HURT IN RUNAWAY

MAD DASH OF "TOM" KELLEY'S HORSES THROUGH CENTRAL STREET.

Thomas H. Kelley Had Narrow Escape From Death

City Auditor Charles D. Paige and Thomas H. Kelley, the well known pawnbroker of Middlesex street, had a narrow escape from being killed in a wild runaway accident in Central street last evening about 5 o'clock. The escape of the men was miraculous. Pedestrians who witnessed the runaway expected every moment to see both men dashed to the ground and killed or seriously injured. Mr. Kelley was thrown from the carriage and was badly hurt, while Mr. Paige, who was also thrown out, escaped injury.

Mr. Kelley was enjoying a ride behind a pair of spirited animals attached to a swell rubber tired, cane bodied carriage, which was once the property of Mr. Alfred E. Rose. While passing Tower's corner Mr. Kelley met Mr. Paige and invited the latter to have a ride.

The horses came prancing down the street at an ordinary pace, when about opposite the New American house the forward axle of the carriage snapped, the carriage was suddenly heaved toward the sidewalk and both occupants were thrown out, one wheel having collapsed.

Mr. Kelley struck the pavement heavily and lay there. He was stunned. Mr. Paige was more fortunate. His fall was broken by his body coming contact with Mr. Kelley. He arose quickly. When the carriage went down the horses lolled toward the sidewalk. The carriage was dragged along until it came in contact with a hitching post and then it was overturned and partially demolished.

At this point the other forward wheel snapped off and rolled out into the car tracks, and the pole to which the horses were attached snapped off. The horses becoming frightened made a wild jump and dashed down the street at a furious rate of speed.

There were many carriages lined up on either side of the street, with other wagons and carriages passing through the street while pedestrians were crossing and people who witnessed the accident and saw the infuriated animals dash down the street momentarily expected to see the animals collide with some vehicle or else run over somebody, but fortunately the animals cleared every obstacle until the corner of Central and Merrimack streets was reached where crowds of people were congregated. People on the sidewalk rushed in every direction as they did not know which way the horses would go or whether they would take to the sidewalk.

The horses did not turn but continued their mad flight straight for the windows of the Five and Ten Cent store, but as the horses were crossing the electric car tracks one of the axels made slipped and fell. The other horse followed and before they could regain their feet officers Hart, Ryan and Lane had them by the heads and the danger was over.

Mr. Kelley was taken in the ambulance to St. John's hospital, where it was found that he had sustained severe bruises but no broken bones.

Later in the evening his family physician, Dr. James F. Loughran, ordered his removal to his home on Middlesex street.

The horses were scratched but not seriously injured but the carriage was badly wrecked.

FEAR FOUL PLAY

Friends Cannot Find Joseph St. Clair

WAS LAST SEEN AT ROCHESTER

He Made Visit to Several Saloons

ROCHESTER, N. H., Jan. 4.—Anxiety is felt in this city for the safety of Joseph St. Clair, 27, portable sawmill owner and framing contractor, who is cutting and hauling the timber from two large wood lots in New Durham and who has not been seen by any of his acquaintances since the evening of Dec. 27.

Mr. St. Clair left his camps Saturday afternoon after paying his men their week's wages, and went to Amesbury, Mass., to visit his family over Sunday. He returned as far as this city Monday evening and remained over night. He had two men with him whom he had employed. One was a short man, who has worked for him before. The other was tall, and, it is thought, a new hand. No one here knows their names. Mr. St. Clair remained in Rochester Tuesday. He was in several saloons, and both men were with him. In a Factory court saloon he is said to have shown a good sized roll of money. Tuesday morning the three men called at the house of Frank Cooley in Factory court. Cooley worked for St. Clair last fall at Middleton and New Durham, and St. Clair wanted Cooley to go back to work, but no bargain was made. Late in the afternoon St. Clair returned to Cooley's house with the tall man, and he was considerably under the influence of liquor. Mrs. Cooley asked him to remain with them that night, but he declined, saying that he had got to be at his camp in the morning and intended to leave for New Durham on the 7 o'clock train. He left the house shortly after 6.

Mr. Cooley says that he saw St. Clair and his companions in a saloon on South Main street about an hour later, after the New Durham train had gone, and he went in and spoke to him. St. Clair had apparently forgotten his plan to return to camp and Mr. Cooley left him in the saloon. That was the last he saw of St. Clair. He says he has since heard that St. Clair got in to a fight while here, but whether it occurred that night he did not know. He also heard that St. Clair finally started to walk to New Durham with his men.

Charles Langley, owner of one of the woodlots on which St. Clair is at work, went there yesterday and said that neither Mr. St. Clair nor his companions have been seen there.

St. Clair's friends here fear that he has either met with foul play or has wandered into the woods and frozen to death.

MAN KILLED

MUCH DAMAGE DONE BY WIND STORM IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—Thomas D. Henderson was killed by a falling sign, a score of persons were injured and $20,000 worth of property was destroyed by a wind storm which struck Chicago last night. It blew 60 miles an hour. In every part of the city pedestrians were struck by flying signs or falling chimneys. Along the North shore trees were uprooted.

In South Chicago an open hearth furnace under course of construction by the Illinois Steel company was blown down at a loss of $20,000.

TEWKSBURY

Mr. Eliot Fleming's who has been teaching at the North school has accepted the position of principal at the Foster school.

Mr. John Gale, Jr., has passed the civil service examination, to be a letter carrier.

Geo. Ames is planning to build a summer residence on Prospect hill, commanding a fine view of all the surrounding country. Already the road which is to lead up to the site of the residence has been begun.

The Centre Whist Club met again last evening at the home of Mr. Harold Patten.

The Women's guild met yesterday afternoon in the vestry and made further plans for the food sale, to be held on

BROKE HIS LEG

Kelley Got It Repaired by Carpenter

[illegible] Michael Kelley of [illegible] Broadline, broke [illegible] attempting to board a [illegible] A day on the ground [illegible] stood against [illegible] around so that the [illegible] the leg thought to be [illegible] shrieked for a physician [illegible] but there was no [illegible] on Kelley's face. He [illegible] on the ground with [illegible]

His friends detected a faint [illegible] the corner of "Mike's." The friend was able to [illegible] Kelley's broken limb [illegible] of wood, but the [illegible] and they attributed the [illegible] Michael's being unable to yield [illegible] of paralysis.

[illegible] hurry [illegible] exhibited a sympathetic [illegible] index of women [illegible] Yes, for goodness [illegible] for the man.

A woman held a dainty [illegible] to her eyes, and [illegible] Evan Kelley's friend could [illegible] So he shouted to the policeman.

"Take Mike into a carpenter's shop [illegible] few nails or a spike and you can fix the leg all right, for, you bet, the leg is made of wood!"

Mike opened his eyes while and looked up at the sound of the familiar voice. So the crowd fell away with cheerful looks, while Mike, with one leg going one way and the other looking as though it were ready to start in the opposite direction, hobbled into a carpenter's shop, and pretty soon started for home.

Kelley owns that trolley car and his buggies, for a few years and he lost the leg replaced by a wooden one in much the same manner.

DENIED BURIAL

RELATIVES OF DEAD MAN SUE FOR $100.

NEW BEDFORD, Jan. 4.—Because the congregation of Mishaath Achim refused to bury his brother, Morris Lipson has put an attachment on the property belonging to the congregation in the sum of $100.

Lipson sues in the capacity of administrator of the estate of his brother, Samuel Lipson, who committed suicide some little time ago. According to the plaintiff, the congregation to which his brother belonged, refused to bury the deceased on at least to allow the body to be buried in the cemetery belonging to the congregation on account of debts he owed.

[illegible] the prerogative of membership in the congregation, it is understood, is that the deceased shall receive a proper burial in Hebrew ground. But the wishes of the deceased, it is alleged by several Lipsons.

His brother [illegible] brings suit to recover from the congregation of Ahabath Achim the amount expended for funeral expenses.

BURNS A WINNER

Lowell Man Did Excellent Shooting

[illegible]

Tracy	[illegible]	20	20	20	20	[illegible]
Gillette	[illegible]	20	18	19	19	[illegible]
Everett	[illegible]	19	19	20	19	18
Kirkwood	[illegible]	20	18	19	18	19
Smith	[illegible]	20	17	19	18	19
Gleason	[illegible]	18	18	19	18	19
Frank	[illegible]	19	20	17	17	18
Bole	[illegible]	17	17	19	19	17
Whelan	[illegible]	16	19	18	19	20
Carey	[illegible]	19	16	15	15	20
Weeks	[illegible]	19	18	18	15	17

MAIL BURNED

WORCESTER, Jan. 4.—The large wooden block in the lower town of Worcester, owned by the Rochdale Hill company and occupied by Frank D. Tucker, contractor and general storekeeper was burned last night, with all contents, including mails.

The loss on building is set at $12,000 with $8,000 insurance. The loss on contents is set at $900, with $600 insurance.

The fire started in the cellar from an unknown cause. The block was built to replace one burned 10 years ago.

Light Chat

Days are short and light irregular, nights long and giving plenty of time to do lots of little things that are cropping up from time to time. Now what is necessary to balance up these at an average long nights? A simple answer, a good light. But what is a good light? We will name two of them:

A BARKER AIR LIGHT, exceptionally fine burner, very powerful light, complete with mantle and globe for 75c.

THE WHEDERHOLD INVERTED LIGHT, throws the light down instead of up mantle will stand a great amount of vibration, excellent light for any purpose, complete for $1.50.

BARKER MANTLES, giving clear, powerful light, made to last, fully guaranteed, great bargain for 25c.

GAS PORTABLES, in many patterns styles and prices. If you want light, we have it.

H. R. BARKER MFG. CO.

158-170 Middle Street

THE NIGHTS ARE LONG AND DARK.

NOW IS THE TIME YOU MOST NEED THE

People's Safety Lantern

CONSTRUCTED OF THE VERY BEST MATERIAL AND HAS A PATENTED NON-SPILLING OIL RESERVOIR. IT WILL PAY YOU TO SEE THEM.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central Street

6c BUTTERINE 6c

CALUMET BUTTERINE

COSTS ONLY HALF AS MUCH AS BUTTER

Prints—12 1-2c lb., 2 lbs. for 25c
Tubs—10c lb.

Special for Friday and Saturday—Corned Beef 5c Lb.

Fancy Staples, 6c

Best Large Flake Rice..... 6c lb.
10c pkg. Macaroni, Blue Cross Brand 6c
Pearl Tapioca .....6c pkg.
Best Mince Meat .....6c pkg.
Boneless Codfish .....6c lb.
Qt. bottle Best Ammonia..... 6c
Uncle Jerry's Pancake Flour.... 6c

Special

Wetmore's Gelatine .. 6c pkg.
Wetmore's Grated Cocoanut 6c pkg.
Wetmore's Prepared Pudding, 6c pkg.
Can Baker's Cocoa 6c
1c pkg. Shetry's Cocoa Shells .. 3c
¼ lb pkg. Emile Ader's No. 1 Premium Chocolate 6c

Choice Bottled Goods, 6c

1 qt. bottle Bluing
1 qt. bottle Ammonia.
1 pt. bottle Worcestershire Sauce.
1 pt. bottle Lime Juice
1 10c bottle Horse Radish.
1 10c glass Honey.

Pure Lard

25 lb pails ..... 9c a lb.
10 lb pails ..... 9c a lb.
5 lb pails .....9½c a lb.
3 lb. pails ..... 9½c a lb.

Teas and Coffees

We recommend these goods to be the finest grade Teas and Coffees. The Teas we formerly sold at 50c to 60c a pound. Coffee formerly 25c and 35c a pound.

Best Japan Tea, 25c lb., 5 lbs. $1.00
Best English Breakfast, 20c lb., 6 lbs. $1.00
Best Assam.....25c lb., 5 lbs. $1.00
Best Formosa Oolong, 25c lb., 5 lbs. $1.00
Best Mocha and Java.....15c lb.
Chase & Sanborn's Pure Coffee, 20c lb.

Green Mountain Potatoes 20c Peck

Choice Canned Goods

2 lb. cans Best Pears.....3 for 25c
2 lb. cans Best Plums.....3 for 25c
Challenge Milk .....3 cans for 25c
Blue Hill Boned Clams, 3 cans for 25c
2 lb. cans Best Peaches.....12c can
Best Strawberries .....10c can
Best Raspberries .....12c can
Best Blueberries .....12c can
Best Karo Corn Syrup.....3 for 25c

N.Y. State Hand Screened Pea Beans 6c Qt.

Van Camps New Soups 6c

Tomato, Mock Turtle, Chicken, Bouillon, Julienne, Oxtail, Consommé, Beef, Vegetable, Mulligatawney

Canned Goods, 6c

Best Strawberry Preserves
Best Crystal Spring Baked Beans
Best Baby Quick Sugar Corn.
Best Golden Wedding Green Peas
Best High Grade String Beans
Best Greda Blackberries.
Best New England Marrow Squash
Best Easter Lisbon Mustard.

Cereals

Buckeye Oats ..... 8c pkg.
Mother's Oats ..... 8c pkg.
Quaker Oats ..... 8c pkg.
Hawkeye Oats ..... 8c pkg.
Malta Vita 6c
Cero Fruto 6c
Zest with decorated cup or saucer 10c

Starch

Best Corn Starch, 5c pkg.: 6 pkgs. 25c
Best Lump Starch, 3 lbs. for.....10c
10c pkg. Ivory or Diamond Finish Starch 6c

Choice Fresh Meats

Legs of Lamb.....10c and 12c lb.
Best Ham..... 10c and 11c lb.
Legs of Veal.....10c and 12c lb.
Forequarters Veal.....7c and 8c lb.
Rump Butts.....9c and 10c lb.
Best Sirloin Roast Beef.....12c lb.
Best Rib Roast Beef....8c to 12c lb.
Best Rump Steak....15c and 18c lb.
Best Sirloin Steak.....15c lb.
Best Round Steak, 2 lbs for....25c
3 lbs. Best Pork Sausage for....25c
3 lbs. Best Frankfurts for.....25c
Best Liver .....5c lb.
3 lbs. Good Round Steak.....25c

Short Cut Legs Lamb 10c lb.

9c Extra Special 9c

Choice Alaska Salmon..... 9c
A. & B. Loggie's Blueberries.... 9c
Shute & Merchant Gold Wedge Brand Shrimp 9c
White Delay Plums 9c
Swan Cove Brand Clams..... 9c

Fresh Killed Chickens 14c and 15c lb.

Pure Spices, 6c

¼ LB. CARTONS.

Cream Tartar, Cloves, Black Pepper, Allspice, White Pepper, Cassia, Dry Mustard, Al. Ginger, Whole Spice, 20 Nutmegs

Choice Pure Extracts, 6c

Strawberry, Lemon, Vanilla, Lemon, Wintergreen, Peppermint, Raspberry, Vanilla, Lemon

Lard

Cudahy's Blue Ribbon Compound Lard best in the market
25 lb. pails.....6½c lb.
5 lb. pails.....7c lb.
3 lb. pails.....7c lb.

Sardines

Fresh American Sardines, 4c box, 8 boxes for 25c
Gold Wedge Brand Fancy Sardines, 1lb size, 7c a box; 4 boxes for 25c

Butter

Best Vermont Creamery—
Prints ..... 27c lb.
5 lb. boxes..... $1.25

Soaps

6 bars Ivory Soap.....25c
8 bars of Armour's Lighthouse (regular 5c soap).....25c
10 bars People Soap.....25c
7 bars Good Will.....25c
7 bars G. E. Marsh Co. Naptheil Soap 25c

7 Bars Swift's White Floating Soap for 25c

Smoked Shoulders 8c lb.

Sugar, 5c lb

Special on Flour for This Week

B. M. C., Ben Hur, G[illegible]
Peacock Ame[illegible]
Best Pa[illegible]

392-3

John F. Saunders

THE LOWELL SUN

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

The Sun receives the full day service of THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, the greatest news gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1905 was

14,829

Sworn to by John H. Harrington proprietor, Martin H. Raidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1906. JOHN J. ROGAN, Notary Public.

☞ This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞ An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE-THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

ANNEX THE TOWN OF TEWKSBURY

THE MUTUAL INTERESTS OF TEWKSBURY AND LOWELL DEMAND THE ANNEXATION OF THE ENTIRE TOWN OF TEWKSBURY. THE TOWN WANTS CITY PRIVILEGES AND LOWELL WANTS ROOM FOR FUTURE EXPANSION. WE HAVE BUILT UP TO THE TEWKSBURY LINE SO THAT OUR GROWTH IN THAT DIRECTION MUST STOP UNLESS WE ANNEX NEW TERRITORY. WITHOUT NEW TERRITORY CONGESTION WILL FOLLOW TO THE INJURY OF OUR CITY AND OUR PEOPLE.

ANNEXATION WOULD START A BOOM THAT WOULD GREATLY ADVANCE THE PRICE OF REAL ESTATE IN TEWKSBURY AND IN TIME FORM A SOURCE OF REVENUE THAT WOULD FULLY COMPENSATE US FOR SUPPLYING THE TOWN WITH OUR WATER SERVICE, WITH POLICE AND FIRE PROTECTION, SCHOOLS, SEWERS AND STREET IMPROVEMENTS. WERE TEWKSBURY ANNEXED THE GROWTH IN THAT DIRECTION WOULD BE SO RAPID THAT ATHERTON AND WIGGINVILLE WOULD SOON BE THE CENTRES OF THRIVING RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS IN WHICH NEW INDUSTRIES WOULD RISE TO GIVE READY EMPLOYMENT TO THE PEOPLE IN THE VICINITY. IT SEEMS, THEREFORE, THAT THE PUBLIC SPIRITED MEN OF BOTH CITY AND TOWN SHOULD PUSH THE MOVEMENT TO MAKE TEWKSBURY PART AND PARCEL OF OUR CITY.

The new city council got down to business with commendable promptitude. That augurs well for its success during the year.

WEEDING OUT THE SHYSTERS

The New York Sun referring to divers reforms that have been inaugurated of late touches upon some improvements made in the journalistic field in that metropolis thus:

"Finally, passing over certain examples in law as it is practised, let us call attention to our own profession as it is practised in New York. Certain jackals, feeders on dead scandal, who hang on the fringe of journalism, are in a fair way to be separated not only from the newspaper business, but from their personal liberty.

"The graft, the blackmail and half blackmail carried on for years by men who correspond to 'shysters' in law and quacks in medicine have been sheared off with a great suddenness."

THE ISSUE NOT DEAD.

The New York Tribune designates Canadian reciprocity as a "dead issue," but if Henry M. Whitney runs upon a reciprocity platform next year he will probably be elected. The issue is not dead despite the effort of Lodge and other republicans to consign it to an untimely grave.

Whitney came so nearly defeating Draper that his vote alarmed republicans throughout the nation. Even the president showed his ill temper over it in accusing Whitney of misrepresenting him while two men who accompanied Whitney in the interview in which the president claimed to have been misquoted, insisted that Whitney did not misrepresent the president.

Whitney has resigned as president of the Boston chamber of commerce in order to be able to give more time to the reciprocity movement and if he runs next year for lieutenant governor on the same issue he will stand a first class chance of election. His election as governor or even as lieutenant governor might convince the New York Tribune and some republican bosses that the reciprocity issue is taking on new life instead of sinking into oblivion.

AMAZING MOTH RAVAGES IN MEDFORD.

The Medford Mercury has issued an illustrated volume showing the ravage of the gypsy and brown tail moths in that town and certainly nobody who had not seen the trees pictured could have any conception that such a state of devastation could be worked by any moth pest.

Some splendid oak trees are literally covered with nests on the extreme tips of the branches, while in other cases the trunks of large trees literally swarm with the caterpillars.

The defoliation of trees by the fully developed moths is amazing in its completeness and extent. Speaking of the extent of the damage done in the streets and thoroughfares of Medford alone, the Mercury says that 1161 apple trees have been destroyed and 1196 trees of various other kinds. Here is a striking instance cited of the power of tree destruction possessed by these pests:

"In Walter C. Wright's wood lot on Fulton street, of the 359 trees that were yet standing early in July, all but 39 trees which are mostly yellow pine, were defoliated and of the 340 defoliated trees 182 are dead, including 154 pine trees, most of them very tall, white pine trees and many of these of quite large size. Of the 178 defoliated trees other than pine trees left, many will not long survive the effects of the ravages of the moths to which they have been subjected during the past three years."

When trees are closely covered with moth nests it is a very difficult task [illegible] the clear them off by hand. The most approved method of destroying them [illegible] lieving spray the nests with creosote or crude oil, both of which are deadly to [illegible] not co[illegible] or caterpillars in the nest state. The price of crude oil being ten [illegible] was at [illegible] at wholesale or fifteen at retail brings it within reach of all [illegible] by Ma[illegible] and most effective weapon for the destruction of the gypsy [illegible] [illegible] upon the destructiveness of the moth pests. It is [illegible] guard well against any such moth ravages as [illegible] is expected to look closely after these [illegible] the consideration of the measures proposed by Messrs. Rich and Townsend [illegible] for the purpose it is the duty of [illegible] produced a real sensation. The opposition must be fought off at any cost, as to [illegible] might mean the eventual decay of our city.

SEEN AND HEARD

Mary had a little waist
Where waists are meant to grow,
And everywhere the fashions went
Her waist was sure to go.

Last Sunday was the 52d Sunday of the [illegible] which will not happen again for [illegible] years. This was [illegible]

[illegible] of Dr. B. Colman A. Cox did not forget the newspapermen when he distributed his [illegible] Christmas. The gift book comes in handy and is [illegible] as any [illegible] issued by the [illegible]

The new building of the Mathew Temple [illegible] is attracting great attention. The hall is said to be one of the [illegible] in the [illegible]

It is said that the St. Patrick's day committee, which will meet on Sunday, Jan. 14, will vote against a parade this year but will decide upon some suitable observance of the day.

John P. Kinsella, the well known Hibernian, will, I am told, be chosen a delegate to the national convention of the A. O. H. The Boy State delegates will try to make Mathew Cummings, at present state president, national president of the A. O. H.

Among the many invited guests present at the dedicatory ball of the Mathew Institute Monday evening was Judge Hadley, who occupied a seat in the balcony. The venerable judge has always taken a keen interest in the Mathews and he was pleased at the showing the society made in the erection of such a structure, and complimented the officers and members whom he met.

The women of Reed's Ferry, N. H., are not out much nights of late without escorts and the escorts are carrying loaded canes, all because of a big bear which visited the home of Daniel Bean the other evening. Mrs. Bean heard something prowling about the windows as she was at work about the kitchen. Thinking it was a man, she called her husband. When the latter went to the door he saw a big bear ambling leisurely away beyond the woods.

A [illegible] in the New York Press makes the estimate of the Christmas trade in that city. Out of a population of 4,000,000 it seems fair to say that 50 per cent made presents. Many men spent $100,000, and one man, at least, put out $1,000,000. Assuming that the average was $5 each, it appears that no less than $10,000,000 was spent on this holiday. Many say that this estimate is exceedingly conservative.

Mike Larkin, the human fly, who is making a tour of the New England and Middle states giving daily exhibitions of cold water swimming, is now in New Haven, where, while the people are shivering on the banks of the river, Mike is swimming around in the cold water, evidently enjoying himself.

Larkin ran up against tough luck in Stamford, Conn., where the chief of police refused him a permit to give an exhibition, but he frequently runs across places of that kind and generally takes the next train or walks to the next city or town where he will be allowed to do his stunt.

The writer has received numerous souvenir postal cards since Larkin left Lowell, and according to reports he is making good wherever he is allowed to swim. His pocketbook, he states, is beginning to grow heavy.

In speaking with "Tom" Garvey, who is president of the Cigar Makers' union, regarding the movement for home industry in the cigar business he said:

"The Cigar Makers' union was organized in Lowell over twenty years ago and though there are more cigars smoked in Lowell than any other city this side of Boston, the idea of smoking cigars which are made here was certainly a thought of the last year. The members of the local union have worked hard for this end.

"The local press has done considerable to help us and considering the few members we have the result of our agitation has been very good. I was told by a wholesale tobacco dealer that during the year of 1905 he handled more Lowell cigars than he has handled in any one year for some time back."

I wish I'd lived long, long ago,
When there were crocodiles in the sea,
And Brownies would have played with me,
And fairy tales were really so.

I'd like on Santa Claus sleigh
Next Christmas Eve to have a hitch,
And, I would love to see a witch
Upon a broomstick ride away.

Of course there still are lots of knights,
And there are princes, too besides,
But nowadays men don't win fairies
By going off on dragon-rights.
I wish I'd lived long, long ago,
When fairy tales were really so.

THE GLOOMY IRISH BACHELOR.

Here, for sure pals, we swear, I'm jaded
Yes, Jerry McGlone.
Treatin' the life of me will be precaution
Ye certain, yes, own
Think of a lass with a permanent disposition of
Looks that are always sweetin' a vexation of
Lemons an' vinegar. There! You've a picture of Jerry McGlone.
Faix, there is nothin' for contrast glorious
In this Jerry McGlone
Chaste as ice, mild as joy, silver dads mean
In the structure of stone
Cupid of gloom is the boy I am, the pride of him
An' if a laugh he's did pierce the hide of him.
Faix, I believe I would immediate be rid of him, change to a groom
Will ye now, an' listen. I'll tell ye the trouble wid Jerry McGlone.
He preferred smoke, pipe rather than dabble wid Molly Malone
Then's of it. Think of an Irishman barrying
Wiade there's a purty girl waiting for marrying?
Arrah! No wonder the devils are harrying
Jerry McGlone.
Ah, but there's few in the race but would come to be Jerry McGlone
Shure we all know that a Celt is not born to be livin' alone.
Oh, but we're grateful (I spake for the entire)
Grateful for women the bountiful Betty Dowers wid beauty an' virtue an' gayety,
All for our own!

TO A HERO

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT WILL PRESENT A MEDAL.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4. President Roosevelt will personally present to Captain Church, now in the medical corps of the army, the medal which is to be awarded him for conduct at La Guasimas, when as assistant surgeon of the Rough Rider regiment he distinguished himself in the face of the enemy's fire. The presentation will take place at the White House on Jan. 16, when there will be present, in addition to President Roosevelt, Secretary Taft, Lieutenant General Chaffee and Surgeon O'Reilly.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

ADAMS

Reliability

UPHOLSTERING

At the Adams work shop on the fourth floor we employ three skilled workmen. To keep them employed we will make you a low price on your work during January or February. Telephone us to send the foreman upholsterer to estimate the cost.

ADAMS & CO.

FURNITURE—RUGS—CARPETS

APPLETON BANK BLOCK 174 Central St.

PUTNAM & SON CO., 166 Central St.

Good Things are Ready for You in the Boys' Room

Boys' Overcoats and Suits, $1.50

A collection of suits to fit boys from 3 years of age to 16. Norfolk suits in large and small sizes. Juvenile suits and two-piece double breast jacket suits—the small ones sold from $3 to $5—the large ones up to $3.

OVERCOATS new cut, long, with half belt in the back, full double breast, dark blue Meltons, sizes 3 years to 16, worth $2.50. All today, suits and overcoats, for $1.50

Boys' Overcoats and Suits, $3.50

In this group are overcoats and suits for boys from 3 years of age to 16. Russian blouse and Eton Norfolk suits, that sold up to $6. Double breast jacket and Norfolk jacket suits—large sizes 3 years to 16 that sold for $5, $6, $8.

LONG OVERCOATS with half belt back, smart Scotch effects, sold up to $6. All new, little and big, marked $3.50

Boys' Overcoats Now $6 Were $10 and $12

Every fine overcoat in stock, all new, cut very long, half belt back, splendidly tailored, made from expensive Scotch cheviot overcoatings—our most expensive garments that sold for $8, $10 and $12. Every coat into one lot and marked $6.00

Will You Pay 19 Cents To Keep the Boy Comfortable?

23 dozens of boys' heavy fleece lined Shirts and Drawers are being closed out in our Boys' Department. Sizes 24 to 34. PRICE TODAY 19c

IN TEXAS

CROWDS OF PEOPLE ARE SEEKING HOMES.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 1.—During the past week more homeseekers from the northern and eastern states have been in south and west Texas than came during the entire season of 1905. Special trains and following sections of regular trains from Kansas City and St. Louis came through to Texas intact. The men and women who are interested in new propositions in the way of lands for homes are coming to Texas now for the reason that there is no other section offering like opportunities.

In addition to the homeseekers and settlers from the states of the Union there is a huge influx of foreigners to this state at this time. They are colonizing the lands in the irrigated section along the Rio Grande river and the big ranches are being divided into farms for their use. A ranch containing 120,000 acres was sold last week to a syndicate of Japanese in New York, who purpose colonizing on it about three hundred Japanese families who will engage in fruit and truck growing. The ranch is irrigable by artesian water supply.

Several colonies of Italians are being arranged for in this section of the state. These will come direct from Naples to Galveston. The Gould lines are inducing this immigration and it is a result in part of the visit that Baron des Planches, the Italian ambassador to the United States, made to this section last spring. Baron des Planches made a most flattering report to his government.

Several colonies of Swedes are being brought to this section of Texas from the northern states. They are induced by the same argument which applies to other citizens of the northern states—cheap lands which in return for the value of the old homes are estates of great extent.

The movement to Texas as the last place where cheap homes may be had in America is already spreading to northern Mexico and the country across the Rio Grande is being taken up and being made into farms by the overflow from South Texas. A ranch containing 250,000 acres in the state of Chihuahua, near the Rio Grande river, has just been sold to an Australian syndicate, who announce that it will be colonized by people directly from Australia. The colonists will arrive in the spring. This land was bought from the Mexican government at a price of fifty cents an acre. The land was sold on long time, the idea of the government of the state being to induce this class of immigration by liberal dealing.

Italians are a disappointment in Mexico, where several colonies have been established. They remove to the towns as soon as possible. The same is true of these people in Texas. The Austrians, however, are good farmers and so far as they have been observed stay where they are located and develop the country.

So determined are the immigrants from abroad and the settlers from the North to have the lands now in pastures for farming purposes that there are very few cattle ranches left in Texas and northern Mexico which are not openly for sale to settlers. The only difficulty in this is that the tracts are for sale only in large bodies. This makes syndicating and colonizing necessary.

The best of music at the Dragons.

FAILURES

9,950 DURING THE YEAR OF 1905.

The total number of failures in business in the United States for the calendar year 1905, according to Bradstreet's, this compilation being made since the year ended, was 9,950, a decrease of 3.3 per cent. from 1904, but an increase of 2 per cent. over 1903, about the same number as in 1902, and 6.1 per cent. less than in the year 1901. The increase in number over 1899, the most favorable year of the past generation so far as number goes, is 3.4 per cent. The average number of failures yearly, from 1899 to 1904, inclusive, was 10,060, so it will be seen that the 1905 total is almost 1 per cent. below the average.

The liabilities of the individuals, firms and corporations failing in 1905 aggregated $121,770,668, a decrease of 15 per cent. from 1904, of 21 per cent. from 1903, and of 6.4 per cent. from 1901, but a gain of 15 per cent. over 1902, which saw the smallest aggregate of liabilities reported since 1899. The assets for 1905 aggregated $65,200,859, which was 53.5 per cent. of the liabilities, as against 53.1 per cent. in 1904, 54.5 per cent. in 1903, 48 per cent. in 1902 and 45.9 per cent. in 1901.

BASEBALL

Ball players all over the country are waiting for their 1906 contracts with more than usual eagerness, for an unconfirmed rumor is in circulation that many salaries will be greatly reduced. During the war between the two big leagues players' salaries were boosted to the skies. It was frequently the case that some of the National league players did not jump to the American league before they had received guaranteed contracts for two or three years, calling for as much as $6,000 or even $8,000 a year. Nearly all of those contracts expired last fall, and as the rival magnates are at peace under the provisions of the national agreement, they feel at liberty to offer lower terms to the high class performers. While there is no salary limit in vogue in the two big leagues, it will not be at all surprising if they reach an agreement of this kind before another year. It was not so many years ago that the National league, when it was a twelve club monopoly, had a limit of $2,100, which was finally abolished because the club owners themselves could not live up to the terms of it. Then came the baseball war and a general demand on the part of the players for salaries that were exorbitant. But the warring magnates paid them, even though they lost money. Some of the players who are regarded as indispensable can practically dictate their own terms, but they are comparatively few in number. The rank and file, however, must stand a cut or jump to the "outlaw league"—which hasn't room for everybody, it must be remembered.

Frank Bonner, well known as a second baseman and a member of the Baltimore, Louisville, Kansas City and other teams, is dead. He was 41 years old and had been in the professional arena for twenty years. His nearest relative is a brother at Worcester, Mass.

William G. Evans, who was recently appointed an American league umpire by Ban Johnson, is the first college graduate, it is said, to serve in that capacity. Evans is a graduate of Cornell. Recently he has been a sporting writer on an Ohio newspaper, and for the past two seasons has umpired with much success in the Ohio and Pennsylvania league. He is a stickler for good deportment and clean ball, and is cool and quick. After he has run up against some of the rowdies of the profession he may not be so cool, but Johnson will back him up at all hazards, as he always does with his judges of play.

DIED AT 9 O'CLOCK.

Patrick McDermott, the victim of acute tuberculosis, died at the city hospital this morning shortly after 9 o'clock.

Kimball Metal Polish 15c CAN

AT

C. B. COBURN CO'S., 63 Market Street

Horne Coal Co.

Always Has The Best

GUILD'S ADDRESS

Governor Wants Child Labor Laws Enforced

Boston, Jan. 4.—Following is the address substantially in full of Governor Curtis Guild, Jr., to the general court of 1906:

With a deep sense of gratitude to the citizens of the Commonwealth, I ask your cooperation and promise you mine in the task of legislation that has been set before us.

We are met in no mean city. The real Boston is the Greater Boston that includes the homes as well as the workshops and counting houses of this community. It is a great metropolis, a greater metropolis than its own citizens perhaps appreciate. It should be developed as such.

The combined exports and imports of Boston are exceeded only by those of New York. This is the second seaport in the United States. It must not retrograde. Both exports and imports exceed those of last year. The total excess over last year of foreign commerce in the eleven months for which the figures are at hand shows a gain in these eleven months of nearly thirty millions of dollars. One-twentieth of the wealth of the United States, one-fifteenth of the population of the country, is within an hour's ride of this historic building. In this area are the homes of a larger population than in any area but one in the country. The capital of Massachusetts is the second centre of population in the United States.

We have to legislate for no decadent Commonwealth.

Of all the States and Territories on this continent, only four contain a smaller area. Because of geographical limitation, as well as from a notable lack of mineral deposits, forests and rich arable soil, a slow rate of gain in material prosperity might logically be expected of Massachusetts, in comparison with many States possessing greater natural advantages. Yet, on the contrary, at the last taking of our national census it was found that Massachusetts, fourth from the foot in area, is seventh from the top in population, fourth from the top in the annual value of her manufactures, and third from the top in the annual amount paid in wages. Measured by assessed valuation of the property in her borders, Massachusetts is exceeded by but two States. Fourth from the foot in area, Massachusetts is third from the top in wealth.

Nor is this prosperity the dwindling legacy of earlier generations. The past year has seen huge additions to our industrial plants, notably to those producing manufactures of leather and of wool. Marked advances have taken place in the wages of those engaged in textile manufacture; and, as noted by my predecessor, statistics of abandoned farms no longer figure in our State papers. Measured by the value of farm products, Massachusetts is first among the New England States, and shows by a steady increase that attention is wisely given to the extension of the work of the farmers' institutes and of our Agricultural College.

Our Massachusetts census, just taken, tells a wonderful story. In the decade between 1895 and 1905 Massachusetts added over half a million to her population. It is extraordinary that this great increase, which is, within less than fifty thousand, the same increase that was shown between 1885 and 1895, should have been possible in what was and is, with one exception, the most densely populated State in the Union.

It is more extraordinary that this half million of increase in our population should be not merely vast in proportion to area, but, with four exceptions only, larger in actual numbers than the increase shown by any other State or Territory in the whole United States.

The annual value of the manufactured products of Massachusetts increased by but $175,173,033 between 1885 and 1895. It increased by $300,267,558 between 1895 and 1905. The total value of goods made in Massachusetts was $1,150,074,860 in 1905.

The increase in the value of the annual product of cotton goods from 1885 to 1895 was $32,190,403. From 1895 to 1905, in spite of southern competition, it was $38,949,280. The increase in our wool and worsted products between 1885 and 1895 was $[illegible],533. Between 1895 and 1905 it was $59,581,514. The increase in our shoe product between 1885 and 1895 was $7,405,548. Between 1895 and 1905 it was $70,271,966.

On October 31 the total amount on deposit in our savings banks was, in 1885, $274,998,412; in 1895, $439,269,861; and in 1905, $662,808,312. The increase in the last decade was greater by over fifty-eight millions of dollars than in the decade that preceded it. In 1885 the average deposit for each person of population was $141.64; in 1895, $175.69; and in 1905, $220.67. The gain in deposits per capita in the last decade was greater by nearly a third than the gain in the preceding decade.

Through the conventions of her two great parties, through her General Court and Governor, Massachusetts has already demanded from the national government the immediate construction of a tariff framed to meet the lines of modern competition. Massachusetts asks the removal of such duties as are now needless, the reduction of such duties as were once just but are now excessive, and the development of our commerce alone equal of the commerce of the United States by more friendly trade treaties with other nations. In such investigation of the real needs of American industries Massachusetts asks no exclusive favors. We maintain that the removal of the duty on hides means a revision of the duty on goods that are made from hides.

Massachusetts stands at the council board of the nation not as a broken beggar, whimpering for an alms, but as a strong man, demanding aggressive action from his peers.

Such action has already been urged on President and Congress through our Senators and Representatives, on whom alone the Constitution imposes the responsibility to the people for such national legislation. We await their championship of our cause with trust and confidence.

For us the Constitution of our own Commonwealth prescribes the concentration of energy on the legislation for which we, in turn, are responsible to the people of Massachusetts. Never more than now have they had the right to insist that such legislation should be enacted in the spirit of the Massachusetts Declaration of Rights, which proclaims "Government is instituted for the common good, for the protection, safety, prosperity and happiness of the people, and not for the profit, honor or private interest of any one man, family or class of men."

The work of the various departments of the Commonwealth has been well done,—so well done that even a political overturn in the Executive management of the Commonwealth has led to no overturn in policy, to but little change even in personality in these departments.

Election Expenses.

Prosperity, as well as adversity, breeds evil. The rapid accumulation of wealth has led to a lavish use of money in elections. This increase in the use of money is in this Commonwealth confined to no party, district or variety of election. The uses to which much of this money is put are not in themselves corrupt. The spending of scores of thousands of dollars on posters and newspaper advertising is not corrupt in itself; but when a citizen, asked by his fellow citizens to take public office, is forced to contemplate such huge expenditure as a necessity, the obvious result is to drive the man of modest means from public life. The parsimony of the United States makes he richest nation in the world the only one that cannot be represented, thanks to the expense of the position, by a poor man as ambassador to a foreign court. Franklin could not afford to go to France to-day.

I suggest for your consideration the extension of the corrupt practices act; some limitation on the total amount to be spent by any candidate; a more stringent penalty, which should be strictly enforced, for those who fail to file election expenses; the voiding of an election where deliberate and serious violations of the provisions of the act are proved against the successful candidate; and finally, the absolute prohibition of contributions from corporations in campaigns, either for nomination or election.

Civil Service.

You have doubtless found that a large body of your constituents believe that the civil service laws are either not in existence or not enforced. In a measure they are right. In certain localities the law is evaded, and, owing to the lack of a sufficient inspecting force, with impunity. In other localities, through lack of notification, the public are kept in ignorance of the civil service examinations, and of the fact that there are constant vacancies in local offices open to any citizen. In some parts of the Commonwealth there is therefore now no eligible list from which candidates may be taken.

It is worse than useless to hire an expert at a large salary and make no provision that his assistants be competent for the work. I suggest that the men supplied for the suppression of the brown-tail and gypsy moths be appointed by the same authorities as now, but only after they have passed a suitable examination, and been certified on the usual lists by the Civil Service Commissioners.

The successful result in Philadelphia of applying the civil service system to certain heads of departments suggests the advisability of considering a similar extension of the law throughout Massachusetts, if not also, as suggested by my predecessor, the extension of the law to all county officers. I recommend that an adequate salary be paid, at least to the chairman of the Board, from whom the needs of this work now demand daily attention; I recommend that a sufficient appropriation be made to provide for constant, not occasional, inspection of [illegible] the enactment [illegible] for the [illegible] display, by [illegible] posters to [illegible] may know [illegible] tions are [illegible] cies exist [illegible] receive the [illegible] gained [illegible] vention of [illegible] than [illegible]

[illegible] providing [illegible] continuous [illegible] officials of [illegible] the Civil Service [illegible] the people [illegible] examination [illegible] what vacancies [illegible] how they can [illegible] current [illegible] at the [illegible] secretary or [illegible]

State Debt.

The gross [illegible] Commonwealth, at the [illegible] Jan. 1, 1906 was [illegible] of this amount, $31,569,[illegible] by loans which have been [illegible] for State purposes [illegible] 30,112, the total contingent [illegible] loans which have been [illegible] the benefit of cities and towns [illegible] which will be repaid ultimately by them to the Commonwealth. Applicable to the loans issued for strictly State purposes, there are accumulations in sinking funds amounting to $17,353,847.85, making the net actual State debt $14,215,962.15. For the redemption of the loans included in the contingent debt there are accumulations in sinking funds amounting to $7,328,785.83, which amount, applied to the principal of the loans, make the net contingent debt $[illegible]. Of the net contingent debt $1,[illegible] falls upon certain cities and towns in which armories have been built, and the remainder, $5,[illegible] upon the cities and towns in the metropolitan water, sewerage and parks districts.

The net actual State debt for five years is as follows:—

Jan. 1, 1902	$12,459,263.61
Jan. 1, 1903	13,472,628.[illegible]
Jan. 1, 1904	14,382,610.97
Jan. 1, 1905	14,576,595.11
Jan. 1, 1906	14,215,962.15

The payment to Massachusetts of the net sum of $1,[illegible] by the United States, in the year just closed, has been applied to the reduction of the State debt.

I desire to urge upon your attention a careful perusal of the reports of the Treasurer and of the Auditor, and the annual and special messages of my three immediate predecessors. With every possible economy, we have been forced to raise, by direct taxation, a sum amounting last year to four millions of dollars. This direct State tax is caused by the unusual generosity of the Commonwealth to the local governments of its cities and towns. The Commonwealth has assumed one local burden after another. By assumption, for example, of the entire cost of the Insane [illegible] reduced and should have reduced local taxation by over a million dollars annually.

Absolutely no additional revenue has been provided to offset this increased State expenditure. On the contrary, the Commonwealth, like the pelican in the fable, has opened her own veins to feed her hungry offspring. The corporation tax, for example, is an excise tax levied and collected by the Commonwealth on organizations created, regulated and controlled by the Commonwealth. In New York the whole corporation tax goes to the State. In Massachusetts about three-quarters of it is returned to the cities and towns. The amount thus returned last year was $3,121,[illegible]696.81. Again, New York retains one-half the sum received for liquor licenses. Massachusetts retains but one-quarter. If New York's example were followed in this Commonwealth, the receipts of our treasury would have been increased last year from this source by $436,869.[illegible]

In view of these hard financial facts, I need not urge you to the most careful scrutiny of every suggestion of increased expenditure and resistance to every endeavor further to reduce our already inadequate revenue.

Banking Laws.

Since the new business corporation law went into effect there has been a marked tendency to organize corporations to engage in banking, and on the part of foreign corporations to obtain admission into Massachusetts for the same purpose.

The policy of the Commonwealth has been to restrict the business of banking to corporations organized under the banking laws. It has been safeguarded as to investments and management, and placed under the immediate supervision of a competent board of examiners. To allow corporations to do the banking business under any other conditions is hazardous to the public and a menace to our banking institutions.

I recommend that legislation be enacted to strengthen our present laws by the removal of any ambiguity of phrase, with such other action as may conduce to the effective prevention of unauthorized banking.

Insurance.

The revelations as to the practices of the great life insurance companies of New York have roused the country to just indignation. Certain fraternal orders have met in convention, to suggest reforms; the insurance commissioners of the various States have met, and are again to meet; committees of policy holders of the great New York companies have organized, and are later to report their findings. We have also the suggested remedy of national regulation.

Our own Massachusetts life insurance companies, organized under our own laws, contain no instance of subsidiary trust companies organized for stock speculation, nor are they burdened with the scandalous salary lists of the New York companies.

It is decidedly uncertain whether Congress has the constitutional right to make insurance law for the country. If the Supreme Court should rule that Congress has that right, Massachusetts would still have the power to add to the general law any safeguards, not inconsistent with a national statute, that we deem necessary to [illegible] on corporations doing business in this Commonwealth [illegible] of Massachusetts [illegible] policy holders.

Not [illegible] of [illegible] political [illegible] directed [illegible] against the [illegible] of this Commonwealth [illegible] Massachusetts [illegible] have been [illegible] At [illegible] with power [illegible] a Commission [illegible] with [illegible] vacant [illegible] We all advocate [illegible] change only [illegible] with expert [illegible]

[illegible] laws, [illegible] completely [illegible] 1887. Since then [illegible] been [illegible] in applications [illegible] have been [illegible] some have been [illegible] on this [illegible] new [illegible] Salem, [illegible] some consideration of such [illegible] may be made [illegible] to this honorable body, but in the [illegible] of some whereon [illegible] in [illegible] that our new Massachusetts [illegible] insurance code may be remodeled [illegible] and, as far as [illegible] with Massachusetts ideals, conform with the new codes of other States.

In opposition of crave importance, demanding technical knowledge of a high order, Governor and General Court alike can, I think, best serve the public ends by calling, in the last important expert advice obtainable. I therefore recommend that the Governor, with the consent of the Council, be authorized at once to appoint a temporary and advisory board, who shall revise and codify our insurance laws, confer with the authorities of other States, correspond freely with all bodies seeking insurance reform, consider and originate measures and suggestions, and report such information, with their findings, from time to time, to the present General Court, as an aid to its deliberations and final action. The service of such an advisory board would, of course, terminate with its final report.

Railroads.

I invite the most careful consideration of the coming report of the joint committee appointed to revise and codify the railroad and street railway laws of the Commonwealth.

I cannot too strongly recommend to you the abolition of special privileges and the extension of general law in every possible branch of legislation, as urged upon this honorable body by His Excellency John L. Bates. I particularly recommend the extension of general law to legislation affecting street and electric railways.

The unusual length of our legislative sessions as compared with those of other States is in part due to the discussion of special charters. They destroy wholesome competition under uniform conditions. The special evil, however, of such valuable monopolies, granted by special charter, is the daily temptation, to the brewer, the divide of the grafter, the corporationist and the professional commercial or political promoter, not only in the lobby of the Legislature, but in the ward room and at the polling booth.

Highways and Automobiles.

The report of the Highway Commission, asking for a greater measure of control, deserves your careful consideration. A more effective and uniform regulation of automobiles, and especially of reckless chauffeurs, is desirable. Even-handed justice also demands that those who make a rational use of a modern vehicle should not be made subject to petty persecution. As the State highways are in a large measure a gift from the Commonwealth to the town or city, and as automobiles are particularly destructive of the surface, I would suggest, for this reason, if for no other, that all fines for overspeeding should be paid to the Commonwealth, and applied to the repair of highways.

Telegraph and Telephone Corporations.

All public-service corporations operating in Massachusetts are under the supervision of the Commonwealth, with the exception of telegraph and telephone companies. There does not appear to be any good reason why such corporations should not be under a supervision similar to that now exercised over other public-service corporations. I recommend to your consideration whether this supervision might not be confided to the State Highway Commission, and whether, through reasonable fees charged upon the companies for inspection, it might not be self-supporting.

Boiler Inspection.

The District Police report that there are in Massachusetts 12,000 steam boilers uninsured by any company. The inspection of boilers not inspected by any insurance company cannot be effectively accomplished by the present force of inspectors. This State inspection of boilers is necessary for the public protection. It should be self-supporting, all fees collected for examination turned over to the Commonwealth, and the force in charge of it immediately reorganized and increased under direction of the District Police. Present conditions are a menace not only to property but to human life.

School Inspection.

The work of the State Board of Education shows satisfactory progress, as usual. I would suggest, however, that you consider legislation concerning a more general medical inspection of school children, as now practiced in some localities, notably for the discovery of infectious diseases and physical defects. A child may be a outlaw at school and a failure in life because of undiscovered defects in eyesight or hearing. There are, to quote one line of work only, chil-

[illegible] for [illegible] collection [illegible] little [illegible] tooth [illegible] Headaches, who only [illegible] a consultation [illegible] of properly adjusted [illegible] them to healthy [illegible] possible of [illegible] benefits of their school [illegible]

Militia.

[illegible] of the Commonwealth [illegible] every possible encouragement [illegible] willing service. But [illegible] the reserve force [illegible] some years at Windsor [illegible] except a small balance [illegible] carefully expended. We cannot afford to reduce her years [illegible] from the Common[illegible]

German War Claims.

[illegible] contract [illegible] on percentage [illegible] Commonwealth [illegible] year paid [illegible] Washington attorneys [illegible] claims [illegible] officials who did make the [illegible] with him, for the collection [illegible] on account of the Civil [illegible]

[illegible] large fortune [illegible] obtained by [illegible] Barnes brought a bill of [illegible] to collect similar claims [illegible] of the Commonwealth but [illegible] veterans of the Spanish War, [illegible] fee to be taken from the amount [illegible] collected, in the shape of a percentage [illegible] These propositions were referred to the committee on military and naval affairs of the Council. On consultation with the Attorney General, it was clearly shown that the employment of such agents in such a manner would be both needless and in direct violation of the spirit of the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth. Moreover, it seemed unfair that men who had served in war should by the assumption of power by the government be forced to contribute to any claim agent, without even being heard in the matter, a portion of the money due them by the Federal Statutes.

These men will therefore receive, without being mulcted as was proposed, of any percentage, the entire amount due them from the national government; and Massachusetts has re-established the important legal precedent, that her debts are to be collected by her own accredited officials, working on conditions clearly understood, and under the immediate direction of the law officer of the Commonwealth.

The Jamestown Exposition.

Virginia is to celebrate at Jamestown the first English settlement on American soil. I believe that Massachusetts should be adequately represented at an exposition especially designed to be historical as well as industrial.

A feature planned for this exposition is to be an international camp and an international fleet. Some of these soldiers and sailors of other lands, should the plan succeed, may visit this Commonwealth. The countrymen of Lafayette may wish to journey from the birthplace of Washington to that of Franklin. The armed troops of the United States were welcomed in Paris as the guard of John Paul Jones. May I suggest to you that, in this constantly increasing interchange of international good-will, the harbinger of international peace, friction might be avoided by amending the existing law, wholly prohibiting the marching of foreign troops through our streets without the consent of the General Court—by a provision that in case the General Court is not sitting, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, may extend such permission to foreign troops who on entrance into our country has already received the sanction of the national government.

The Police System of Boston.

Some twenty years ago the control of the police of Boston was transferred from the city to the Commonwealth, not at the instigation of any political organization, but on evidence, now in my possession, furnished by the New England Society for the Suppression of Vice, that under local control the police of the metropolis at that time were drifting into a condition not dissimilar from that recently exposed in certain other great cities. The transfer has been amply justified. Though criticism, sometimes just, has been made of a metropolitan as opposed to a purely local control, whatever the politic of the Governor who has been in office, the Boston police force has been free, since the Commonwealth assumed control, from the grave scandals proved against the police elsewhere.

[illegible] today impugns the personal integrity of the present commissioners, or charges them with the use of their great power for graft or gain.

In suggesting a radical change in the organization of that body, therefore, there is no question of personalities involved. I ask you to believe that in making such a change I am acting on principles formed when this Board was originally appointed, convictions never changed, and strengthened by tried and my own experience in military discipline and order in military camps at home and abroad in time of war.

It is a principle of law that the judicial and executive functions should not be in one body nor in one person. It is a matter of historical and governmental experience that inefficiency, if not disaster, follows divided responsibility in the control of a body of men, where discipline and a do corps must be the main[illegible] success.

Local political and practical experience are isolated in the construction of the present board of police. The man who appears as a witness before three gentlemen sitting as judges in regard to a license may be removed or promoted by the same individuals, acting in the capacity of his commanding officers.

Disagreement, moreover, as to method among these perfectly disinterested men may cause delay at any time, at least prevent the promptness of instant action in cases where absolutely necessary for immediate police protection.

Further and even more important, the dual function of executive officer and judge consumes time, by the multiplication of duties, checks and efficiency of control. The location, than for, low weather and [illegible] of liquor licenses necessarily on days none too long for the trending of every energy to the beating out of vice and the prevention and suppression of crime.

I therefore recommend that an executive board of three, appointed and confirmed by the Governor and Council and representing at least two political parties, be given control of the liquor traffic, and that a single police commissioner, similarly appointed and confirmed, be placed at the head of the police. The police commissioner should neither recommend nor grant licenses, but in case of disagreement between the commissioner and excise board as to the desirability of revoking such a license, for cause shown by the police commissioner, he should be given power to suspend the license at once, pending a reference of the question for final settlement to an appropriate judicial authority.

Insanity and Crime.

Over a hundred transfers from penal institutions to hospitals for the insane were made last year, and in the great majority of cases immediately after the reception of the convict at the prison. The criminal does not drift among the feeble-minded classes, the feeble-minded drifts among the criminal classes. We strike at the root of lawlessness when we strike in childhood at the morbid mentality that begets a criminal life. The time to enlighten the darkened brain is before it is darkened forever. It is well to reform an adult criminal, it is better to make a useful member of society of the child of backward intellect, before it has become a criminal or a permanent charge upon the people or, as a father or a mother, has after further multiplied the ranks of the unfortunate.

One thousand children turned away from the School for the Feeble-minded at Waltham in the last six years, for sheer lack of space, are now continually appearing in other and more sinister institutions.

I urgently recommend to your attention the suggestions of the State Board of Insanity, making the extension of help to the feeble-minded, not merely in the name of humanity, but of law and order and citizenship.

Child Labor.

Massachusetts has ever been among the foremost in the protection of little children. It is a matter of congratulation that the Massachusetts idea of a national investigation of child labor, with the object of its suppression in every State, has at last been adopted and urged in a message to the Congress by the President of the United States.

It is especially important at this time that Massachusetts prove her sincerity in this reform. The force of inspectors of the District Police is no longer sufficient for thorough and frequent inspection of the rapidly increasing army of labor in our industries. I suggest the increase needed for the purpose of a more effective enforcement of laws against the employment of children.

A local force also exists, whose cooperation would be welcomed. The truant officer is or should be better posted than any other official as to the children in his district. The law now checks his willing service. I suggest the substitution for the words in chapter 106, section 4, "Truant officers may visit the factories, workshops and mercantile establishments," etc., of the words, "Truant officers shall visit the factories, workshops and establishments" etc. The truant officer is now allowed without a warrant to take an illiterate child to school if it is engaged in play. He should be given, what he has not now, the same power over the same child if engaged at work. The truant officer, discovering a child below the legal age at work is now merely permitted to report the case to the local school boards and other officials, in a long section of circumlocution. I suggest that the truant officer with evidence of such a breach of law in his possession be not merely permitted but ordered to report directly and at once to the district attorney.

Agents of the State Bureau of Labor Statistics report to me that a shameful trade exists, which supplies for money false age schooling certificates to children under age. This report is confirmed by the District Police. Employers notable in their desire not only to obey but to promote the law have been deceived and victimized by this practice. The present penalty for the forcing of a child of tender years into a factory by the perjury of unnatural parents or others is a trivial fine. I shall leave it to your sense of justice whether a light fine without imprisonment in punishment severe enough for law-breakers who to-day in Massachusetts traffic not only in the toil but in the health and lives of little children.

Don't forget the Dragon dance Friday evening.

WOOD CHOSEN PRESIDENT.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—At the annual meeting of the Evangelistic association at Tremont Temple yesterday Thomas Wood of Boston was reelected president and M. Swafield of Boston was reelected general secretary and treasurer. The financial condition was reported to be precarious. The total receipts for the year were $10,8[illegible] and expenditures $10,6[illegible].

MANY HOMELESS

Part of Georgia Visited by Tornado

ALBANY, Ga., Jan. 4.—A tornado visited the western part of this city yesterday afternoon, killing two persons and seriously injuring many others, several of whom will die.

The solid chamber and great shed of the Virginia Carolina Chemical company were demolished and the damage extended over parts of a dozen city blocks. The dead are:

BUN JONES, a machinist in the employ of the Virginia Carolina Chemical company.

JAKE JOHNSON, a 9-year-old white boy.

The list is still incomplete, as much of the destruction wrought was well beyond the city walls. Hundreds of persons in the city were homeless last night and many have lost all their household effects.

The Virginia Carolina Chemical company is the principal sufferer, its destroyed buildings and machinery having been worth $60,000. It is said that the total loss may reach $150,000, very little of which is covered by insurance.

BOXING GOSSIP

At a meeting of the stockholders of the new boxing club, known as the Tuxedo Park Amusement company held at Philadelphia on Monday, these officers were elected: President, T. F. O'Rourke, of New York; vice president, Richard H. Kain, treasurer, H. D. Pettyman, secretary, W. H. Recap; official stake and forfeit holder, Al Smith of New York. The company has secured by lease and purchase a large tract of land in Delaware county, near North Essington, which has been named Tuxedo Park. A clubhouse is nearing completion, which will have a seating capacity of 600 persons. Boxing contests and other athletic events will be the attractions, but bouts with the gloves will be featured. Among the matches scheduled by the club—and each will be limited to twenty rounds are these: Jem Bowker of England and Tommy Murphy of New York, Jem Bowker and Abe Attell, Jack O'Brien and Gus Hublin, Tommy Murphy and Rouse O'Brien, Jack Blackburn and Honey Mellody, Jack O'Brien and Tommy Ryan. The club has offered a $5,000 guarantee for the Ryan-O'Brien bout, and has also cabled to Charley Mitchell to bring over Jack Palmer, who recently won the heavyweight championship of England. No interference is expected from the authorities, and as the club house is within a short railroad ride of New York and Philadelphia, it is believed that the different fights will prove good drawing cards.

Many of the boxing enthusiasts who saw the Tucker-Murphy battle at the Hudson A. C., N. Y., Monday left convinced that both featherweights would not have been able to hold their own in the days of the Horton law when McGovern, Dixon, Oscar Gardner, Dave Sullivan, Eddie Santry and Ben Jordan were the best men in that class. This fact was pretty clearly demonstrated when McGovern recently knocked Murphy out in practically a punch over in Philadelphia. Yet the enthusiasm manifested over the Tucker-Murphy go was as great as if two of the former stars were in the ring. New Yorkers are hungry for boxing now, and many hope that the time is not far distant when ten round bouts will be tolerated in the local clubs. But at that it would seem as if the game here should be regulated, in view of the many mushroom organizations that are springing up at the instigation of irresponsible promoters.

The Simple Life

is best. To live naturally; work during the day, keep your temper, eat three meals and take a Beecham's Pill regularly, as required. There is no medicine for the simple life, or the strenuous, like

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

A CARD

We the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Green's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25c bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

Brunnelle Pharmacy, F. H. Butler, A. Thibeault, A. P. Story & Co., C. E. Carter, E. T. McEvoy, Carleton & Hovey, A. W. Davis & Co., Ellingwood & Co., Carter & Sherburne, Hochette & Bellale, F. C. Goodale, F. P. Moody, Albert E. Moors, Falls & Burkinshaw.

AS GOOD AS NEW

You may have some kind of winter clothing that is not much worn. You can take it to the Bay State Dye Works and they will make it almost as good as new at a very small cost; also all kinds of Ladies' wearing apparel, Gloves, Feathers and all kinds of fine fabrics.

BAY STATE DYE WORKS
54 PRESCOTT ST.

Waters' Improved Tree Pruner

Greatest.

W. T. is great on illustrations, greater on news, and greatest of all in circulation.

It is Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

ANOTHER BOOM

Grand New Freight House to be Built

The Plans Inspected by the Board of Trade—Members Commend the Project

The New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad is to build, in the near future, a great new freight depot in this city, at the probable cost of $100,000. This together with the Shaw Machine company and the new shoe company would seem to indicate that Lowell is certainly having a big boom. At present the freight business of the city is very much congested, and the erection of the new depot will greatly relieve this state of affairs.

Work on the new building will be started next spring, and the plans were set before the members of the board of trade yesterday afternoon at their rooms in Central block. The co-operation of the board was asked by the company.

The members of the board assembled yesterday afternoon to consider the proposition, and the general trend of the meeting seemed to be very much in favor of the new freight house. Several members of the board expressed themselves as very much gratified at the possibility of Lowell's great progress.

Assistant general manager, Albert W. Martin, and J. W. Pierson, division superintendent, represented the railroad.

Mr. Martin made an extended address in which he said that for a long time the railroad had realized the necessity of better freight facilities and that now they had come to the conclusion that an up to date, modern freight house was the only solution. He showed plans of the new structure to the members of the board of trade, and President F. J. Neale, Charles H. Hanson, G. L. Sandy and John C. Burke expressed themselves as very much in favor of the new project, and pledged the aid of the board of trade.

MILITARY NOTES

COMPANY C HELD ANNUAL BUSINESS MEETING

The annual business meeting of Co. C, Lowell Mechanic Phalanx, was held last night at the state armory in Westford street. The election of officers for the ensuing year was also held. During the meeting the members were notified that First Lieutenant J. Douglas Rivet and Second Lieutenant Jas. Haley had passed the board in Boston and were duly appointed and passed.

Sergeant Walter Berry gave the report of the standing committee, showing that during the year the company has won several prizes of value through the work of its shooting team.

Sergeant Sanford P. Leary and Sergeant Walter Berry were presented prizes from Capt. Gardner W. Pearson because their averages during the rifle season had been above entries. The former had a fraction better than 91 and the latter a fraction over 90.

The new rifle practice committee elected is composed of Sergeant Sanford P. Leary, chairman, Private A. Y. Rodger, Corporal William Duffy, Corporal Frank Snow, Private James McLaughlin.

Refreshments were served under the direction of Chef Duffy. Speeches were heard from Captain G. M. Pratt, Lieutenant Colby, and Lieutenant Kelsey, all former officers in Company C.

The state inspection of the local armory will take place late this year. The inspection of Companies C and G of the Sixth regiment will take place on the evening of March 14 and that of Company M of the Ninth regiment on the evening of March 20.

A large gang of carpenters started in to fix the booths for the coming industrial mercantile and pure food show yesterday.

Miss Florence Strout, the well-known stenographer, has been given a desk in Armory Carr's office near the main entrance, where she will perform during the exposition her daily duties of amanuensis.

It is understood that Captain William Fairweather, Company G has sent in his resignation, though the same has not yet officially announced. On the retirement of Capt. Fairweather, Capt. Philip McNulty of Company M will be in command of the armory, being senior captain then.

Dragons at Prescott hall Friday eve.

CHAUNCEY STAYS

SENATOR HAS NO INTENTION OF RESIGNING.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Senator Chauncey M. Depew in an interview here last night declared that he had no intention whatever of resigning from the United States senate. He added, however, that with the approach of his 72d birthday anniversary, April 23 next, he intended resigning from a large number of the companies in which he is trustee or director. He will not sever his relations with the New York Central & Hudson River railroad, he stated, as he regards his position with that company an honorary one. Senator Depew is listed as a director or trustee of 76 companies.

Thursday, January 4, 1906

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

"The Store for Thrifty People"

Clearance Sale of

MILLINERY

Trimmed Hats That were $4 and $5 only

$1.98 and $2.25 Each

Ready-to-Wear Hats only

49 Cents Each

Former price 98c and $1.25

Untrimmed Hats for

19 and 49 Cents

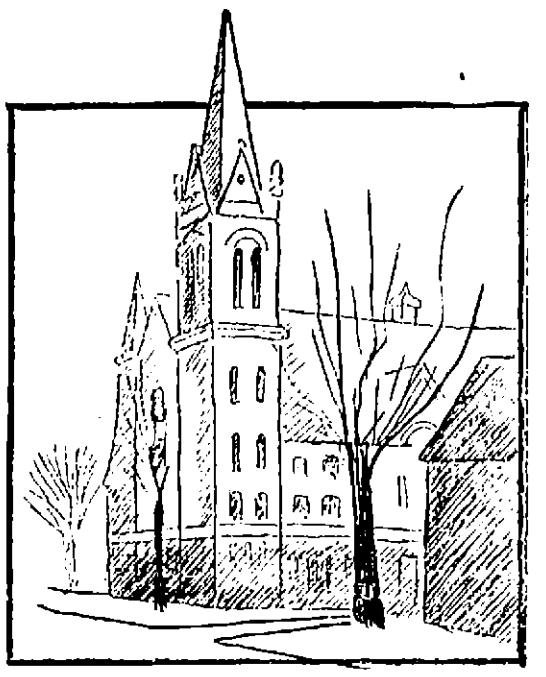
Former prices 49c, 69c, 98c and $1.25

's, Feathers and Flowers
t Half Price

Centre Aisle

FIREMAN KILLED

In Fire That Destroyed Springfield Church



THE HIGHLAND BAPTIST CHURCH DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Roof Fell on Several Firemen—The Fire Was of Incendiary Origin

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 4.—One fireman is dead and another is seriously injured as a result of a fire which destroyed the Highland Baptist church at the corner of Blake and Stebbins streets last night. The dead fireman is Capt. Sidney Bowers of engine 4. Francis L. Hines, another fireman, is suffering from internal injuries caused by inhaling smoke and fire, and he has also a broken leg. He was taken to the Mercy hospital in the police automobile. It is said that his death is certain.

The fire started shortly before 9 o'clock in a small barn situated at the eastern corner of the church, and owned by Terence Flanagan. The flames soon spread to the chapel of the church, which was ablaze by the time the firemen arrived. Before 10 o'clock they burst through the front of the residence in Blake street and mounted into the tower, which was shortly enveloped in a pallid of fire.

Three houses closely adjoining the church, those of Terence Flanagan on the east, C. H. Barrett on the west and that of George N. Herring, not 15 feet away from the chapel on the south were endangered for an hour and a half.

Capt. Sidney Bowers met his death in the chapel in the rear of the church. Fire chief Willard J. Littlefield, Capt. Bowers, Fireman Hines, Capt. Stevens of engine 8 and Capt. Pillhan of truck 3 had entered the chapel to fight the blaze at close quarters when a portion of the roof fell in, and a beam barred their retreat. Chief Littlefield and another man dragged Fireman Hines out and Capt. Stevens cut his way to the open.

Capt. Bowers' body was found in the ruins later, and was removed to the undertaking parlors of Mayor Dickinson.

That the fire was of incendiary origin there is little doubt. Two previous attempts have been made to fire the church. The last only a month ago, when some person tried to fire Mr. Flanagan's barn, presumably with the intention of destroying the church.

The Highland Baptist church chapel was dedicated Sept. 17, 1905, and the large addition which composed the main building was erected about 15 years ago. Its present membership is about 600, and Rev. Dr. W. W. Weeks, who came here in January, 1905, from Toronto, Ont., is the pastor. The structure was valued at $20,000, a fine organ was valued at from $3,000 to $4,000, an electric ventilating fan cost $500, a valuable library of music, collected during the past 11 years by organist Frank A. Lekton, is estimated to have been worth $500, and three pianos at $700.

Other property destroyed brings the total damage up to about $68,000. The Baptist denomination in Springfield has been peculiarly unfortunate in losses from fire, the Carew Street Baptist church having been burned last winter.

PLAN OF BATTLE

Workmen's Council on a New Basis

"RED SUNDAY" DAY OF MOURNING

Many of the Leaders Under Arrest

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 4, 2.40 a. m.—The general meeting of the workmen's council and of representatives of the proletariat organizations which was held across the Finnish border, lasted for 37 hours, adjourning only an hour ago. The practical result of the meeting was a concession that the government had proved to be too strong in its fight against the strikers and the proletariat organizations and that it would be necessary to organize on a new basis. The armed revolution to which the delegates at the meeting were committed.

It was admitted that the attempt to give battle to the government without having made the preparation was a mistake and a complete change in tactics was decided upon. A new council of workmen consisting of 15 members was elected. Small councils will be organized everywhere, following which a general congress will be called and an elaborate plan of battle against the government be created. In the meantime the propaganda of the agitators will be kept up, especially in the army. In order to show that the proletariat organizations are firmly resolved not to compromise with the government. It was also decided not to take part in the elections for the duma.

Just prior to the adjournment of the meeting a resolution was passed to turn the anniversary of January 22 ("Red Sunday") into a day of mourning. For this purpose an appeal will be made to the socialist workmen's organizations both in Europe and the United States to manifest their sympathy with the Russian revolutionists by holding demonstrations on that day.

A member of the workmen's council, with whom the Associated Press conversed after the meeting, acknowledged that the movement had been severely crippled by the government as many of the ablest leaders had either been killed or arrested. He said that the movement had also lost considerable prestige among the proletariat, and that if the present system of repression continued persisted in it would be increasingly difficult to disseminate the propaganda or to further organize. There was a danger was that the leaders would be unable to gather sufficient force to strike a blow before the meeting of the duma.

Nevertheless this informant insisted that the organizations here represented were not discouraged and that the fight would be continued until the proletariat achieved a final victory. He strongly maintained that the policy of repression to which the government had returned only demonstrated once again that it lacked the moral support of the public and that its sole reliance, as of yore, was on the rifles and bayonets and cannon.

"We now are clearly," said this member of the workmen's council, "that nothing definite can be accomplished by sporadic uprisings. The possession of a city such as Moscow or even St. Petersburg might not prove decisive. All Russia must rise at the same time."

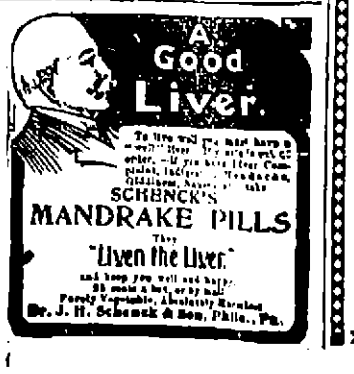
In answer to a question as to whether in the meantime the proletariat organizations had decided to abandon their acts of terrorism, the member of the council replied significantly:

"Perhaps there have been no acts of terror because the persons condemned have been too well guarded."

NEARLY LYNCHED

MAN SHOT AND KILLED HIS SISTER-IN-LAW.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Jan. 4.—Mrs. Marie Arcangelo Dotti, 22 years old, was shot and killed by her brother-in-law, Joseph Vanca, at her home here yesterday. Vanca was captured by a crowd of pursuers after a long run and was saved from violence at their hands by the police. He said that he shot his sister-in-law because she refused to let him make his home at her house.



O'Donnell Dry Goods Comp'y

The Store for Quality and Style

LOWELL'S MOST IMPORTANT

WHITE SALE

Opens Friday Morning in Our Store

Savings of one-third or one-half are yours if you attend this white sale. You can choose while the assortments are not only the largest of the year but the brightest and newest. A white sale for which preparations were made months ago.

Muslin Underwear
Infants' Wear
White Waists
Lace Draperies
Corsets & Laces

Of the Newest and Most Attractive Designs are Included in the Sale

HOUSEKEEPERS' ANNEX

Household Linens, Bed Linens, White Goods, Wash Dress Fabrics, Cotton Flannels, Etc. Prices Are Made Regardless of Cost or Former Retail Price.

5 pieces 60 in. Silverbleached Damask, pure linen and a bargain at our January price .....39c yard

69 in. extra heavy Linen Damask, 3 good styles, unequalled wearing qualities, January price 49c per yard

10 styles, satin finished Bleached Damask, 72 in. wide, very fine and good finish, January price 69c yard

20 pieces Silverbleached and Satin finished Damask, Irish manufactured, open border, handsome designs, worth and good value at $1.25 per yard, January price $1 per yard

72 in. Silverbleached Damask, 3 very handsome patterns, a quality which is worth $1.50 per yard, January price $1.25

Irish Linen Pattern Cloth, at closing prices.

1 doz. 8-4 cloths, worth $2.50, January price $1.50

1 doz. 10-4 cloths, worth $3, January price $1.98

1 doz. 12-4 cloths, worth $4, January price $2.75

Napkins to match, 22 in...$2.25 doz.

Several doz. very fine Bleached Damask Napkins, fringed, closing price ..... 75c doz.

1 lot very fine satin finished fringed Damask Napkins, January price 98c doz.

1 lot 18 in. superfine satin finished Damask Napkins, fringed, worth $2.25 doz., January price ...$1.49

18 in. fringed Satin Napkins, very superior grade, worth $2.50 doz., January price $1.75

TOWELING

Heavy Cotton Toweling, January price ..... 4¾c yard

Brown Linen Toweling, January price ..... 5c yard

Bleached Linen Toweling, January price ..... 6¼c yard

18 in. Linen Toweling, January price .....7½c yard

Absorbent Linen Toweling, January price ..... 8c yard

Heavy Linen Toweling, January price ..... 9c yard

18 in. Glass Toweling, January price ..... 7½c yard

N. B.—Every item in the foregoing lot is 25 to 33 per cent. less than actual value.

Manufacturers' Stock of Linen and Turkish Towels

25 doz. Huck Towels, good size, January price .....3 for 25c

25 doz. Union Linen Towels, red and white borders, January price ..... 55c per ½ doz.

100 doz. Imported Linen Towels, white and colored borders, January price ..... 25c pair

Fringed and Hemstitched Huck Towels, good size and quality, January price ..... $1 per ½ doz.

50 doz. Hemstitched and Linen Huck Towels, large size and grass bleached, guaranteed pure linen, worth $4.60 doz., January price ..... 50c pair

Barbers' Face Towels, all linen, neatly hemmed and ready for use, January price 10c and 12½c each

Turkish Towels—Very Much Underpriced

100 doz. Fancy Bordered Initialed Turkish Towels, excellent quality and good size, January price 25c pair

50 doz. 45 in. Double Knapped Towels, very heavy and serviceable, January price ..... 3 for 50c

20 Extra Heavy Bleached Turkish Towels, 50 in. long and always sold at 39c each, January price ..... 60c pair

Small quantity 64 in. Double Knapped Bleached Turkish Towels, 22 in. wide. Our 50c grade, January price ... 75c pair

Doylies

50 doz. Very Fine Satin Finished Bleached Fringed Damask Doylies, marked down to close out—in sizes—5 in., 10 in., 12 in., 15 in. Were 60c d., 2 d., $1.25 d., $2 d., now 37½c, 62½c, 87½c, $1 doz. Round, square and oval.

Cotton Diaper Special, 100 pieces

18 in. Sanitary Toweling, January price, 10 yards ....39c piece

Sheets, Pillow Slips and Spreads

At less than web prices.

72x90 Bleached Sheets, good cotton, flat felled centre seam, January price ..... 35c each

81x90 Bleached, Seamless Sheets, good strong cotton, 3½ and 1 in. hems, January price .... 49c each

Single Bed Sheets, extra quality cotton, January price ... 45c each

50 doz. Extra 9-4 Bleached Sheets, made with flat felled centre seams, January price .... 39c each

SPECIAL LOTS

Atlantic and Dwight Anchor Cotton Sheets, size 90x90 and 81x90, very large and worth $1 each, January price ... 2. .... 75c each

PILLOW CASES, Below Cost

100 doz. 42 and 45 in. good quality Pillow Slips, very clean and fine, January price ... .. 9c each

Special lot Wamsutta Cotton Slips, 36, 42 and 45 in. grades which are worth today 19c each, January price ....12½c each

Small quantity Hemstitched Pillow Slips, 45x38 in., January price 15c each

WHITE GOODS

2000 Yards Fancy White Goods marked from 15c to .....10c yard

1000 Yards Dotted Swiss Muslins, 3 sizes, slightly imperfect selvage, splendid value, January price 12½c yard

3000 yards Cheviot, Pique and Madras Waistings, 27 in. goods, 25c and 30c grades, at an extraordinary low price ....17c yard

Wash Chiffon, 48 in. goods, worth 37½c yard, January price 25c

25 Pieces Very Sheer Persian Lawns, worth 15c and 19c yard, January price ... .12½c

Scarfs, Shams and Squares

Broken Lots Plain and Cut Work Scarfs and Squares, worth 25c and 35c, marked to .....19c each

1 Lot Hemstitched Linen Finished Scarfs and Squares, January price 25c each

St. Gall Scarfs and Squares, cut work and embroidered grades, worth $1 to $2 each, January price ... . 75c each

50 Satin and Marseilles White Quilts, full sizes, $2.50, $2.75 grades, for our January sale $1.98 each

50 doz. Stamped Tray Cloths and Bureau Scarfs, splendid values 12½c

Bargains press forward from every section of our store. Attend this sale. Come as early as you can Friday. If you can't come Friday, surely come Saturday.

O'Donnell Dry Goods Comp'y

Merrimack and Middle Streets

EDWARDS KILLED

Police Think it Case of Murder

NO WEAPON WAS FOUND

Tragedy at Brother-in-Law's Home

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 4.—Charles A. Edwards of 5[illegible] Park avenue, New York, formerly president of the Passaic Chemical Company of New Jersey and more recently an officer of the General Chemical company, with offices in New York city, was found dead at 11 o'clock last night from a pistol bullet wound while lying in bed during the night. The scene of his death was the home of his brother-in-law, Charles A. Hiller.

So mysterious was the case from the outset that Deputy Coroner Pond opened an inquest at police headquarters immediately following a searching inquiry during the day at the Hiller homestead at 17 College street, almost directly opposite East Divinity, a dormitory of Yale.

The coroner's inquest was finished shortly before 11 o'clock last night. Charles A. Hiller and A. Maxey Hiller, his brother, were the only witnesses.

Mr. Edwards was found dying in his chamber by Charles A. Hiller. He had retired about 11 last night after attending a birthday party in honor of his sister, Mrs. Samuel Harris, who is a cousin of Ex-Pres. Timothy Dwight of Yale.

Earlier in the day Mr. Edwards had come over from New York for this special purpose and of late had been a frequent visitor here, usually as a guest of either Charles A. or A. Maxey Hiller, both brothers-in-law.

He seemed apparently in the best of spirits. His failure to appear at breakfast led Charles A. Hiller to go upstairs. According to the latter, the chamber door was not locked, and entering he saw Mr. Edwards apparently moribund from what was at first taken to be a stroke of apoplexy.

A neighbor, Dr. McIrath, who is a dentist, was called, and he gave restoratives under the impression that it was a stroke of apoplexy. A little later Dr. Benjamin H. Cheney reached the house, but Mr. Edwards was then breathing his last and died in a few minutes.

In the course of his treatment of the dying man Dr. Cheney found a bullet hole in the left side of the head, directly behind the ear. The hemorrhage from it had been profuse, but as it later was determined, the missile had gone directly into the brain.

HUGH BANCROFT

RESIGNS AS ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

Hugh Bancroft yesterday resigned his office as assistant district attorney for Middlesex county. The resignation was placed in the hands of Dist. Atty. George A. Sanderson, shortly after noon and was immediately accepted.

Very soon afterward Mr. Sanderson appointed Arnold Scott of Newton Mr. Bancroft's successor. Mr. Scott was at Mr. Sanderson's Boston office at 2 p. m. and qualified for the position.

WILLIAM KNOX

ELECTED PRESIDENT OF LAWRENCE BAR ASSOCIATION.

LAWRENCE, Jan. 4. The annual meeting of the Lawrence bar association was held in the superior courthouse yesterday at which it was voted to hold a special meeting Jan. 17 to consider a change in the bylaws. These officers were elected: Hon. William S. Knox, pres.; William J. Bradley, vice pres.; Hon. John P. Kane, treas.; John C. Sanborn, Jr., clerk; Harry R. Pew, Hon. Newton P. Clye and John J. Donovan, executive committee; Judge C. A. Decourcy, Fred E. Clayton, Matthew A. Creegan, library committee.

AUTOMOBILE NEWS.

Considerable discussion has taken place in automobile circles of late in regard to the proper classification of racing automobiles. Classification by weight, with the requirement that there be at least two speeds forward, a reverse, two brakes and a differential gear or its equivalent, has been in vogue in Europe for several years and when this country took up the racing game, was adopted as the standard here.

The question of adopting another method of classification in America has been agitated and it now seems certain of success. The technical committee of the racing board of the American Automobile association is preparing a report on this subject which will be presented at the annual meeting this month. In many quarters it is believed a new method of classifying racing cars will be adopted by the National association.

Of the numerous methods of classification which have been suggested, the plan of having a cylinder displacement limit, which was outlined in this column three weeks ago, is received with most favor. This plan originated with H. H. Franklin, the Syracuse automobile manufacturer. Mr. Franklin contends that, as the object of the new basis is to develop motor construction in practical directions, the rules ought to be upon broad lines. The displacement basis leaves the maker free to follow any design he pleases.

Under the displacement basis it would become a question of who can build the most efficient car, as, theoretically, all contesting cars would be of the same horsepower, and the contest would narrow down to those who could deliver the most of that power to the rear wheels—that is, who could build the most efficient car. This indicates that the displacement basis is practical.

With the coming of the New York shows, increased activity among the commercial motor car makers is very noticeable. Enormous strides have been made this year in this department of the business, and it is predicted that before the end of the coming year a very large number of the large wholesale and retail houses will be using motor vehicles for all of their trucking and delivery work.

A very pleasing fact, which is noted in connection with the commercial car business, is that the export trade is growing rapidly, and from all reports it would seem that, despite their long experience in commercial work, the European manufacturers will have to take a back seat in a few years.

FISH WARDEN

Tells Where Ice Fishing is Prohibited

LIST OF THE CLOSED WATERS

And When the Restrictions Expire

In the following, George T. Spence, fish warden gives a statement of the ponds and lakes in which fishing is prohibited with the dates at which the restrictions will be removed. The first should be observed all the couples of Dead Water.

General restrictions, fishing on Wednesdays, Saturdays and Sundays, from the first of November, or 2 days after the ponds that were closed the last of December, no fishing allowed from December 1st until the first of June, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday are the three days that fishing is allowed on stocked pond closed to the state commissioner.

PONDS STOCKED IN 1905-6.

Nuttings pond, Billerica closed until July 1, 1906.

Massapoag pond, Dunstable, Groton, Tyngsborough, closed until Nov. 1, 1906.

Forge pond, Westford and Littleton closed until Nov. 1, 1906.

Spectacle pond, Littleton, closed until Nov. 1, 1906.

Haggetts pond, Andover, closed until Nov. 1, 1906.

Long pond, known as Med pond, Tewksbury, closed until June 15, 1906.

Baddacook pond, Groton, closed until Dec. 1, 1906.

Great pond, North Andover, closed until Dec. 1, 1906.

Fort pond, Littleton closed until Dec. 1, 1906.

The commissioners can restock ponds and extend the closed time on ponds as will be seen that on some pond they have done so.

PONDS RESTOCKED 1905.

Haggetts, Andover; Baddacook, Groton; Forge, Littleton; Spectacle, Littleton.

PONDS STOCKED AND CLOSED 1905.

Stocked Nov. 9 Foster's Andover, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Nov. 15 Lashaway lake, Brookfield, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Nov. 16 Onota lake, Pittsfield, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Oct. 26 Dennison lake, Winchendon, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Nov. 1 Nonkung lake Adams, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Oct. 27 Crystal lake Gardner, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Nov. 9 Nabnasset pond, Westford, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Oct. 23 Whalon lake, Lunenburg, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Nov. 16 Round pond, Tewksbury, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Nov. 2 Garfield lake, Monterey, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Nov. 2 Walden pond, Concord, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Nov. 2 Peter's pond, known as Med pond, Dracut, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Nov. 7 Nagog lake, Acton and Littleton, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Oct. 5 Robbins pond, East Bridgewater, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Nov. 8 Cooper pond, North Carver, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Nov. 2 Wildwood pond, Weymouth, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Nov. 13 Lead Mine pond, Sturbridge, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

Stocked Nov. 11 Big Alice pond, Sturbridge, closed until Dec. 1, 1908.

All ponds in Groton have been closed by the selectmen voting to adopt section 58 of chapter 56, revised laws, which reads as follows:

Section 58. Whoever takes or captures pickerel in a river, stream or pond, in a town which accepts the provisions of this section or has accepted the corresponding provisions of earlier laws in any other manner than by naturalis or artificially reared hook and hand line shall forfeit one dollar for every pickerel so taken, if prosecuting therefor are commenced within sixty days after the time of committing the offence.

GEORGE T. SPENCE,
Fish Warden, Lowell, Mass.

Spoiled Her Beauty.

Harriet Hewcott, of 270 W. 40th st., New York, at one time had her beauty spoiled with skin trouble. She writes: "I had Salt Rheum or Eczema for years, but nothing would cure it until I used Bucklen's Arnica Salve. A quick and sure healer for cuts, burns and sores." 25c at Goodale's drug store, 247 Central street.

E. H. WHITE

157 CENTRAL STREET

FOR SALE—Cottage house near Loring and Westford street; bath, hot water, furnace heat; in fine condition. $2500.

FOR SALE—In genteel neighborhood, a very nice lodging house. Rooms never empty, nice class of lodgers. Just the place for a man and wife to do light housekeeping and get a nice income from the rooms.

FOR SALE—A money-making variety store, with five-room tenement. Price $500.

FOR SALE—Two-family house, near the Lamson Store Service, always rented; $4,000.

FOR SALE—House and stable, 14000 feet land near Broadway and Walker streets, lots of fruit; $4,000.

EMBARRASSMENT

That's the condition we all strive to avoid. If you are on a salary and have not sufficient money to accomplish a desired end, we can be of assistance to you.

We have salaried people on our books who receive from

$500 to $2500

per year, so you see that it's not the amount of salary a person receives that makes a borrower—it's circumstances—an unexpected condition arising that makes borrowing necessary.

Your dealings with us are strictly confidential.

KELLEY The Broker

392 Middlesex Street

SEMI-COLON LAW

Bill to Repeal It Was Introduced

BOSTON, [illegible]

BUSINESS CHANCES

[illegible]

WILL SELL, below cost, the greatest curative [illegible] for self abuse, most [illegible] self treatment of [illegible] Guarantee money back [illegible] Address Wm. A. Barnes, Doctor of Physiology.

BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

Corrected to October 9, 1905.

Trains leave Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.[illegible] a. m., 6.[illegible], 7.01, 7.21, 7.31, 7.48, 7.55, 8.00, 8.42, 10.35, 11.23, 12.01, 12.12, 12.15, 1.32, 2.31, 3.10, 3.45, 4.15, 5.00, 5.25, 5.[illegible], 6.[illegible], 6.12, 7.00, 7.[illegible], 10.20 p. m. SUNDAYS 6.23, 7.31, 8.15, 8.45, 9.30, 10.30 a. m.; 12.30, 2.[illegible], 3.30, 5.30, 6.[illegible], 7.30, 9.30.

For Lawrence, 6.[illegible], 6.50, 7.31, 8.[illegible], 9.25, 10.54 a. m., 12.[illegible], 1.[illegible], 2.[illegible], 3.25, 5.05, 6.15, 7.[illegible], 9.[illegible], 10.[illegible] p. m. SUNDAYS, 9.15 a. m., 12.30, 1.[illegible], 5.[illegible], 6.[illegible], 7.[illegible], 8.[illegible] p. m.

For Salem, Marblehead and Beverly, 7.31 a. m.; 12.15, 1.32, 3.25, 5.25, 6.15 p. m.

For Haverhill, 6.[illegible], 6.50, 7.31, 8.[illegible], 9.25, 10.54 a. m.; 12.[illegible], 1.[illegible], 2.[illegible], 3.[illegible], 5.05, 5.[illegible], 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, 11.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15, 9.[illegible] a. m.; 1.[illegible], 5.[illegible], 6.[illegible], 7.[illegible] p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 7.31 a. m.; 12.[illegible], 2.25, 3.25, 6.15 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.[illegible], 7.31, 9.[illegible] a. m.; 12.[illegible], 1.[illegible], 2.[illegible], 3.[illegible], 5.[illegible] p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 5.[illegible] p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.50 a. m., 12.05, 3.35 p. m. SUNDAYS 5.25 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.[illegible], 8.31, 8.50 a. m.; 1.25, 3.35 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 5.25 p. m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.28, 8.50 a. m.; 3.35, 5.05 p. m., SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 5.55 p. m.

For Lewiston, 6.28, 8.50 a. m.; 1.[illegible], 3.05 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., [illegible] p. m.

For Rockland, 8.50 a. m.; 1.25 p. m.

For Skowhegan, 8.50 a. m.

For Bangor and Bar Harbor, 6.28, 8.50 a. m.; 5.05 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.25 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., 6.28, a. m.; 5.05 p. m. (does not run Saturdays) SUNDAYS, 5.25 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John via Portland from Portland; on Monday at 3.35 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, 7.48, 11.07 a. m.; 2.31, 4.23 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.; 5.25 p. m.

For Ayer Junction, Stations on W. N. & P. and Fitchburg Divisions, 7.07, 11.50, a. m.; 5.0, and 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.15 p. m.

For stations on W. N. & P. Div. on Nashua to Portland, Me., 2.00 a. m., 5.10 p. m. (to Rochester only.)

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.0, a. m.; 1.00, 3.40, 5.30 p. m. SUNDAYS 5 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.0 a. m.; 3.40 p. m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro 5 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.30, 9.01, 9.50, *10.50 a. m., 12.00, 12.23, 1.00, *1.30, 3.40, *5.20, 6.25, *8.15, *9.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.05, 10.55, a. m.; 12.05, 2.00, 6.02, *8.10 *9.10 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon, White River Junction, 7.30, *9.50 a. m.; 1.12, *5.20, (to Franklin only 5.25), *8.10 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.) Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.30 a. m.; 1.12 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Junction, Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal via Central Vermont Line, *9.50 a. m.; 6.[illegible], *8.10 p. m.

For Stations on White Mt. Division, 9.25, b*10.33 a. m., 1.12 p. m., 6.25 p. m. to Plymouth, *8.10 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville, via White River, b*10.33 a. m.; *1.12, *8.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec via Plymouth and C. P. R., b*10.[illegible] a. m.; *8.10 p. m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, *10.50 a. m.; *9.10 p. m. (daily except Sunday.)

Boston arr.

a Via Wilton Junction.

* Express. b Daily.

Free Consultation

DR. TEMPLE

Will give consultation during the month of January free of charge. All those who are sick are invited to take advantage of this offer and learn their true physical condition.

Dr. Temple cures catarrh of the head, nose and throat, catarrh of the stomach, constipation in first stages, bronchitis and asthma by the meanopathic inhalation—the most progressive system now known.

Dr. Temple cures rheumatism, diseases of the liver, kidneys and bladder, chronic, malarial, poisoning, headache, backache, etc.

Dr. Temple cures habitual constipation, diseases of the blood, and skin diseases. Dr. Temple treats and cures diseases of women, without the use of the surgeon's knife, pessaries or rings. Dr. Temple cures the diseases of men.

No matter what diseases you may be suffering with, if it becomes chronic, call and see Dr. Temple.

Dr. Temple was for three years first assistant to the Swinburne Medicine and Surgical Dispensary at Albany, N. Y.; has been in attendance at the Massachusetts Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, Boston, Mass.

You can consult with Dr. Temple—free of charge—at his office, 97 Central street, Masonic block, every day, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.; evenings, 7 to 8 p. m. The price for treatment is within the reach of all, paying as able. Free X-Ray Examination.

If you want help at home, or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

LEGAL NOTICES

[illegible]

WANTED

[illegible]

FOR SALE

[illegible]

LOST AND FOUND

[illegible]

SITUATIONS WANTED

[illegible]

HELP WANTED

[illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES

[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS

[illegible]

MONEY TO LOAN

[illegible]

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

[illegible]

INFORMATION WANTED

[illegible]

TO LET

[illegible]

SOMETIMES

Everyone wants money, no matter how saving a person may be one cannot foresee everything. We give the money so cheap and make the repayments so easy that it helps over a rough place in life's pathway without a jar.

CASH LOANS TO ANYONE with a salary. No security asked; a plain note is all we require.

KELLEY, the Money Lender,
392 Middlesex st.

THE PRODUCT OF THE 7-20-4

10c CIGAR FACTORY

is now larger than that of any individual manufacturer in New England. The name R. G. Sullivan stamped on every cigar insures quality.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr.,
Manchester, N. H.

BUSINESS MEN are better satisfied at Corey's Lunch, 6 Prescott street than at any other lunch room in the city. Service neat and quick.

MANUFACTURERS

On January 1st we will have for rent one of the Thorndike Mfg. Co. power and heat furnished, second floor space. Rent [illegible] Situated on Thorndike [illegible] For terms apply Now to

EUGENE G. RUSSELL
MANAGER
407 Middlesex st. Near Depot.

KELLEY The Broker

WILL HELP YOU

Will loan you the amount of money you want upon your salary without any security. Easy payments and no publicity to anyone. Satisfaction is guaranteed to you, and a courteous treatment is assured.

392 Middlesex Street

ROOMS TO LET suitable for a wheelwright or for light manufacturing. W. K. Aldrich, 157 Dutton st.

Great, Greater, Greatest.

The Sun is great on illustrations, greater on news, and greatest of all in circulation.

It is Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
5.46	6.50	6.00	7.04
6.38	7.40	6.30	7.29
6.50	7.50	7.04	8.04
8.47	7.53	8.15	8.53
7.51	8.00	9.00	9.37
7.21	8.05	10.00	10.37
7.51	8.50	10.47	11.50
7.44	8.37	11.30	12.07
7.53	8.55	12.00	12.35
8.49	9.29	1.00	1.37
8.33	10.10	2.05	3.05
11.07	12.02	3.00	3.37
11.38	12.19	3.47	4.06
12.12	1.00	4.14	5.04
1.43	2.23	5.00	5.37
2.53	3.49	5.30	6.25
3.47	4.30	5.47	6.54
4.23	5.30	6.15	7.10
5.12	6.15	7.21	8.05
5.49	7.10	8.03	9.00
6.12	6.53	10.30	11.34
7.51	8.18	11.30	12.21

WESTERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
6.26	7.35	7.30	8.31
8.00	8.34	9.25	10.34
9.25	10.39	10.55	11.44
10.24	11.35	11.50	1.05
12.02	1.17	2.15	3.15
12.47	1.46	3.35	4.45
2.05	2.22	4.20	5.26
3.10	4.00	5.01	7.12
3.53	5.00	6.55	7.45
5.00	6.40	8.20	10.55
6.28	7.40	11.15	12.11
8.38	7.50		
7.00	8.41		
9.30	12.24		

Leave to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Via Wilmington Jct.

SUNDAY TRAINS

SOUTHERN DIVISION

5.52	7.03	9.00	10.05
6.21	7.35	10.00	10.57
8.48	9.45	11.30	12.07
9.20	10.15	1.00	1.55
10.51	11.55	2.00	3.28
1.00	2.15	3.00	4.28
2.45	3.27	7.31	8.26
5.13	6.00	8.00	9.06
6.15	6.53	9.01	10.05
7.31	8.15	10.10	11.21

SUNDAY TRAINS

WESTERN DIVISION

8.13	9.26	8.00	9.10
10.10	1.15	12.00	1.00
5.35	4.50	5.05	6.25
6.35	6.53	8.41	9.25
8.47	9.55		

LOCAL NEWS

Tobin's Printing—Associate Bldg. Tel

J. J. Cluin Co., expert watch repairers, 19-23 Palmer street.

Hire your hacks for funerals or weddings at J. F. O'Donnell & Son's, 224 Market street.

Deposits in the Five Cent Savings Bank begin to draw interest Saturday, January 6.

When you have any real estate to sell consult J. F. Donohoe, Donovan Bldg. Telephone.

What is the use of paying 50 cents for a dinner when you can get a first-class one at Corey's for 25 cents at 45 Prescott street? The wise ones are steady patrons; be wise and save money and get what you want.

SLATTERY FOR TREASURER

BOSTON, Jan 4.—Among the first appointments that Mayor Fitzgerald will make will be ex-Alderman Charles Slattery for city treasurer. The resignation of Treasurer Crocker is ready. He intends to retire before the end of the month.

NOT HOW CHEAP
can you get a pair of glasses, but
HOW WELL
can your eyes be fitted regardless of the difference of a dollar or so.
THE BABBITT CO.
Suite 19 Bon Marche Bldg. 124 Merrimack st.

CUNARD LINE
To and from Boston, Liverpool and Queenstown.
For rates, tickets and further information, inquire of the local agency.
MURPHY'S, 18 Appleton St.
(Opp. Postoffice.)

ROBERT J. CROWLEY
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW
16 and 17 Central Block
Telephone—1723-2.

JOHN W. McEVOY
Counsellor-at-Law and Public Administrator.
137 Central St. Tel. 639-4.

JOSEPH F. DONOHOE
Real Estate and General Insurance
Rooms 46-47 Donovan Bldg., 267 Central St., Lowell, Mass. Tel. connections.

J. J. O'Connell J. J. Cushman
J. J. O'CONNELL & CO
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
1010 CENTRAL ST. DAVIS SQ
Telephone Connection.

Regular Boarders
WANTED
21 Meals for $3.00
—AT—
Corey's Leo Lunch
43 PRESCOTT STREET

JOSEPH E. LOUGHRAN
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
6 Hildreth Bldg. Lowell, Mass.

Effie L. Palmer
Voice Culture
Sbriglia Method.
Room 20, Swan Building, Lowell
MONDAYS.
This method is used by the greatest artists of the world. It relaxes the throat and opens the resonance cavities, making the voice free and resonant. Call and investigate this method of singing.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL
Attorney-at-Law
HILDRETH BUILDING, LOWELL

UNDERTAKERS
J. F. O'DONNELL & SONS
Funeral chapel and morgue connected with the establishment.
324 MARKET STREET
Telephone 439-3

J. HARVEY & CO.
Plumbing and Heating Contractors
Agent for Hub Heater.
Residence, 813 Moody street.
Office Telephone, No. 959.
All kinds of repairing done in first class manner at reasonable prices.
469 MERRIMACK STREET

"HOLY JUMPERS"

Were Jumped On by Mayor Fitzgerald

BOSTON, Jan 4.—Mayor Fitzgerald to-day issued an order to stop the holding of religious meetings in the building popularly called the "Holy Jumpers" but despite the fact that Berkeley hall was closed to the "Jumpers" last night in contemplation of the action taken by the city authorities they held a meeting in a room at 3 Camden street.

Acting on information which he had received regarding the nature of the meetings, Mayor Fitzgerald yesterday instructed the license clerk at city hall to take whatever steps he could to prevent the continuance of the meetings. No license is required for a religious meeting, but the mayor's instructions were interpreted by Timothy Hother, the license clerk, as an order to cancel the license of the hall in which the meetings were being held if they were not stopped at once.

Instructions were sent out early yesterday and the "Holy Jumpers" were notified by the janitor of the hall that their contract for the week must be cancelled.

As a result the afternoon meeting was held, but determined to prosecute their work, a room at 17 Camden street was secured in time for the evening service, which was conducted with all the vigor that has marked the previous performances of the society.

"Yes," said Mayor Fitzgerald last night, "I gave instructions that the licenses under which these meetings were held should be revoked. From the reports which have reached me I consider that they are opposed to public decency and I do not think that any public official should tolerate any such exhibitions. I do not know the precise method which was employed to bring the meetings to an end, but I did tell Mr. Butler that whatever license they were acting under should be cancelled.

Begin the New Year by opening an account in the Five Cent Savings Bank.

A BANKRUPT

PETITION HAS BEEN FILED BY LAWYER BAKER.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—William H. Baker, an attorney, whose political ambition led to his nomination for important offices to which he failed of election, and whose marriage in 1903 to Miss Marie E. Sweet, a Denver belle, added to his fame, laid another claim to public attention yesterday by filing a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the United States district court. His liabilities are $34,386.94 and his assets $12,400, $10,000 of the latter being on life insurance policies on which $2500 has been borrowed.

Up to 1901 Mr. Baker was for a number of years a resident of Newton. He then moved to Boston. His residence is now at 414 Newbury street, according to the petition. While a resident of Newton Mr. Baker was twice the democratic nominee for congressman in the old 12th district, once against the Hon. Charles F. Sprague and again an opponent of the Hon. Samuel L. Powers. He defeated Moorfield Storey for the democratic nomination in his second campaign and Mr. Storey ran independently. In 1902 Mr. Baker became a resident of Boston and was defeated for the democratic nomination in the 11th district by Congressman Sullivan. Since then he has not figured in politics. Twice Mr. Baker was candidate for mayor of Newton, being defeated once by less than 150 votes.

This week is Quarter Week at the Five Cent Savings Bank.

FAMINE IN JAPAN

Thousands Said to be Starving

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 4.—The famine in Japan is becoming thousands [illegible] according to advices received [illegible] by the steamer Dai Nippon of Japan.

A [illegible] report says Miyagi, Fukushima and Iwate provinces, with a population of [illegible], are confronting the worst [illegible] the deadly one of [illegible] ago. [illegible] in the calamity. Mr. [illegible] Foreign Investigator report the existence of death [illegible] one-third of the population of the province."

Literally thousands of those three provinces are obliged to eat shrubs, roots and bark of trees to sustain life, and a million people are in extreme conditions.

The misery arising from the famine is indescribable. Committees of foreign residents have been formed to arrange systematic relief.

UNION CLAUSE

OMITTED FROM CONTRACT FOR NEW SCHOOL.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Jan. 4.—The contractors of this city, James H. Mendell & Co., Head & Dowst company, John F. Seward, William C. Wilson and E. L. Lodge, have refused to accede to the demands of the union carpenters for an eight-hour day at the wages paid for nine hours of labor. The strike has made no appreciable effect upon building operations, save a diminution of the force employed by James H. Mendell & Co.

A fact came to light yesterday, in connection with the strike, that is being much talked about. Early last year the mayor and aldermen passed a resolution calling for the insertion of a clause in all city contracts to the effect that union labor must be employed in the construction of all city buildings. An inspection of the contract for the Chandler school shows that this clause was omitted from the contract, and the contractors, James H. Mendell & Co., are at liberty to employ any class of laborers they choose.

CASH BOOKS Lawler's 79 Merrimack st.

Retiring From Business
Having entered into an agreement to turn over to my successor my business, good will and fixtures on Feb. 10, I must close out my entire stock before that date and will therefore offer every article, absolutely without reserve at
Public Auction
COMMENCING FRIDAY, JAN. 5th
I have engaged one of the leading auctioneers in New England to conduct my sales and will personally guarantee every article myself—for just four weeks—or less if I can dispose of my stock. I will hold
DAILY SALES AT 7.30 P. M.
$10,000 in diamonds, gold, filled and silver watches must go. I will not carry anything out of Lowell. Come and see.
WM. A. BLOCK - 14 Prescott St.

THE TUCKER PIN

Has Been Loaned to Defendant's Counsel

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—Judge Sherman of the superior court yesterday gave counsel for Charles L. Tucker permission to have possession for 5 days of the Cunningham diamond pin, which the defense intends to use at the trial of the young man accused of the murder of Miss Mabel Page. Attorney Thomas F. Vahey saw Judge Sherman at 4 p. m. yesterday and obtained an order upon State Detective Frederick A. Rhoades for the pin. Mr. Rhoades delivered it to the attorney.

The pin which Mr. Vahey received is not the one which Miss Amy Roberts identified as the one which had been taken from the room of Miss Page the day of the murder, and this pin is in the way a feature of the government case. During the trial the defense introduced a Canadian stickpin which Walter Tucker, brother of the prisoner, purchased in Montreal, as being very like that which he had seen the prisoner wear.

During the trial the pin was used in the examination of witnesses, and it was picked out by Mrs. Tucker, mother of the prisoner, as being identical with the one that she said belonged to her son. This pin differs in coloring and in shape from that which the prosecution claims was stolen in the Page house the day of the murder. The prosecution has little, if any interest in having this pin retained by the state detectives, who have the custody of all the exhibits in the case.

Atty. Gen. Parker offered no objection yesterday to the petition of the defense attorneys for the use of the pin they had introduced. The defense intends to use the pin in the investigation it is now making to ascertain whether it is possible to connect the pin lost in Portland by a Mr. Allen of Portsmouth with the one found in that city by the wife of Tucker, it being the belief of Tucker's attorneys that the pin identified by Amy Roberts is really the article found by Mrs. Tucker in Portland.

The identity of the pin claimed by the prosecution to have been taken from the Page house is the basis of the petition for a new trial now in process of preparation by Tucker's attorneys.

FELL FROM STAGING

Patrick Sweeney, employed nights at the Bigelow Carpet mills, fell from a staging last night while hoisting coal, and his foot was crushed so badly that he was taken in the ambulance to St. John's hospital.

DARING ROBBERY

Snatch Thieves Got Away With $52

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—While many persons were passing back and forth on Dorchester avenue at about 6.15 o'clock last night two daring snatch thieves got a bag from the hands of Miss Frances Beadle. Aman caught one of them, but he subsequently escaped, only to be caught later by Sergeant Crotty and Patrolman Sullivan of the B-5 division. This is the second time within a week that the operations of snatch thieves have been brought to light in this vicinity, and it is thought that these two men are the guilty parties in each case.

It is apparent that the men were familiar with conditions. Miss Beadle, an attractive looking young woman of about 20 years, is cashier at the store of the John T. Connor corporation, at 110 Dorchester avenue, South Boston, and she resides at 209½ Exchange street, Harrison square. No money is left in the store over night, and Miss Beadle carries home all money on hand after having balanced her books.

She was certainly watched, for soon after she started out Dorchester avenue she noticed two men were following her. According to her usual custom, she had placed the money, $52, and 2000 local stamps in her bag and hurried.

When near Locust street, with several persons quite near, the men suddenly rushed past her, seizing the bag as they went. Both dashed in different directions.

Miss Beadle shouted for help and a teamster, whose name is unknown, overhauled one of the men.

He brought him back to the scene of the theft, where a little girl said that his name was Dick Goode. Just at this juncture a woman opened the door of her house, and the prisoner knew her and spoke to her, saying that he was sick and wanted a drink of water. His captor went to the door with him and allowed him to enter for the water but the wily individual promptly made his escape through a rear window, and was again free.

Sergeant Crotty and Patrolman Sullivan rounded up one of the alleged thieves, who proved to be Richard Goode, a man well known to the police. He, however, was not the one who had the bag. The other is known to the police, who expect to have him before long.

Dragons, Friday eve., Prescott hall.

REP. W. H. I. HAYES

GIVEN PLACE ON RULES COMMITTEE.

Speaker Cole of the lower branch of the legislature appointed the following committee on rules: The speaker, Hayes of Lowell, Walker of Brookline, Ames of Orange, Seward of Watertown, Lowell of Newton, Turtle of Springfield, Wheeler of Concord, Peabody of Cambridge, Quinn of Boston and Dean of Wakefield.

Of the remaining members, Walker was Cole's leading rival for the speakership. Peabody was also a candidate, and Lowell and Wheeler were both strong Walker men. Ames of Orange, Seward and Turtle were for Cole.

TRIED SUICIDE

ORCUTT ATTEMPTED TO GASH HIS THROAT.

NORTH ADAMS, Jan. 4.—After reading a letter from his daughters telling him what a happy Christmas they had and how much they missed him, E. W. Orcutt, 46, of Denver, Col., made a sensational attempt to commit suicide yesterday afternoon in the police station here. Locked up to prevent him doing himself or any body else harm, he smashed a window in the corridor of the station house and used a piece of the glass from the window to saw his throat.

Capt. Parson and Chief Dineen were in the station house at the time and heard the crash. Rushing to the corridor upstairs, they found Orcutt sawing at his throat. Chief Dineen fell upon him and overpowered him just as he was about to sever the jugular vein. He managed to cut himself twice, and it is regarded as remarkable that he missed the jugular vein.

Orcutt was immediately strapped in the padded cell and was kept closely guarded. He will be taken to Northampton insane asylum.

Dragons at Prescott hall Friday eve.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

The Huntington Stock company which is holding the boards at the Academy of Music has made it a point to produce shows which will appeal to the people, shows which are better than the ordinary run, the matter of royalty and other expenses not being considered so long as the patrons of the house are satisfied. In this the management has succeeded and despite the fact that one of the best shows of the season "The Parish Priest" is being presented at the Academy this week there are many other shows equally as good if not better booked for the ensuing weeks.

Daniel J. Sullivan, "Our Sully" has made a great hit in the title role of "The Parish Priest" and he has been the recipient of many letters of congratulation from patrons of the theatre. The support accorded him by the other members of the company is excellent.

The play is too well known to the public to go into detail; suffice to say that it portrays the story of the old saying of "true love never runs smooth," a young man who being ambitious for worldly gains is ready to sacrifice the love of a sweetheart of many years for the daughter of a rich doctor. The parish priest, who by his teachings and kindly advice has won a warm place in the hearts of the parishioners, takes it unto himself to right the wrong and does so in a very agreeable as well as interesting manner.

Performances will be given every afternoon and evening this week, with the exception of Friday afternoon.

Mr. Wright Huntington returned from New York yesterday and took charge of the rehearsals of "The Girl I Left Behind Me," which is to be produced at the Academy of Music next week. He has signed several new actors of prominence, a number of whom will be seen in the production next week. It is his desire to make the new stock company fully equal to any stock organization in the country. He also contracted with Mr. Frohman for 10 of his biggest successes, four of them calling for royalty of $500 a week.

MUST TOOT HORN

Court Gives Decision Against Autoists

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—A motorist approaching a wagon from behind must blow his horn. Edward B. Jennings' failure to do so rendered him liable to Robert A. Gifford, a wagon driver, for a broken leg caused by a kick from his horse, which became frightened by the auto, according to a decision handed down by the full bench of the supreme court in the case of Gifford against Jennings, yesterday.

The accident happened in Westport, the only negligence complained of was Jennings' failure to toot his horn as required by the automobile statute of 1903. This failure was held by the court to be negligence and warranted the jury in finding it was the cause of Gifford's broken leg.

"The jury must have found," says the court, "that a horn should be sounded on overtaking a horse, not only to warn the driver to keep to his side of the road, but also to give timely warning of the approach of this machine, which, in the kind of noise made by it, among other things, is novel, and therefore may be dangerous, and that the defendant should have known this."

Gifford has a verdict of $400.

TEXTILE SCHOOL NOTES.

The Lowell Textile school is open again after the Christmas holidays.

There seems to be a very favorable sentiment towards the formation of a society among the students, which will have for its purpose the promulgation of the game of hand ball.

A new lawn tennis association will be formed next week.

The baseball association will meet next Monday and elect officers.

O'Sullivan Bros. Co.
The Store Where People Find What They Want
MEN'S DEPT.
Our Stock Reducing Sale
THE NETTLETON SHOES, Box Calf, Double Sole, $6.00 shoes cut to
$4.50
Every size and width in this lot. Those who know these shoes should call at once if they need or expect to need footwear.
We are over-stocked and we've got to unload. You're the gainer if you want the shoes.
O'Sullivan Bros. Co.
FEET FITTERS.
OPPOSITE CITY HALL

2 Day "Resolution" Sale
BEGIN THE NEW YEAR RIGHT—COMMENCE SAVING MONEY—HERE'S VALUES TO POINT THE WAY - - - - - -
In the secret of daily saving lies the story of success or failure. The housewife who resolves to begin the new year with Ginter saves in spite of herself. After all it's the pennies saved that count—and nowhere else do your pennies buy as much as here.
Trading with Ginter brings added satisfaction, too, for every purchase carries our binding guarantee of highest quality.

FRESH MEATS
Our Meat Department is not only the home of the highest qualities, but best of all, every item is priced to show the most substantial savings.
FANCY SPRING LAMB—Short legs, lb. 13c
FANCY FRESH RIB ROAST BEEF—Lb. 10c
NORTH'S CHOICE SMOKED SHOULDERS—Lb. 9c
NORTH'S SUGAR CURED HAMS—Lb. 13c

CRACKERS
The Choicest, Freshest, Crispest and most Popular Crackers at prices that cannot fail to appeal to the busy and economical housewife. Regular 12c and 13c values. Quantity unlimited.
FIG BARS—Rich, pure filling, lb. 7 1-2c
GRAHAM WAFERS—Unusually nutritious, lb. 7 1-2c
TEA OR WINE BISCUIT—A cracker for special occasions, lb. 7 1-2c
PILOT CRACKERS—A handy cracker for all occasions, lb. 7 1-2c
GRANDMA'S COOKIES—Delicious for the children, lb. 7 1-2c
Made by Snell & Simpson, the oldest established cracker bakery in New England.
LUNCH CRACKERS—"Little Brother" Brand. Baked by New England Biscuit Company, Worcester. Deliciously palatable and nutritious. Made from goods of unquestioned purity only, and so guaranteed by the manufacturers, lb. 7 1-2c

BUTTER
"GOLDEN ROSE"—Finest Vermont Creamery Butter, lb. 25c
FINEST ELGIN BUTTER—Lb. 21c

FLOUR
"GOLDEN ROSE"—The best in the barrel, and of course the best in the loaf, ¼ bbl. bag 73c; per bbl. $5.69

EGGS
Egg disappointment an unknown quantity here.
EASTERN BRAND—Doz. 25c
CAPE QUALITY BRAND—Doz. 28c

TEAS
IMPERIAL GARDEN TEAS—Specially imported from the finest gardens of the Orient, the $1 kind elsewhere, 4 profit-sharing coupons with every pound, at 45c
"GOLDEN ROSE" TEAS—The Reliable kind, 2 coupons with every lb. 35c

COFFEES
If you want the best, try the "HONOR BRIGHT" BRAND—2 coupons with every pound, at 30c
"PRIDE OF ADEN" BRAND, the reliable kind, 2 coupons with every pound, at 25c

COUPON
Upon presenting this coupon at our store and making a purchase of 50c or more, we will give you one can Van Camp's Evaporated Cream. Good for Friday and Saturday only.

Specials for Friday and Saturday
SHREDDED WHEAT—Pkg. 10c
FORCE—Pkg. 11c
QUAKER OATS—Pkg. 8c
GOOD RICE OR TAPIOCA—Lb. 4c
JELLO—Pkg. 8c
CAMPBELL'S ASSORTED SOUPS—Can 8c
FULL CREAM CHEESE—Lb. 15c
"GOLDEN ROSE" LAUNDRY SOAP—5 bars 11c
CROSS & BLACKWELL'S MALT VINEGAR—Bottle 17c
5 POUND CROCK FANCY JELLY 19c
YORK STATE PEA BEANS—Quart 7c
2 POUND CAN MAINE STYLE CORN 7c
2 POUND CAN JUNE PEAS 8c
1 POUND JAR FRUIT PRESERVES 9c
10 POUND BAG FINE TABLE SALT 9c
"GOLDEN ROSE" PURE CONDENSED MILK—Can 8c
GREEN MOUNTAIN POTATOES—Peck 19c
FANCY SOUTHERN SPINACH—Peck 19c
GINTER'S
141 Merrimack Street

Here it is---Just What You've Waited For

Our Great January Mark-Down Sale of Cloaks, Suits, Skirts, Waists and Furs
We never carry over a winter garment. An enormous stock of the season's new, fresh, up-to-date merchandise to be sacrificed this week at prices heretofore unheard of. Just think of it, $10 tailor made suits for $5.98 and $6.98 and other garments equally important reductions. Be on hand and do not miss this money-saving opportunity.

Furs - Furs
January Reduction Sale

	Were	Now
Sable Opossum Muffs	$5	$2.99
Sable Coney Muffs	4	2.49
Sable Coney Scarfs	5	2.98
River Mink Ties	5	2.98
River Mink Scarfs	8	4.98
Blended Brook Mink Muffs	8	4.98
Natural Marten Scarfs	10	4.98
Grey Squirrel Muffs	8.50	5.98
Sable Squirrel Sets	$15	$8.98
Grey Squirrel Sets	16.50	9.98
Fox Muffs	17.50	10.00
Mink Scarfs	37.50	25.00
Mink Muffs	37.50	25.00
Mink Sets	40.00	25.00

Rain Coats
Women's rain coats of hard finished shower-proof coverts, double breasted, plaited back. This sale $6.98

Women's Coats
Winter Coats—Women's kersey and cheviot coats in black, castor and tan, ¾ length, trimmed with velvet and braid, box or inverted pleated back. Were $10 to $12. This sale $5.98
Tourist Coats—New, long coats in this season's most desirable models, 50 inches long, in stylish gray diagonal mixtures. Other long coats in black Thibet cloth ½ satin lined. These are the greatest values offered in this city at $7.98

Women's Suits
Women's Suits—Broken lot of suits in black and navy, cheviots and mixtures. Were $10. Choice at $3.98
Women's Suits in cheviots, Panama and mixtures. Were $12.50, at $6.98
Women's Suits, made from fancy mixtures and cheviots. Choice of this lot of $18 suits at $8.98
Women's Suits were $20, now $12.50
Women's Suits were $30, now $20.00
Women's Suits were $40, now $27.50

Dress Skirts
Dress Skirts—200 Skirts in black and gray mixtures 85c
Dress Skirts in black, navy and brown broadcloth, melton cloth and fancy mixtures. Were $3.50. Choice at $1.88
Dress Skirts—Made from broadcloth and Scotch mixtures, various styles to select from. Were $5. This sale $2.98
Dress Skirts—Skirts made from Panama, cheviot and melton cloth. Were $6.50 at $3.98
Dress Skirts—Made from all wool mixtures, broadcloths and cheviots. All reduced to $5.00

Children's Coats
Children's Coats—Made of fancy mixtures, zibeline, beaver, melton and crushed velvet, trimmed with fancy buttons, braid and bell, sizes 4 to 14. Made to sell at $5. Price $2.98
Children's Coats—Various styles, box back and some empire back and front, with or without collars, in red, blue, brown and green, sizes 4 to 14. Made to sell at $7. Price $3.98
10 Children's Coats $5.98
$12.50 Children's Coats $7.50

CHRIS. HOLMES, Specialty Store New Location
198-200 Merrimack Street

THE WEATHER
The indications are that it will be fair tonight with falling temperature, Friday fair and colder, fresh to brisk southwest to west winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

6 O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878 | LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY JANUARY 4 1906 | 10 PAGES ONE CENT

NIGHT EDITION

LARCENY CHARGE

Alfred E. Gravel Arrested by Inspector Walsh

Another clever arrest was made this afternoon by Inspector John A. Walsh, when he captured Alfred E. Gravel who is alleged to have stolen two suits of clothes, an extra pair of pants, a bunch of keys and a watch chain. The property is claimed by James L. Wentworth, who resides at 17 Queen street, this city. The complaint was made at the station house this noon, and the prisoner was arrested about quarter after one o'clock, at the home of his sister on Watson ave., just after he had arrived from Boston.

When arrested it is alleged by Wentworth that he had on one of the suits of clothes taken from his house. Wentworth was at the station and positively identified the man and the suit of clothes. The chain it is said was pawned in Boston, and the other suit of clothes was sold in Woburn. The prisoner is now on probation for breaking and entering a building.

The story as told by Mr. Wentworth, is to the effect that Gravel and he had been working together for some time, and last Tuesday afternoon, Gravel came to him and said he was tired, and asked Wentworth if he could not lie down in his bed. Wentworth assented, saying "Of course you can, there is the bed, help yourself." Wentworth went away and when he returned Gravel had decamped and there were missing the clothes, the watch chain and a bunch of keys. Wentworth is a colored gentleman, and Gravel is whitet, and he says he was a little mite slow in complaining on this account, but he came to the station this noon, and Gravel was behind the bars shortly after one o'clock.

OFFICIAL NOTICE

Will be Served on Property Owners

Four temporary clerks are busily engaged in the assessors office copying off the list of names of owners of property throughout the city and stating the amount of valuation of the property together with other details. The men are making out the list in compliance with the request of the Massachusetts Gypsy Moth commission.

As soon as the list of names of the owners of property is copied from the assessors books, printed notices will be sent out to the different property owners, notifying them to remove all gypsy moth nests from the trees on their property.

According to the law the property owners are obliged to do this and in case no action is taken by the owners who have trees infested with the moths they will be summoned before the commission and action taken.

AFTER 46 YEARS

Principal Boyden Quits Normal School

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—At the regular monthly meeting of the state board of education today Albert G. Boyden, principal of the State Normal school at Bridgewater, resigned after a service of 46 years and was immediately appointed principal emeritus. The board filled the vacancy by appointing Arthur C. Boyden, active principal. Joseph A. Pitman, superintendent of schools at Marlboro, was appointed principal of the State Normal school at Salem. Geo. H. Martin was re-elected secretary of the board.

TOMMY RYAN

WILL MEET TOMMY BURNS FOR CHAMPIONSHIP.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—A dispatch from Butte, Mont., says:

Tommy Ryan and Tommy Burns will fight for the middleweight championship title early in February before the Pacific Athletic club of Los Angeles, according to an announcement made last night by Manager Curley, acting for Ryan, and Marvin Hart, who are now in this city. Ryan says he will fight at 158 pounds at 3 o'clock.

If you want help at home, or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Special Notice

There will be a special meeting of the Textile Council Friday evening, at Weavers' hall, 22 Middle st. John Golden, president United Textile Workers, will address the meeting.

THE SUN
Is On Sale
At Both News Stands
In the Union Station
BOSTON

OUT ON STRIKE

Labor Trouble at the Chelmsford Foundry

THE MEN WANT UNION WAGES

One Half of the Force Quit Work

A strike was declared at the North Chelmsford iron foundry this morning and about 25 men are out of work. Some of the employes of the foundry are members of the union and decided to make a request for the union wage scale, which places the minimum pay at $2.75 a day. The management refused this, whereupon all the members of the union were ordered out. About one-half of the force obeyed the order and many of these are not union men. It has been the practice of the company to "pay men what they considered them worth." Some received $2.50 a day, and others got $2.25, $2 or $1.75 a day.

ANNUAL REPORT

Work of Lands and Buildings Dept.

Supt. John J. O'Connor of the lands and buildings department is busily engaged preparing his annual report. This year the head of this department will have his report in printed form, which will be a departure from the methods of former superintendents. The last printed report of the lands and buildings departments was issued in 1893 when Richard Bray was superintendent.

A resume of the building work of the year 1905 shows that there was a decided increase in operations over any previous year.

During the year 1905, 165 new buildings were erected. Of this number fourteen were of brick and 151 of wood. One permit issued by the superintendent was cancelled.

Eighty-six permits for making alterations and additions were granted, and of this number nine were for brick buildings and 77 for wooden buildings, making a grand total of 251 permits issued during the year.

The total valuation of the buildings erected was $796,569 and of the alterations made $81,520, making a grand total of $878,090 as against the total of $677,565 for the year previous.

TEXTILE WON

ELITE SKATERS DEFEATED IN EXCITING CONTEST.

At the Elite skating rink last night there was a race between the Elite skating relay team and a picked team from the Textile school. The race was a particularly exciting one and was easily captured by the Textile team, who lapped the skaters in the 14th lap.

Several mishaps occurred to the skaters, as they did not seem able to keep their feet at the pace set for them. Textile won by about a lap and a quarter. The teams were as follows:

Textile—W. Whitman, W. Macdonnell, W. Baker, W. Lee, C. Kent.

Elite—T. McDermott, G. Andrews, T. Hannafin, A. Grey, J. Grey.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY

Billerica Man Held Up at the Point of Revolver

D. MOYER STALEY HELD UP BY HIGHWAYMEN.

His Money Taken—The House of Frederick S. Clarke Also Was Robbed by the Same Parties

One of the most daring highway robberies ever committed in the quiet little town of Billerica was perpetrated around midnight Tuesday night. Either following or preceding the highway robbery the elegant residence in North Billerica occupied by Treasurer Frederick S. Clarke, of the Talbot mills, was broken into and looted. There is little doubt that both jobs were committed by the same gang and the fact that the men connected with the case were desperadoes of the first order was shown by the use of revolvers in the hold-up.

The unfortunate victim of the hold-up was Mr. D. Moyer Staley, who resides in the centre village and the hold-up occurred on the main road between the Fordway bridge and High street.

The matter, however, was not reported to the police of the town until late last night and owing to the tardiness in reporting the matter it may be difficult to locate the criminals. If Mr. Staley had reported the matter shortly after his meeting the highwaymen the latter might have been apprehended.

Mr. Staley has an office in Boston and is in the habit of going home to Billerica two or three nights a week. He generally leaves on the 10.15 o'clock train from Boston and rides through to North Billerica and walks from the station in that village to the postoffice where he takes the electric car for Billerica Centre.

On Tuesday night, however, the engine attached to the 10.15 train met with an accident and the train was late. When Mr. Staley reached the North village he learned that the last electric car for the Centre had passed through. He then started to walk to the Centre.

Just after crossing the Fordway bridge, which separates the North from the Centre village, Mr. Staley met the electric car going towards Lowell. Knowing the motorman he waved his hand to him and received a nod in recognition.

The car had just turned the curve near the common in North Billerica and Mr. Staley was a little way beyond the Ara Pollard homestead when he noticed a man walking toward him. Mr. Staley started to cross the road to avoid the man and the man also crossed and pulling a brace of revolvers from his pocket shouted in a strong voice:

"Throw up your hands."

Mr. Staley did as he was requested, and, looking up the road saw another form approaching. In the space of a few seconds a pal of the man who held the revolvers came up and started to search through the victim's pockets. In one of the pockets the searcher ran across a roll of bills containing $151. He immediately appropriated this amount and then took Mr. Staley's watch out of his vest pocket.

The searcher was about to put the watch in his pocket when he drew an electric search light and turning its [illegible] watch noticed that there [illegible] on the back. The [illegible] decided that it would be [illegible] to be found with the time [illegible] on it, so the person in question handed it back to Mr. Staley.

"[illegible] you've got the best of me," said the victim.

"[illegible] right," said the man with the revolvers, poking one of them into Mr. Staley's face.

"[illegible] we may meet again," said Mr. Staley.

"We don't want to have any talk with you," said one of the men. "We are after money, we need the money and we intend to have it."

[illegible] conversation was held among the three men and then one of the highwaymen said to Mr. Staley: "Don't you dare to say a word about this to anyone or you will have to suffer the consequences."

With the above parting words Mr. Staley was started on his way home and the two men followed a few feet in his rear.

When High street was reached the two men bid good night to their victim and hooped into a carriage which was waiting in High street. That there was another person in the carriage Mr. Staley is confident. The buggy was of the Goddard style with rubber tires.

Owing to the darkness of the night Mr. Staley was unable to get a good look at the faces of his assailants.

Carrying out the commands of the highwaymen the victim failed to state a word about the matter to the police until last night, which gave the robbers a good start.

Last night about nine o'clock he told Chief of Police Martin Conway of the affair. If Chief Conway had been notified immediately after the incident he would have been able to telephone to the police of the surrounding towns and the men would undoubtedly have been apprehended.

After notifying the police of the surrounding towns he would have secured the Billericas in search of the men and as Chief Conway has a faculty of ferreting out criminals in an able manner he undoubtedly would have them soon under arrest. But the tardiness in reporting the matter and the meagre description given by Mr. Staley badly handicaps the police.

CLARKE RESIDENCE ROBBED.

Some time Tuesday night, undoubtedly before Mr. Staley was held up, the residence of Treasurer Frederick S. Clarke of the Talbot mills in Billerica was entered and looted of considerable valuables, though the exact loss has not been ascertained at the present time owing to the absence of the occupants of the house.

Mr. Clarke resides in Talbot avenue almost opposite the Talbot residence, but does not reside in town during the winter. The break was discovered yesterday and reported to Chief Conway, who is now awaiting an inspection by the members of the household in order to learn the exact loss.

That both the break and the highway robbery were committed by the same gang is very probable.

While searching the Clarke residence Chief Conway ran across a clue which may prove of great assistance in running down the criminals.

On several pieces of the highly polished furniture in the parlor there were numerous distinct finger prints. Chief Conway with the assistance of Supt. Moffatt of this city intends to develop the finger prints and work on that clue.

Later it was discovered that the highwaymen secured no plunder in the Clarke house. An investigation by Constables Conway and Livingston, together with Mr. Clarke, revealed this fact today. Everything was turned up side down, but not a single article was missing. It appears that the robbers did not find just what they desired and went away empty handed. In every room burnt matches were found, and the safe door was blown open, but fortunately for Mr. Clarke the silver plate had been removed to Boston early in November, because the Clarkes live at 29 Commonwealth avenue, Boston, Mass., during the winter.

Lowell Gas Light Co's
COKE
Is the best Pittsburg Coal with the gases taken out. The heat units are practically the same as in the coal.

New Year Presents
WELCH BROS. have the most beautiful line of Parlor Lamps to be seen in the city at their store on Middle Street. Call at
WELCH BROS. Steam Fitter and Plumber

TO CURE LEPROSY

Boy Made Soup of Human Flesh

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 4.—News was received from Tokio by the Empress of India yesterday, that the Japanese police have solved a strange crime when proving the murder of the celebrated Japanese poet, Nezel Naguchi, by Oraburo Naguchi, an adopted son. It was found that some years ago Oraburo murdered a boy and cut a piece of flesh from his victim to make soup, which he fed to his foster parents, who were leprous. He did so because he read that soup made from human flesh would cure leprosy.

BARGE LOST

STORY TOLD BY THE CREW OF TUG RAMBLER.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 4.—The story of the loss of barge No. 61 off Block Island, Conn., on last Tuesday night, is graphically told by the crew of the tug Resolute, which arrived here with barge Mode II., from New York today. The Resolute with another tug, the Rambler, was towing five "coffin" barges at the time, four of them bound for New London, when suddenly the hawser connecting No. 61 with the preceding barge parted. The preceding barge next went adrift on a big wave and No. 61 crashed into her bow, first smashing through the forward portion of the craft. The Rambler immediately cast loose from the tow and picked off Captain Olsen and his wife on No. 61 which sank rapidly. The sunken barge was the third in the string and meanwhile the [illegible] barges drifted rapidly away before the gale. While chasing these barges, the Rambler was impeded somewhat by a hawser which got in her wheel but finally succeeded in catching the barges and bringing them to New London. The Resolute had taken the two head barges of the tow to the same port in safety, later bringing one to this port.

If you want help at home, or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

EXTRA

WILL NOT BE PAID

"Riot Act" Read to City Farm Appraisers

Mayor Casey, Supt. Donlan of the city farm and Messrs. Daniel H. Vannum, Geo. L. Fowler and John J. Burns, who were appointed appraisers of the property at the city farm by the overseers of the poor at the meeting held Monday night, had a series of heated arguments this morning.

It will be remembered that the four members of the dying board of overseers of the poor appointed the three above named men to appraise the property at the farm and submit a report, for which work they were to be paid.

Owing to the fact that the board will be out of existence in less than two weeks and as the new board of charities to be appointed will have to make a new appraisal of the property, Mayor Casey and Supt. Donlan did not see the necessity of wasting the money to pay the appraisers appointed by the board.

This morning about 9.30 o'clock the three appraisers put in an appearance at the farm and called on Dr. Charles E. Donlan and stated their business.

This had not uttered many words however before typewritten letters were handed to each one, each letter reading as follows:

"Dear Sir: I have the honor to say that as a private citizen you have my permission to examine any and every part of this institution if done without remuneration.

"But, I shall not recognize any act you may perform as official and hereby give notice that I will not approve any claim for compensation.

"DR. CHARLES E. DONLAN."

"Do you mean to say that we cannot go through the institution?" asked Mr. Vannum, who appeared to be the spokesman for the appraisers.

"No I do not. You can go any place you wish to in the institution, as well as any other citizen of Lowell," was the doctor's answer.

"Well, we are going in and are going to appraise the property."

"Well if you do so it will be without compensation, for I will refuse to approve any bill which you may send in."

A hot controversy then ensued and Mr. Vannum called Mayor Casey on the telephone and another exchange of words was in order. Mayor Casey instructed Mr. Vannum not to make an appraisal of the property, stating to that gentleman that it was an unnecessary expense owing to the fact that the Board of Charities would have to perform the same duties in several weeks, and that he didn't intend to put the city to any unnecessary expense to please the whims of an outgoing board.

He also informed them that he would refuse to approve any bill which they might render. As to entering the institution, he agreed with Dr. Donlan, that the men could inspect the place, but if they intended to make any appraisal that they would do so at their own expense and that it would be a mere loss of time.

Nevertheless the three appraisers started on their tour and went through a portion of the institution and left shortly before eleven o'clock for dinner.

In the afternoon Messrs. Vannum and Fowler returned, but Mr. Burns was missing. Mr. Burns is not anxious for the work, probably anticipating trouble, and undoubtedly will not assist any further in the appraisal of the property.

PREDICTS PANIC

Schiff Says There Must be Currency Reform

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—In a speech before the chamber of commerce today Jacob H. Schiff, head of the banking firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., declared that unless something were done for currency reform there would be a panic in this country. He said he regarded the need of a more elastic currency as of prime importance but would not favor the plan recently outlined by Secretary Shaw for an emergency circulation. Mr. Schiff said he rather favors a circulation based upon commercial paper and which might be issued through the clearing houses. Secretary Shaw's plan, he thought would facilitate speculations rather than legitimate business interests.

Mr. Schiff said it was a disgrace to the country to see the money market in the condition it had been in for the past sixty days. "If this condition is not changed," said Mr. Schiff "there will be a panic in this country compared with which previous ones will seem like mere child's play. If the president would put part of his energy to this question as he has done with railroad rates it would be commendable.

"GRAFT" CHARGES

Mayor Thompson Gets After Pauper Department

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Jan. 4.—In pursuance of statements made during his campaign speech and in his inaugural address, Mayor Thomas Thompson today started an investigation of the affairs of the city poor department against which he charged extravagance and misuse of supplies. In the almshouse a committee, appointed by the mayor found what is claimed to be a superabundance of supplies. In the cellar 13 barrels of molasses which had apparently been there for several years was found. In the attic the search revealed large quantities of rice, tea and flour together with about 1000 pounds of tobacco and 20 sacks of coffee, which it is thought must have accumulated during the last few years.

In addition it is charged that milk, vegetables and other farm products raised on the poor farm have been misdirected.

Mayor Thompson will make still further investigations.

MATRIMONIAL

At St. Patrick's parochial residence last Wednesday evening Mr. William Riley and Miss Catherine Rynne were united in marriage by Rev. Fr. Gilday. The bride was attended by Miss Julia Talbot and the best man was Mr. James Riley. At the conclusion of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride, 366 Market street. The young couple left on a wedding trip to New York and Philadelphia. They were the recipients of numerous presents. Friends from Manchester and Haverhill attended the reception and joined with their many Lowell friends in wishing the young couple all prosperity.

Everybody Says
The Sun is Lowell's greatest newspaper.
What everybody says must be true.

6 O'CLOCK

CITY OF CHICAGO

May Join the Amateur Athletic Union

CHICAGO Jan 4 [illegible] is to [illegible] This is [illegible] the two [illegible] the city [illegible] also marks an [illegible] tude of [illegible] sports for [illegible] a vote [illegible] amateur [illegible] clubs.

The [illegible] yesterday [illegible] the city to [illegible] the athletic [illegible] voted the [illegible] dollars a year.

The [illegible] playground [illegible] Pierce in the [illegible] who have [illegible] city. [illegible] admitted to the [illegible] last year [illegible] and $7,000 in 1905.

BIG INCREASE

IN THE EXPORTS OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

WASHINGTON, Jan 4 [illegible] participated to the extent of more than a billion [illegible] of commerce [illegible] the [illegible] departments of commerce [illegible] that the value of manufactured [illegible] terials imported [illegible] these classes [illegible] exported [illegible] the previous year. [illegible] material for [illegible] ported in the [illegible] $32,000,000 in the [illegible] previous year. In [illegible] there was a remark [illegible] exports of agricultural products especially [illegible] from $2,000,000 in the year [illegible] $9,000,000 during the first [illegible] of this year.

COURT MARTIAL

CASE OF MIDSHIPMAN FOSTER TAKEN UP.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 4—The court-martial which has been in session for several days past in the cases of alleged hazers, reassembled today. The court took up the case of Midshipman Worth W. Foster of New Albany, Ind., who is charged with hazing [illegible] Charles S. Roberts. Mr. Foster's counsel objected to the [illegible] charge of the three [illegible] the case of the [illegible] Post the judge advocate [illegible] to specify [illegible] charge. The court was cleared to consider his request.

BILLERICA

The Women's Club [illegible] Mrs. Ethelbert [illegible] was [illegible] and Mrs. Hattie [illegible] by Mrs. Hattie Wright and Mrs. Ethelbert Parker, for which [illegible] was a delicacy.

The new place book [illegible] Billerica [illegible] on the [illegible] place on the [illegible] following [illegible]

SOLDIERS MONUMENT DEDICATED

DEDICATION OF BILLERICA'S HONOR LIVING OR DEAD LOYAL TO THE NAVY THEY GAVE THEMSELVES FOR LIBERTY AND UNION.

At the regular meeting of Ayer [illegible] Patten [illegible] of Billerica [illegible] Fergusson, [illegible] Lowell, [illegible] sisted by Mrs. [illegible] ductor. The [illegible] installed: Mr. [illegible] president, Mrs. Mary Wilkins, senior vice president; Miss Susie [illegible] president; Mrs. Susie [illegible] chaplain; Mrs. [illegible] Mrs. Charlotte [illegible] Mrs. Olive [illegible] Mrs. Lilla [illegible] Mrs. Edith Frost, assistant conductor.

The circle voted to support Miss Mary Kimball in [illegible] by a unanimous vote.

Mr. G. W. Knowlton, president of the Walpole bank, and Mrs. Knowlton have gone to Clifton Springs, N. Y., and will probably be there for some time, as Mr. Knowlton has been out of health for the past year or more.

Peptiron Pills

Ironize the Blood, feed nerves and brain, tone the stomach, aid digestion, give restful sleep. Especially beneficial in nervousness and anemia. Chocolate-coated, pleasant to take. 50c. and $1. Druggists or mail.

Hood's Pills Act on the liver and bowels, cure biliousness, constipation, morning and sick headache, break up colds, relieve uncomfortable fullness after dinner. Palmer's cathartic. 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

If Made by HOOD It's Good

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask for Chi-ches-ter's English in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name this paper. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Square, Philada., Pa.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request. Big G Chemical Co. Cincinnati, O. U.S.A.

NO MORE REBATES

Order Issued by President Corey

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 4 The Leader today says: The [illegible] rates from [illegible] by the United States [illegible] and its subsidiary companies has been ordered stopped by President W. H. Corey.

A [illegible] order issued and signed by President Corey has been received at the headquarters of the American [illegible] and Wire company [illegible] subsidiary company. Records of traffic men who have [illegible] to do business with both companies have been shown the order.

That rebates and secret rates have been resorted to by the American [illegible] and Wire company is admitted [illegible] officials by railroad officials [illegible] but that the rates were [illegible] their individual needs [illegible] there.

Thought rebates [illegible] of the most [illegible] of the people concerned in this district that the United States [illegible] Sullivan [illegible] investigating. It is [illegible] by some who claim to be in a position to know that one of the [illegible] reports that the Commissioner of Corporations James R. Garfield will [illegible] to President Roosevelt, is the relation of the steel corporation to the Pennsylvania railroad.

TWO LABOR BILLS

Were Introduced by Rep. Ross

BOSTON, Jan. 4. Representative Samuel Ross of New Bedford introduced two bills in the house of representatives today, affecting the employment of labor. The first prohibits employment of women and minors for overtime work in manufacturing establishments and the second limits their hours of service to eight hours a day.

HAD NO WARNING

Small Town Was Struck by Tornado

FORT WORTH, Tex., Jan. 4—A destructive tornado passed over the western part of Jacksonville, a small town in E. Texas, last night. The home of W. Wilson, containing a family of five, was lifted from its foundations and carried by the storm, reducing it to kindling wood. Seven persons were injured, none fatally. The town had no warning and was unprepared for storms of rain.

ARLINGTON MILLS

MAY NOT REMAIN AT ATHERTON.

It is possible that the Arlington mills may also follow the plant which has gone to Lowell or Lawrence at Atherton. When they took the Lowell plant it was stipulated that they desire to have the premises for a further period that would notify the owner, Edward Cawley, of their intention by the first of January. Mr. Cawley has not as yet received any word. He says, however, that he expects to hear from the company in a day or two and that if the Atherton concern moves away a new industry will take its place.

BOOK-A-MONTH CLUB.

The Book-a-Month club was very pleasantly entertained last evening at the home of Mrs. George Marston of Pelham street.

[illegible] J. Clark Glidden presided over the [illegible] during which a very entertaining program was given. A paper on Francis, covering his political career from 1815 to 1905, and written by Mrs. Arthur Ferguson, was read by Miss Ida Marston. A talk on Parkman was given by Miss Yvonne Le [illegible] and Mrs. Alice Brice spoke on the rebuilding of New Orleans in [illegible] A discussion of the latest books and magazines was then held before [illegible] till the next meeting.

A dainty lunch was served after the meeting. Mrs. George L. Fowler, Sr., and Mrs. George L. Fowler, Jr., assisting Mrs. Marston in the dining room.

UNION BANK OFFICIALS.

The annual meeting of the Union National bank was held yesterday at the banking room and considerable routine business was transacted. The following officers and directors were elected, there being no change made from last year's list: Arthur G. Pollard, president; George S. Motley and Walter L. Parker, vice presidents. The directors are Joseph L. Chalifoux, Frederic C. Church, Thos. Costello, Frank E. Danbar, John Lemon, Charles S. Lelley, Frederick P. Marble, George S. Motley, Walter L. Parker, Arthur G. Pollard, Amasa Pratt and Patrick F. Sullivan.

The bank has had a successful year, having paid on Jan. 1 the regular semi-annual dividend of $1 per share.

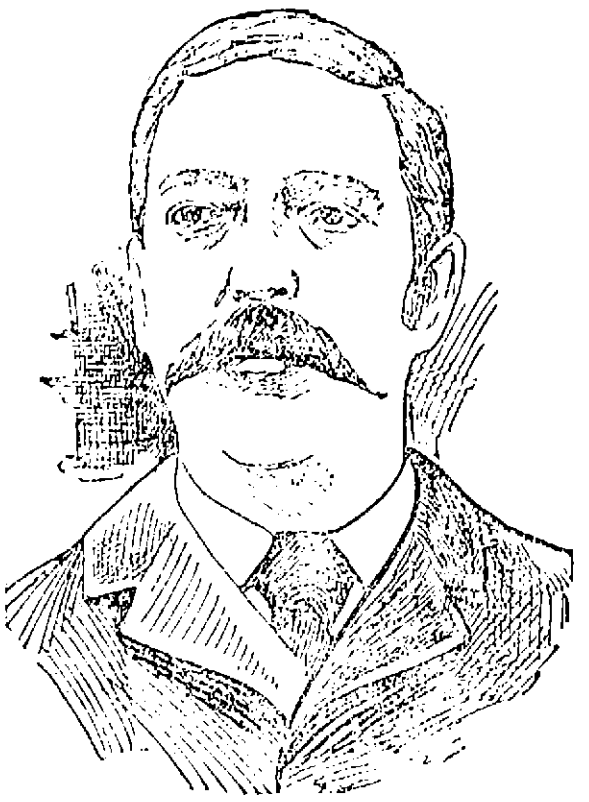
LADIES' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

The Ladies' Benevolent society of the First Congregational church held a pleasant supper social and entertainment in the church vestry last night. The entertainment included the following numbers: Piano duets, Miss Ruth Connell and Miss Alice Cormane; readings, Mrs. Crystal Evans; violin solos, Mrs. Young; [illegible], Miss Edith Maker; trio, the Misses Richburg, Cornet accompaniment by Mr. Bodreau; piano solo, Miss Ella Martin; cornet solo, Mr. Bodreau.

Mrs. R. A. Geoffroy of Arctic Centre, R. I., is visiting her sisters, Mrs. A. Trinque and Miss Ellen Precourt.

GUILD IS GOVERNOR

Inaugural Ceremonies at the State House



GOVERNOR CURTIS GUILD.

Governor Advocates a Rigid Enforcement of Child Labor Laws—Oath of Office Was Administered by Pres. Dana of the Senate — State and National Officials Attended Exercises

BOSTON, Jan. 4. Curtis Guild, Jr., of Boston, was proclaimed governor of Massachusetts for the current political year in the hall of the house of representatives, shortly after noon today. A gathering consisting of members of both branches of the legislature and invited guests witnessed the administration of the oath of office to the new governor as well as to Lieut. Governor Eben S. Draper of Hopedale.

Secretary of State Olin made the proclamation in a stentorian voice which was answered in the name of Governor Guild by the reading of a note from a bellboy of entirely from the nearby common.

The new executive delivered his inaugural address which proved to be an interesting but unusually short document. Proceedings occupied less than an hour.

The exercises of the day began with the assembly of both houses of the legislature at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. Reports were received from a joint committee appointed yesterday to notify the [illegible] for governor and lieutenant governor. In the meantime an unusually large gathering of invited guests had assembled in the [illegible] department while the members of the legislature crowded the spectators' gallery in the house. An even larger crowd stood behind a long row of chairs placed on the further part of the floor for lacking to accommodate the house. Serenely had the convention assembled with President Dana of the senate in the chair when the justices of the supreme judicial and the superior court were announced and admitted to seats on the floor and platform. Several former governors were then escorted down the aisle and all were greeted with applause. A few minutes later Sergeant-at-Arms Bennington appeared at the door and announced the governor-elect and the lieutenant governor-elect.

THE NEW GOVERNOR.

The entrance of the two executive officials at the last election marched down the aisle followed by members of the executive council, the governor's private secretary, Charles P. Greenough, his staff and a line of distinguished officials, both state and national, as well as a number of local officials in Boston.

The governor-elect and lieutenant governor-elect, President Dana, reported after the preliminary oath of office, Governor Guild then wrote his name in the little Morocco bound book containing the names of nearly all of his distinguished predecessors. Stepping back he gave place to Secretary of State Olin, who made the entry in his handwriting.

The oath of office administered to Lieut. Governor Draper and a second period [illegible] by the secretary of state.

Governor Guild was then introduced to the assembly and proceeded at once to read his inaugural address (which will be found on page 7).

At the close of the address the convention [illegible] and the senate [illegible] Within half an hour, however, another joint convention was held at which the officers of the [illegible] were sworn.

P. P. HAGGERTY

Honored at Banquet by His Choir

PRAISED FOR HIS LONG SERVICE

And the Excellence of His Work

Mr. P. P. Haggerty who for the past [illegible] years has been a member of singing [illegible] was tendered a banquet by the members of the choir of the church at the [illegible] last night, and during the evening Mr. Haggerty was presented with a purse of $[illegible].

Mr. Haggerty's labors at the church [illegible] Sunday, and the members of the choir in order to show the esteem in which they hold him and as a recognition of his ability decided to honor him with a banquet and a [illegible].

There were about 75 people in attendance at the banquet last night and the repast was served at 8 o'clock, and for an hour and a half the menu was discussed. Seated at the head of the table were Rev. E. A. Dorgan, O. M. I., pastor of the Immaculate Conception; Rev. Lawrence Gobel, O. M. I., Rev. Denis Sullivan, O. M. I., and Rev. John P. Reynolds, O. M. I. Others were Miss Sarah Spelter, William Gookin, Miss Catherine McGrath, Miss Winnie Haggerty, Mr. John F. Finnegan and Mr. Haggerty.

At ten o'clock Father Dorgan called to order and said: "The choir of the Immaculate Conception has always been good. I have heard many encomiums expressed relative to the high grade of music which has been displayed and nobody can be thanked more for this excellent condition of affairs than Mr. Haggerty. Long before I thought of entering the priesthood I heard clear fine comments relative to the church choir. I didn't look for the reason of such achievement, but I knew now. Later I came here and [illegible] understood it all.

"Mr. Haggerty, I extend the thanks of the officers of the Immaculate Conception church to you for your long service. The holy father of the church has called for more simple music throughout the world, and we must obey the mandate.

He wants simple music, the Gregorian chant, which is more in keeping with the language of the church, as [illegible] Gregorius.

"What we shall feel very much the loss of the figured music, the florid style, the simplicity of the Catholic ritual demands the Gregorian chant.

"We trust that the future of our choir will be as vibrant as its past. Church work never goes down, it is always advancing.

"I hope Mr. Haggerty will find time occasionally to come and direct our choir, and in fact, I know he will.

"Many times we have been transported by him, perhaps by rapture, and directors in other cities have marvelled at his work.

"In behalf of the members of the church choir I wish you a happy New Year and every success and thank you for your faithful service among us."

Vociferous applause greeted the words of the revered speaker and a roll of crisp new bills was handed to Mr. Haggerty, who responded saying in part: "I am not much of a speech maker, but I must say with a show of pride that the Immaculate Conception church has one of the best musical organizations in Lowell. I have lived here 65 years and have had experience in different choirs here, Protestant as well as Catholic.

"I know perfectly well that we have rendered music equal to that given by the best choirs in the world. It was all written by great masters of music. Your church has a magnificent collection of this music. It is invaluable and I want to see this music saved and have little doubt but that it will be, for your pastor is a lover of much of this music and recognizes its true value.

"We must obey the church. The plain chant is all right if delivered in certain ways. But it requires a knowledge of music, it cannot be given in a haphazard manner with any fine effect. It must be phrased just the same as any figured music. The only fault is that it is inclined to be monotonous and the one great question which agitates me is whether or not the people of this country will ever tolerate it wholly. There is much music not of the plain chant order which is most Church-like.

"One great objection made to the music we are now discarding has been that it is frivolous. Now one of the fathers of the church, Lambillotte, has offended in this particular. He has written as lively music as you will find in any opera.

"I want to thank you for this show of your friendship for me."

There were brief speeches made by others present, after which vocal selections were given and dancing was in order in the main hall.

P. P. HAGGERTY,
Choir Director.

Dr. Rothfuchs

Graduate Harvard Medical University.

SPECIALIST IN ACUTE AND CHRONIC DISEASES OF MEN

Now Permanently Located in the RUGG BLOCK LOWELL

Consultation With This Specialist FREE

Pay Me As You Are Able

The method of treatment of Dr. Rothfuchs cures to stay cured, without pain or detention from business.

Blood Poison

Either primary, secondary or tertiary, including Copper Colored Spots, Pimples, Sore Throat, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, etc., quickly and positively and forever cured by my treatment, which in a few weeks makes clean, healthy healthy blood, after countless failures by inexperienced doctors and unqualified medical companies. Every external symptom disappears while the blood forms, the nerves fibres, the brain and the whole system are vitalized, strengthened and restored to perfect health and vigor.

Male Pelvic Diseases

Cured by my method of treatment. NERVO VITAL DEBILITY cured without the use of stimulating remedies. All Rectal and Bladder Troubles, Stricture, Rupture, Gonorrhoea, Varicocele, and all private diseases of men cured to stay cured.

Consultation, Examination, Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays

117 Merrimack St.

Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

A SERVANT GIRL

Says She Heard Three Shots Fired

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 4.—Until the autopsy is held upon the body of Charles A. Edwards, the New York business man who was fatally shot in a mysterious manner while the guest of his brother-in-law, Charles A. Hiller, on College street, early yesterday, no special developments are looked for in this sensational case. The autopsy will be performed by Medical Examiner Bartlett and he will be assisted by several prominent surgeons of the city. After the autopsy Coroner Mix is expected to resume the inquest which was held for many hours last night. Over eight there were no clews brought to light. A servant girl in a neighboring house had told of hearing three pistol shots during Tuesday night and searching was made of the walls and ceilings of several rooms to see if any stray bullets could be located but the search was unsuccessful.

Mr. Edwards' death has caused a greater stir in the university sections of the city than any incident in many years. It seems to be generally known that there were disagreements between Mrs. Edwards and her brothers, Charles A. and Moses Hiller over the settlement of the estate of her mother, Mrs. Abigail Hiller, who died six weeks ago. Mr. Edwards recently consulted counsel preliminary to what was expected to be a contest in the courts over the division of the estate which is said to be worth $[illegible].

HOSPITAL GUILD

GAVE A TEA AT MRS. PARKER'S ON WEST STREET.

[illegible] the Young Women's Hospital guild yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Walter L. Parker, [illegible] street. The rooms were [illegible] at the tea, [illegible] at the evening, [illegible] in the [illegible] Greene had charge of the tea, assisted by [illegible] who officiated at the table, Mrs. [illegible] of the cake table and Mrs. Richardson, of the [illegible]

[illegible] program [illegible] sang [illegible] Company [illegible] "Clear Shining Sand," Miss [illegible] "Bonny Alice Perkins," Mrs. Robert [illegible] sweet [illegible] in de[illegible] two numbers, Scott, and "I [illegible]

[illegible] is at the home of Mrs. [illegible] Birch and Park streets, Wed[illegible] January 24.

SENATOR GALLINGER INJURED.

WASHINGTON, Jan. [illegible] Senator Jacob H. Gallinger of New Hampshire who was knocked down by a street car [illegible] not suffering any serious injuries. Both were bruised and [illegible] slightly, but they sustained other injuries. The senator was able to go to the capitol today.

IN POLICE COURT

Man Fined $15 For Assault

After a lengthy hearing in police court today John Presse was found guilty of assault and battery upon Meyer Sternberg and fined $15, he appealed and was ordered to recognize in the sum of $500.

Police court this morning wore a very vacant look, and the only thing to take up the attention of the court was the assault and battery case of Meyer Sternberg, who claimed that on Monday morning he was assaulted by a fellow countryman by name John Presse. It seems that Presse keeps a store at 336 Middlesex street, and on Monday morning at 7.30 o'clock Sternberg went into the next store, and received a bundle which, for some reason, as Sternberg alleges, Presse rushed out and hit him, Sternberg, three times. The defence was that Sternberg made some insulting remarks to the wife of Presse.

A man by the name of Fred Fogarty was the star witness for the defence, and in his peculiar way he described the assault by saying, "Well, the complainant came to the door, and the first I knew they were handled up together, and they both fell out of the door."

In reply to a question from Attorney Silverblatt he replied, "Yes, I have been before the court several times, but never for thieving or robbery, always for being drunk or fighting."

The wife of Mr. Presse testified that she was up to the other store and she came down and said to her husband, "There is a customer up there that wants a pair of rubbers." Sternberg came along and put his head in the door and said, "Nafkoy."

This expression the interpreter, Michael Schwartz said, meant monkey, but others present were inclined to doubt this translation. It was agreed that the word would convey an insult.

Michael Hear, a drunk, was held in $200 for one week.

George H. Tolley who has been before the court before for drunkenness was assessed six dollars.

Michael T. Burns was fined two dollars for drunkenness.

An unfortunate woman promised not to drink any more, and at the solicitation of a member of the Young Women's Association she was placed on probation.

CIVIL COURT

DISTRICT ATTORNEY SANDERSON AS AUDITOR.

District Attorney George A. Sanderson appeared in a new role yesterday afternoon when he sat as auditor in the case of Hatch vs. Harmon. The session was held in police court, civil second session.

JUDGE QUARLES

SAYS GRANTING OF RESTRAINING ORDERS IS WRONG.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—A dispatch from Milwaukee says:

Judge Joseph V. Quarles of the United States district court for the eastern district of Wisconsin yesterday announced his belief that the practice of granting restraining orders, which in effect are temporary injunctions, on ex parte statements is all wrong.

"Hereafter I shall not grant any restraining orders which act as temporary injunctions until I have called in both sides and come into possession of all the facts," said Judge Quarles to lawyers gathered in his court room. The declaration was not delivered as a formal opinion, but was brought through information between the court and the attorneys.

RAISIN CROP

HAS BEEN SOLD TO PACKERS.

FRESNO, Cal., Jan. 4.—The entire raisin crop in the lands of the California Raisin Growers' company has been sold to packers on a three cent basis.

By the consummation of this sale is ended a season of unrest in the raisin business. At the beginning of the season a combination was formed between the growers' company and several packers. The price was set too high and the result was that the growers' company was unable to market their raisins.

PROF. PEARSON RESIGNS.

BRUNSWICK, Maine, Jan. 4.—Joseph C. Pearson, instructor in physics and mathematics at Bowdoin college, has tendered his resignation to take effect in a few days. He has accepted a position with the Magnetic Survey of the North Pacific ocean which is to sail soon from San Francisco under the auspices of the Carnegie institution of Washington. The survey will be conducted along lines never before undertaken.

WELL KNOWN AUTHOR DEAD

LONDON, Jan. 4.—Harrison W. Weir, the artist, author and journalist died today. He was born in Lewa, Sussex, Nov. 5, 1824.

DONALDSON RECOVERING.

Lieutenant Inspector David J. Donaldson is expected to return to his desk next Monday. Lieutenant Donaldson for the past month has been unable to attend to his duties at the station on account of his eyes, which have troubled him for some little time.

PRINTERS' STRIKE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The strike of union printers for an eight-hour day and a closed shop was inaugurated here today. Most of the shops anticipated the strike and were able to put to work a full force of non-union printers.

MORALES BEATEN

In Battle With General Caceres

CAPE HAYTIEN, Jan. 4.—Following the attack made January 2 on Puerto Plata, on the northern coast of Santo Domingo, by General Demetrio Rodriguez, commanding the troops of the fugitive president, General Morales, which resulted in the repulse of the Morales forces by the Caceres garrison after sharp fighting, the Caceres troops, commanded by General Sesepedes, attacked the Morales troops yesterday in their position outside Puerto Plata. Stubborn fighting followed, during which many men were killed or wounded on both sides, resulting in the defeat of the Morales forces, who were dispersed by the Caceres troops. Among the killed was General Demetrio Rodriguez, former governor of Monte Cristi, who as reported in Monte Cristi, had announced that if his attack on Puerto Plata was successful, he would proclaim himself a candidate for the residency of Santo Domingo.

The streets of Puerto Plata are almost deserted, the stores are closed and business is at a standstill.

The Dominican exiles, who have been authorized by the Morales party to return to Santo Domingo, are landing at Monte Cristi not far from Puerto Plata.

JUDGE LAWTON

HAS DECIDED IN THE EVANS CASE.

Judge Lawton of the Middlesex probate court has granted Mrs. Mary Evans, wife of Thomas Evans, a Wayland farmer, a decree of separate support and has ordered the latter to pay her $[illegible] immediately and $5 a week until further order of the court.

Mr. and Mrs. Evans, the former 74 and the latter 65 years old, were married in Ireland about 40 years ago, but during their time, according to testimony, Evans had never given his wife any money, and it was shown that at present he has over $21,000 in savings banks. It was testified that Evans blew out the kerosene lamp and put water on the kitchen fire during the winter to save expenses, never allowed Mrs. Evans any sugar and locked up the potatoes, butter and cider in the cellar because "he was afraid Mrs. Evans would spill the cider if he did not keep the cellar door locked." Evans admitted he never had a physician to his wife when she gave birth to any of her nine children.

THE MAYOR

WANTS ESTIMATES OF EXPENSES OF DIFFERENT DEPARTMENTS.

The different heads of departments at city hall have been notified by Mayor Casey to submit estimates of expenses for the present year as early as possible, but all estimates will have to be in by the third Tuesday, which will be Jan. 16. This action is taken in order to allow the committee on appropriations to get to work as soon as possible.

At the next meeting of the board of aldermen, next Tuesday night, the members of the committee on the part of that board will be named, and it is expected that President Read of the common council will make his appointments prior to the regular meeting of the latter body, which does not occur until the 16th.

CENTRALVILLE SOCIAL CLUB.

A smoke talk was held by the members of Club Social of Centralville last night in conjunction with the installation of the recently elected officers. The following were the officers installed: President, J. A. Mallet; vice president, Regorie Lussier; secretary-treasurer, J. A. Tardif; assistant secretary-treasurer, M. D. Chenevert; auditors, Fred Lussier, Joseph Jeanette, Albert Marotte; sergeant-at-arms, Hector Monette.

If you want help at home, or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Wall Paper

—AT—

97 Appleton St.

WASHING FLUID COMPOUND

Potash, Sal. Tartar, Ammonia and Borax

20c Can will make 2 gallons Fluid

CARTER & SHERBURNE

CUT PRICE DRUGGISTS

Merrimack, Cor. Bridge Street

LATEST

TARIFF DEBATE

The House Takes Up Philippine Measure

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—More than the average attendance of members were in their places when the house met for its first session after the holiday recess today.

Regarding as serious an editorial statement in a local paper that members of the house abuse the franking privilege to the extent of sending cows, farm implements, libraries and kitchen utensils free through the mails, Mr. Sims (Tenn.) obtained leave to assert that an investigation should be made and presented a resolution for an investigation by the committee on post-offices and post roads. The resolution was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Payne the house resumed consideration of the president's message making reference to it by topic to the various committees. Mr. Payne withdrew the amendment which had occasioned the seven days' discussion before the holiday recess, the reference of that part relating to insurance to the ways and means committee.

Mr. Hepburn at once submitted an amendment referring the whole question of the control of corporations other than railways to the judiciary committee with instructions "to report fully at an early day their views as to the power of the federal government by legislation to regulate or control said corporations in the management or control of their business and business matters and if said power exists then the extent of such power and under what provisions of the constitution it is conferred upon congress."

This amendment was agreed to without objection and as there was no discussion of other items the reference of the entire message was made according to the terms of the resolution.

The Philippine tariff bill was then taken up for consideration. Consideration of the bill was conducted in committee of the whole with Mr. Olmsted (Penna) in the chair. After the bill had been read Mr. Payne in charge of the measure took the floor. The debate he said would continue at the pleasure of the house and opportunity would be given to all.

THE SENATE

ROBERT M. LAFOLLETTE TAKES THE OATH.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Robert M. LaFollette was sworn in today as a senator from Wisconsin. Ten minutes before the session began the doors of the republican cloak room opened and Senator Spooner and his new colleague entered the chamber. This caused a mild sensation for it was known that there had been a bitter political feeling existing between them. It was not known up to within a short time whether or not Mr. Spooner would escort his colleague to the desk to take the oath or that Mr. LaFollette would accept the escort, but all this was arranged in the cloak room.

A few minutes before the senate was called to order Mr. Spooner invited Mr. LaFollette to a seat beside himself in the second row on the republican side of the chamber just off the centre aisle.

The reading of the journal had not progressed far when Mr. Spooner moved that this formality be dispensed with. This motion prevailed and Mr. Spooner announced the presence of his colleague. He then proffered his arm to Mr. LaFollette and the two Wisconsin men walked to the vacant space in front of the vice-president's desk. They were the objects of general observation.

The ceremony at the desk was brief. The new senator was received by the vice-president who greeted him with a cordial shake of the hand. After Mr. LaFollette had signed the oath which he had taken he was again joined by Mr. Spooner and escorted to the seat assigned him.

FOUND DEAD

CAPT. HOPKINS WAS MENTIONED IN CONNECTION WITH WAR STORES SCANDALS.

PRETORIA, Transvaal Colony, Jan. 4.—Capt. Hopkins, quartermaster of the Second Dragoon Guards, whose name had been mentioned in connection with the war stores scandal in the South African war, was found dead today under circumstances pointing to suicide.

VESSEL ASHORE

Was Grounded in the Dense Fog

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—The British steamer Aranmore, twenty bound from Halifax, N. S., went ashore in Black Rock channel between Bug light and Lovell's island while coming up the harbor today. The 22 passengers were taken off by the tug Confidence and conveyed to this city. The steamer grounded in the dense fog which prevailed at that time. It was believed that she could be floated at high tide this afternoon and arrangements were made for several tugs to assist in clearing the Aranmore. W. Holdiday, one of the owners of the steamer, who was a passenger, said that the Aranmore was lying easily on a rocky bottom and apparently was not seriously damaged.

He expressed the belief that the steamer would be pulled off on a rising tide. The water ballast tanks of the vessel were pumped out to lighten her.

When the accident happened the Aranmore was moving slowly up the harbor. It was due to miscalculation of the position of the steamer and the thick fog which prevented officers from seeing their position.

The steamer Aranmore was chartered by the Plant line two months ago to run between this port, Halifax and the other ports of the Provinces. The steamer took the place of the steamer Halifax which was withdrawn and placed in the southern service of the line. During the summer she plied between ports of the St. Lawrence river, Labrador and the Provinces. She is a steel hull vessel, staunchly built and considered a very seaworthy vessel.

THE TAX INVALID

Michael O'Keefe Wins His Case

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—The excise tax upon the business of merchants dealing with trading stamps was held unconstitutional by the full bench of the supreme court today in the case of Michael O'Keefe vs. the city of Somerville.

The tax was provided by Chapter 15 of the year 1901 and was fixed at 3 per cent. of the gross receipts of sales of articles made by merchants in connection with the delivery of trading stamps to their customers. They were required to make semi annual returns of the amount of such business to the city clerk for the sake of having the tax computed.

O'Keefe sued to recover back such a tax he paid the city of Somerville, claiming the statute was unconstitutional and the tax invalid. The court so decides.

The court holds the tax cannot be justified as an excise on commodities within the meanings of the state constitution but it is an unlawful discrimination against the natural right of merchants to deliver stamps or other devices of property rights to their customers in connection with the sale of articles. Such methods of doing business are lawful so long as there is no lottery or gambling about it as being founded declares the court, upon the principle of constitutional liberty that "The right of one to use his faculties in all lawful ways to live and work where he will to earn his livelihood in any lawful calling and to pursue any lawful trade or a vocation."

No reason is held to appear for the imposition of an excise tax upon the business of selling articles with an accompaniment of stamps which entitle the customer to other property.

MAY BE FINED

BRITISH FISHING SCHOONER ARRIVED WITHOUT A MANIFEST.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Jan. 4.—The U. S. treasury department agents from Boston were here today investigating the case of the British fishing schooner St. Helena which arrived yesterday from the Bay of Islands, N. F., with salt herring. According to officials here the Helena arrived without a manifest. She is therefore liable to a fine of $500. Capt. Pike of the fishing vessel explained that he had no intention of violating the law and that he was about to make out a manifest when the customs officer boarded his schooner.

NARROW ESCAPE

Three Persons Were Nearly Asphyxiated

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—Three persons had a narrow escape from asphyxiation in their apartments and were saved by one of the Civil H. Hofmann [illegible] staggering out into the street [illegible] for help. Hofmann [illegible] found in the room of his [illegible] and Mrs. Clara Hofmann [illegible] and her sister Miss [illegible] 18 years old assisted [illegible] room near his. [illegible] morning with a [illegible] his head but shaking it [illegible] that oppressed him. He then [illegible] a window and there he fell [illegible] where his shouts brought aid. [illegible] were [illegible] unconscious and their condition is considered serious. The gas came from a leaking pipe.

SAILOR LOST

WAS DROWNED WHILE FISHING IN THE MIDDLE BANKS

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—The fishing schooner Mary Edith which came into T wharf today reported the loss of one of her crew, Augustus Hubbard, 30 years old, a native of Yarmouth, N. S. while fishing Wednesday on the Middle Banks. Hubbard leaves a widow and three children in East Boston.

Forty-two fishing schooners, the largest number in several months, were at T wharf today.

HELD IN $2,000.

READING, Mass., Jan. 4.—When arraigned in the Reading court today on the charge of attempting to wreck trains of the Boston & Maine railroad in this town, E. B. Willard of Revere pleaded not guilty and his case was continued to Jan. 9. In default of $2,000 bail he was committed to jail. Willard's arrest was brought about through an anonymous postal card alleged to have been sent by him to the local police in connection with the attempted train wrecking.

STOCK MARKET

Today's Quotations on Active Stocks

The following are the closing quotations on today's stock market for active stocks:

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Am Sugar	130½
Am Sugar pfd	133½
A & T	31¼
A & T pfd	104
B & O	112½
B & O pfd	98
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	86½
Chi & Gt W	20⅞
C R & Pac	25½
C R & Pac pfd	61¾
C M & St P	189
Con Gas	176½
Del & Hud	223½
Erie R R	43⅞
Erie 1st	80¼
Erie 2d	73
Gen Elec	175½
Rights	9⅝
Met St Ry	122½
Mis Pac	100¼
N Y Cen	150
Rights	6⅝
N Y Ont & W	52¼
Penn	142½
Mex Cen	24¾
Nor Pac	81
People's Gas	109¾
So Pac	65⅝
Reading	141⅞
Reading pfd	93
Tex Pac	32¾
Union Pac	148½
Union Pac pfd	99
U S Steel	42⅝
U S Steel pfd	105⅞
Wabash	20½
Wabash pfd	40⅝
W U Telegraph	93¼
Central Leather	41⅝
Central Leather pfd	101

BOSTON STOCKS.

Amalgamated	194¾
American Wool	42¾
American Wool pfd	104
Am Tel & Tel	137¾
Arcadia	6
Atlantic	26
Anaconda	207
Allouez	41
American Agriculture	24¾
American Agriculture pfd	93
B & M	173
Blue Hill	25¼
Boston	317¼
Calumet	365
Centennial	30
Chicago Junction Com	17¼
Chicago Junction pfd	35
Copper Range	51
Dom Steel	26
Dom Coal	81
Dom Coal pfd	117
Daly-West	17½
Eastern	25
Franklin	17½
Granby	10
Greene	30
Mass	10¼
Mass Gas	47
Mass Gas pfd	85⅝
Mass Electric	17¾
Mass Electric pfd	60¾
M C & C	4½
Michigan	17¾
Mohawk	59½
Mex Tel	1
N E Tel	126
North Butte	82¾
N Y N H & H R R	197
Osceola	107¾
Old Colony Mine	1⅞
Old Colony R R	208
Old Dominion	36½
Parrott	41¼
Shenango	34¾
Shoe Machinery	36
Shoe Machinery pfd	31
Royal	27½
Rhode Island	7½
Tamarack	120
Tecum	13¾
Quincy	108
Trinity	16½
Utah	5
United Fruit	133¼
United States	46½
U S Oil	12¼
Winona	8¼
Wolverine	134
Victoria	6½
Western Tel	12½
Western Tel pfd	92
United Cop	63¾

*Ex-Dividend.

ANTI-TRUST LAW

Said to Have Been Violated by Bankers

COURT PROCEEDING MAY FOLLOW

Action Begun by Manufacturers Association

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—Action which may initiate the prosecution of Chicago bankers in the federal courts for [illegible] of the anti-trust law was [illegible] yesterday by the Illinois Manufacturers' Association. The manufacturers are attached at the receipt of [illegible] Chicago Clearing House Association that [illegible] collection of out of town checks. The [illegible] formerly has been done without cost by the Chicago [illegible]. The manufacturers' association [illegible] adopted a resolution declaring [illegible] combat the charge and to begin legal action if necessary. The attorneys of the manufacturers will be submitted to the bankers at a meeting of two committees representing the two associations at the Chicago National bank today. Representatives of the opposing parties are [illegible] to meet, positive and [illegible] between the two organizations is expected.

By the schedule of exchange rates sent the manufacturers by the different banks, charge from 10 to 15 cents per [illegible] to be made for collections for out-of-town checks the amount varying according to the receipts from Chicago. The manufacturers say would amount to $2,000 per day, a total loss to them and clear profit to the banks, unless they could get the additional charge from their customers, which they say they could not do without entering a fog, their business prosperity. They have their hope of legal redress on the possibility of proving a violation on the part of the bankers in violation of the provision of the anti-trust law prohibiting an agreement to fix prices.

368 STUDENTS

HAVE REGISTERED AT BOWDOIN COLLEGE.

BRUNSWICK, Me., Jan. 4.—Bowdoin college catalogue issued today showed a total registration of 368 students against 363 a year ago. The number is divided as follows: 62 seniors, 63 juniors, 80 sophomores, 85 freshmen, 32 specials and 46 medical students. Three of the seniors are enrolled in the medical school. There are 41 instructors and professors, an increase of 11 in the medical department. Among the new prizes listed is the Philo Sherman Bennett prize for the best essay discussing the principles of free government, given by Wm. J. Bryan. The report of the college librarian gives an increase from 70,000 to 82,000 volumes. The report of the medical school announces that after 1907 the requirements for entrance will be practically the same as for the academic department.

ROSE GOYETTE

HAS NO DREAD OF THE NUMBER 13.

While a great many people are superstitious of the No. 13, Joseph Houle and his wife-to-be, Rose Goyette, had no fear of the dreaded number when they arrived at the office of the city clerk this morning and upon applying for a marriage license found that theirs was the thirteenth granted this year.

If anything the mystic number brought luck with it, for Rose being under the age of consent could not secure the license without the permission of her parents, but her father was perfectly willing that she should become the wife of Joseph and she produced the written consent.

Joseph Houle is 21 years of age and resides at 42 Lee street, while Rose Goyette is but 17 and her place of residence is the same as her husband-to-be.

RACE TRACK

DEED OF THE PROPERTY WAS RECORDED.

EXETER, N. H., Jan. 4.—An important deed recorded at the registry of deeds yesterday related to the Salem race track. Andrew Miller of New York sells to the New England Breeders' club of Salem land and buildings at Salem. About 300 acres are involved and $1 is the consideration named. As agent of the club, Mr. Miller secured the property from three land owners, Henry Hudson, Charles Kimball, Lester L. Hall, Charles F. Kimball, Isaac Woodbury, two parts, James McKeanlon, John Brista, David Hurd, Charles T. Kimball and Ezra L. Hall, all of Salem; John J. Hill and Homer A. Whittier, both of Methuen, Mass., Milton Z. Venton, Mary Call and George P. Kline, Lawrence, Mass. The deeds transferring the property from these people to Mr. Miller were executed between June 10 and Sept. 26, 1905.

LOWELL MAN

INSTALLED OFFICERS OF GENERAL LAWTON POST G. A. R.

General Lawton post, G. A. R., held a crowding meeting in Pembroke hall Wednesday evening, when the officers for the ensuing term were mustered in by Mustering Officer George E. Worthen, U. S. A. of Lowell, assisted by J. Warren Berry of Post 99 of Andover as officer of the day.

There was a large attendance of the members as well as the members of Grace J. James A. Garfield circle, Ladies of the G. A. R., and a large delegation from the Relief corps in Lowell. Law-

TO CELEBRATE ANNIVERSARY.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 4. United Presbyterian congregations throughout the United States next week will take preliminary steps looking toward the semi-centennial celebration of that church in this city in 1908 and the raising of an offering of $2,000,000 which will be divided among the interests of the church at home and abroad.

LAWYER PATRICK

Denied a Reprieve by Gov. Higgins

[illegible] N. Y., Jan. 4.—Governor [illegible] decided that [illegible] for a reprieve for Patrick H. Lawyer, who is doing prison under sentence of death for the murder of Policeman Wm. M. McCullagh, [illegible] in the city of Kentucky [illegible] appeal to Gov. [illegible] the west David [illegible] for the people to [illegible] the power of [illegible] in order to [illegible] United States [illegible].

DEATHS

[illegible] Mary A. Bergeron [illegible] the [illegible] hospital [illegible] Deceased [illegible] Monday. She [illegible] Wigginville.

[illegible] John Fayhan [illegible] school of Lowell [illegible] six days of [illegible] Deceased [illegible] and two grandchildren [illegible] Mond. A. Fayhan and Miss Margaret [illegible] of Tyngsboro, an aunt [illegible] Dwell

SEIZED A FACTORY

Armed Workmen Killed Policemen and Eight Dragoons

RIGA, Livonia, Tuesday, Jan. 2, by courier to St. Petersburg, Jan. 4—About 6,000 armed workmen before daylight this morning took possession of the Provodnik rubber factory and the military as this message is forwarded are bombarding the factory.

The revolutionists killed the policemen who were guarding the building and murdered eight Dragoons and six stablemen and wounded 11 others who were sleeping in an adjoining building. One man managed to escape and gave the alarm to the troops, two regiments of which were artillery and six quick-firing guns arrived at the scene by daylight. In the meantime the revolutionists had thrown up barricades and a terrific fire was opened by the troops upon these defenses and on the factory. In the midst of the confusion existing as this despatch is written it is impossible to ascertain the number of killed or wounded but many have been killed and over a hundred wounded have already been carried to the hospitals. The soldiers are almost frenzied with fury. The territory in which the factory is located, has been picketed off by guards who threaten to kill any person approaching. The correspondent had a narrow escape. He unwittingly entered the proscribed territory through a side street and was twice fired upon before he had an opportunity to explain.

WORKMEN SURRENDER

LONDON, Jan. 4. A special dispatch received here from Copenhagen today says the workmen who seized the Provodnik rubber factory at Riga, Tuesday, surrendered and delivered up their leaders to the commander of the troops. The prisoners will be tried by court martial.

LIEUT. TAYLOR

HAS BEEN REDUCED IN RANK TEN NUMBERS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—For requesting an under officer to change his seat at a theatre, First Lieutenant Roy I. Taylor of the coast artillery is reduced in rank ten numbers. He was tried by court martial last week, and the verdict was announced yesterday. The offence was committed at a theatre in New London, Conn., where a sergeant of Taylor's company's who was in uniform, vacated a seat at the request of Lieutenant Taylor.

"It is hoped," stated the decision, which is signed by Brigadier General Grant, "that the sentence of the court will leave no doubt in the mind of any one that the uniform of a soldier is a mark of honor, which must be respected in the United States."

It is also stated that a sentence more severe than the one given is warranted.

The theatre incident took place last October. Sergeant Patrick F. Butler of the 125th company coast artillery, which was Taylors' company, was seated in front of his superior officer at the performance. Lieutenant Taylor was not in uniform. Nearby were some friends whom he knew but who were not members of his party. In order to make a vacancy for one of them he told the sergeant to move. His request to the under officer, according to the printed verdict of the courtmartial, was:

"Sergeant, you had better get your ticket changed and get your seat somewhere in the rear,' or words to that effect."

Lieutenant Taylor pleaded not guilty to the charge of conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, saying that he had asked the sergeant to move, but that he spoke as one man might to another and did not intend to convey to Sergeant Butler the idea that he was being ordered to move. The court's sentence is that the lieutenant "be reduced in rank 12 files on the lineal lists of first lieutenants of artillery."

PERSONALS

Mr. Pliny F. Brett is confined to the Lowell General hospital by a broken leg.

Miss Margaret Garvey has been visiting Miss Lillian Crouse of Nashua.

Frank Leighton is visiting his parents at Yarmouth, Me.

Solon W. Stevens, Esq., has been secured to address the Maine society, Sons of the American Revolution at Portland on Washington's birthday.

Rev. E. P. Herrick is assisting his brother, Rev. A. H. Herrick who is holding special revival meetings in Greenfield. The pastor of the Worthen street M. E. church is expected to return to Lowell on Friday.

Geo. B. Kittredge is at present superintending the digging of test pits in the bed of the Nashua river for the foundation of a new dam for the Jackson company.

Delphis Joyal has been granted a patent on a mechanical device.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Juno have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. David Hobart of Brookline, N. H.

Mrs. A. Yagerhorn and daughter visited Lawrence friends Sunday.

John M. Kilgore, formerly of this city, was tendered a complimentary banquet at Worcester, Monday, by insurance associates.

Undertaker Amedee Archambault has received news that he had successfully passed the examination for embalmer, recently executed by the state authorities, with a high percentage.

Misses Dolores Baudette, Florence Mongeau, Marie Albert, Albina St. Hilaire, Rosaline Hebert and Bertha Bellemare returned to St. Anne's academy, Marlboro, yesterday, after passing the holidays with their parents.

Leonce Fortin left last night for a trip to New York and Philadelphia.

Etienne Gervais has secured a position as toolmaker in the Charlestown navy yard.

LEFT HOME

YOUTH WAS JOLLIED BY AN ACTRESS.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 4.—Pietro Nassi, 15 years old, made a decided commotion at his father's home on Tell street, yesterday. Pietro had been missing since Dec. 17, and at an early hour was hugged down town by a relative and forced to return home.

Soon after he was brought in Pietro started to rough house the place, and with a drawn knife drove all to the street. When the police arrived they found the boy in command of the situation, armed with a razor as well as the knife. He was disarmed, taken to the court and sentenced to the reform school during his minority.

Nassi's long absence from home was due to his infatuation for an actress who was playing an engagement at one of the cheap houses. He thought that she would marry him, because she had been "jollying" him. He begged with tearful eyes that word might be wired her to New York to send him funds with which to join her and become her husband.

A DIVORCE

GRANTED TO MRS. ROBERT GRATZ FELL.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 4.—Mrs. Robert Gratz Fell, cousin to nobility, who formerly lived with her husband at his beautiful Chestnut Hill home (Rodeo) is now free to be wooed and to wed again.

The common pleas court has granted Mrs. Fell, who was formerly Miss Ethel B. Stevenson, an absolute divorce, restoring to her her maiden name. The husband did not make a very vigorous defense to the suit, and it is said he is satisfied with the result.

Some of the testimony taken before the master was very interesting and sensational. The judges particularly enjoined the proceedings to keep it secret. It is known, however, that Mr. Fell's testimony dealt with the foibles of one branch of Chestnut Hill and Philadelphia society.

The friends of the young society woman declare that she is not so narrow-minded as to believe that because one marriage venture failed another attempt would result the same way. They say Mrs. Fell will take a flying trip to Italy to visit Princess de Lucoure of the royal family, a full cousin of her father, Frank P. Ambercrombie.

HAS $500,000

STAGE FOLK WONDER WHERE ACTRESS GOT MONEY.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4. The reported possession of $500,000 worth of real estate by Mabelle Gilman, the actress, over whom W. Ellis Corey, steel trust magnate, and his wife quarrelled, has caused much comment in theatrical circles here.

Just how she came into possession of the valuable realty, and from whom she received it, is a mystery.

The real estate, it is understood, consists principally of property in New York city, and is well leased.

WENT INSANE

MAN HAD BEEN LEFT FORTUNE OF $2,000,000.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4. Augustus B. Prentice, a lawyer living at 7 West Eighty-second street, was committed to an asylum yesterday, hopelessly insane. He will have a private cottage at the asylum and his own staff of attendants and a doctor.

Mr. Prentice's condition, according to his private secretary, was brought on by the strain of caring for the fortune of $2,000,000 left him by his father over a year ago.

Mr. Prentice is 35 years old and married. He graduated from Harvard in the class of 1888.

NECK BROKEN

CHICAGO MAN VICTIM OF FOLDING BED.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—Thomas Tinker and his wife were caught while asleep in the pondrous mechanism of a combined cupboard and folding bed, and Tinker was killed. His neck was broken and his spine dislocated.

In the night some part of the contrivance gave way, and without warning the heavy upper portion of the bed fell forward, shutting the sleepers inside. Tinker's head was caught between the mattress and the woodwork and he lay still, unable to move. Mrs. Tinker, after struggling violently, succeeded in extricating herself, bruised and almost fainting. She called for help and the collapsed bed was lifted from the form of her husband, who was then dead.

PEOPLE'S CLUB

Both branches of the People's club are enjoying a flourishing season. The rooms of the men's branch in the Nesmith building (entrance from John street, under the red light) are nightly the resort of men and boys, who are furnished, free, plenty of good reading and wholesome amusement. The women's branch, at 104 Middle street, Institute building, has similar literary equipment, but its main feature is the classes in dressmaking, plain sewing, cooking and the like. All the rooms are open every week night, and the public is welcome to make free use of them. During December there were more than 1000 visitors.

SHE MAY DIE

DORCHESTER WOMAN WAS PROBABLY FATALLY BURNED.

BOSTON, Jan. 4. Mrs. Edward J. Sweeney, about 6 years old, living at 8 Linden street, Dorchester, was so badly burned by the overturning of a lamp in the kitchen of her home last night that she is not expected to recover.

Just how the accident occurred, or when, is not known, for the flames had burned their clothes and worn little Marguerite Sweeney opened the kitchen door and discovered her mother. With remarkable presence of mind, the boy-around girl quickly notified the people in the flat above, then rushed out into the street in search for a patrolman, who sent for the ambulance of station 11. Marguerite also notified Dr. Charles E. Teele, who had Mrs. Sweeney removed to the City hospital.

Mrs. Sweeney's husband, who is a motorman in the employ of the Boston elevated, was a-bed when the accident happened, and knew nothing about it until after his wife had been removed to the hospital.

ROUND DEAD

HE WAS A WELL KNOWN AUTHOR

NEW BEDFORD, Jan. 4. William M. F. Round, author and prison reform advocate, died at a sanitarium in Acushnet Tuesday night. About two years ago Mr. Round went to Nantucket to live, but he had been at Acushnet a few weeks on account of poor health.

Mr. Round was the owner of a valuable collection of autograph letters of the Bonaparte family, the making of which had extended over many years.

Mr. Round was wont to pride himself that it was he who discovered the genius John Boyle O'Reilly and started him on his literary career.

A simple funeral service was held yesterday afternoon at Bennett's undertaking rooms, Rev. E. Williams officiating. The burial will be in Pennsylvania.

HATHAWAY THEATRE

Madame Avery Strakosch, whose voice is pleasing audiences at Hathaway's new theatre this week, is a member of a family whose names have been written high in the annals of this country's music. Her uncles, Maurice and Max Strakosch, were managers of musical stars who delighted a former generation, and were the pioneer operatic managers in this country. It was Maurice Strakosch who educated Adelina Patti, and presented her to the public at the age of eight years. Another brother, Ferdinand, married a sister of Adelina, and is now one of the foremost vocal teachers of Paris. Still another sister, Carlotta, also a singer, "was the peer of the famous diva herself," declares Madame Strakosch, but met with an accident early in life which resulted in a permanent lameness and effectively put a stop to her career, although she sang in several concerts subsequent to the accident. Madame Strakosch headed an opera company for several years, and at different times was prima donna of the Boston Ideals, the American Opera Company, and the Clara Louise Kellogg Opera Company. She has a repertoire of 35 operas, singing such roles as Marguerite in "Faust," Carmen, Mignon and others of the same caliber. She is an authority on voice culture and has made a study of this art for years. The rest of the bill is equally strong and every act meets with unstinted applause. Seats may be secured in advance. Telephone 811.

NEW CORPORATIONS.

New England Securities Co.; to deal in securities, etc.; capital, $2600. President, H. A. Main; treasurer, F. W. Sears; clerk, T. J. Graham, all of No. 113 Devonshire street, Boston.

Chas. W. Dailey Corporation; deal in horses, carriages, etc.; capital, $35,000. President and treasurer, C. W. Dailey, Jr., No. 61 Garfield street, Cambridge, Mass.; clerk, H. L. Cummings, No. 31 Court street, Dedham, Mass.

Imperial Automobile Co.; to deal in automobiles; capital, $30,000. President, J. A. Scaverns, No. 9 Harris avenue; treasurer, D. J. O'Connell, No. 691 Tremont building; clerk, C. W. Webber, No. 146 Massachusetts avenue, all of Boston.

A. F. Mentzer Co.; to deal in live stock, etc.; capital, $15,000. President, A. F. Mentzer, No. 75 North street; treasurer and clerk, J. F. Mentzer, No. 75 North street, both of Boston.

George E. Wye Co.; to deal in sporting goods; capital, $25,000. President, C. E. Stanwood, Highlandville, Mass.; treasurer and clerk, A. R. Bowers, Needham, Mass.

LIVELY BOWLING

GAME BETWEEN BROWNIES AND FAIRMOUNTS.

The much-talked of Brownie-Fairmount game in the Bowlaway duck pin series, was pulled off at the Bowlaway alleys last evening and the attendance was one of the largest that ever witnessed a game in this city. Every available point from which the game could be witnessed was taken and the enthusiastic rooters of both teams turned out in large numbers.

The Fairmounts seemed to be the favorites, owing probably to the fact that that team was leading the league, but the Brownies' enthusiasts were confident that their quintet would win out and win out they did, for the Brownies won by a score of 1370 to 1328, taking two of the three points. The last game between these two teams several months ago, was productive of record breaking scores and the Fairmounts won, but the steady and scientific bowling of the members of the Brownies last night was accountable for the signal victory.

WALTER F. KING.

The first string was captured by the Fairmounts by the narrow margin of two pins. The second string, however, was won by the Brownies by 14 pins, the rolling of Tom Kelley adding materially to the victory. The third string proved to be a walkover for the Brownies and the little men won by 36 pins.

To Walter King the Brownies can credit their victory for his wonderful single string of 126 was of the record breaking style, while his total of 329 made him high roller of the evening. Joe O'Brien, also of the Brownies, was second high man with a total of 277, while the single strings of 103 and 101 by Kelley and Dwyer respectively, were productive of high totals.

"Billy" Higgins, one of the star bowlers of the league, put up a single of 100 and a triple of 275 and was high man for the losing side, with "Bob" Fullerton a close second.

Prior to last night's game the Fairmounts were leading the league, but last night's victory places the Brownies in the lead and as the league will come to a close next week there is little or no doubt but that the Brownies will capture the first prize.

The score:

Brownies.

	1	2	3	Ttl
Kelley	95	103	75	273
King	99	113	126	338
Moran	82	87	92	261
Dwyer	85	85	104	274
O'Brien	95	85	97	277
Totals	451	449	494	1370

Fairmounts.

	1	2	3	Ttl
Queenan	92	83	85	261
Sweeney	80	95	82	257
Coleman	81	84	95	261
Fullerton	97	77	98	272
Higgins	79	96	100	275
Totals	432	435	461	1328

$500,000 IN GOLD.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Announcement was made yesterday that George Gordon, agent of the London and River Plat bank has engaged $500,000 in gold for shipment to Buenos Ayres next Thursday. One and one-half million dollars in gold coin was withdrawn from the sub treasury yesterday for shipment either to Mexico or South America.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

Thomas E. Cutler Circle, No. 19, Ladies of the G. A. R. of Newburyport, installed officers Jan. 1st, 1906, for ensuing year. Mrs. Christina C. Clough of Lowell was the installing officer. After the business was transacted a beautiful opal ring was presented Mrs. Clough, by the outgoing president, Mrs. Mary M. Lowell, who in turn was presented a gold badge by the circle. Then Mrs. Lowell presented each of her working committee a very pretty embroidered centerpiece. Mrs. Thurlow, the incoming president, was presented a bouquet of roses. Refreshments were served to about 100 guests and remarks were made by the installation officer and others.

Post 185, G. A. R., enjoyed a good supper last night in the post hall, Wyman's Exchange, held in honor of the installation of officers. The officers were installed by J. Adams Bartlett. Their names appeared in a recent edition of the Sun. There was a large attendance of veterans. Comrade Bass had charge of the serving.

LOYAL EXCELSIOR LODGE.

Officers chosen by Loyal Excelsior lodge, I. O. O. F., M. U., for the ensuing term of six months were formally installed at the regular meeting of that lodge in Elks' hall last evening and customary courtesies were extended to retiring officers. The meeting was largely attended, and the installation exercises conducted under the direction of District Deputy Edward J. Mackley of Integrity lodge, assisted by his son George E. Mackley, past grand of Integrity, were interesting.

Officers installed are: A. McCaskill, noble grand; A. W. Mowatt, R. S. to noble grand; George Emsley, L. S. to noble grand; James Robinson, noble vice-grand; H. S. Wisher, R. S. to noble vice-grand; Herbert E. Walker, L. S. to noble vice-grand; Frank Robinson, P. S.; R. J. Houston, treasurer; D. Robertson, chaplain; Roger May, warden; E. D. Boyle, inside guard; Frank Robinson, chief of staff; D. Robinson, auditor.

Following the installation a past grand's certificate was presented to Dougal Robertson, the retiring noble grand of the lodge, and Andrew Mowatt was presented a handsome gold scarf pin with the emblems of the order, having won a ticket selling contest. The presentations were made by the district deputy.

FUNERAL FUND

COURT CITY OF LOWELL AGAINST ASSESSMENTS.

An enthusiastic meeting of Court City of Lowell, Foresters of America, was held last night and a lively debate relative to the funeral fund was in order. The proposition to accept the amendment for the assessment of members for the grand court funeral fund, however, was defeated by a decisive vote.

The proposition was put by James J. Gallagher, secretary of the grand court of Massachusetts, but there were many speakers opposed to the measure and it was overwhelmingly defeated. The court has a funeral fund proposition of its own which will probably come before the members for adoption at the next meeting. Assessments under this fund are fixed at 25 cents each quarter, regardless of the number of deaths. The grand court funeral fund assessments are governed by the number of deaths among members of the order each quarter.

Prior to the discussion the following named officers chosen at the previous meeting were installed: James W. McKenna, chief ranger; M. H. Sullivan, sub-chief ranger; Thomas E. O'Day, treasurer; Patrick McGilly, financial secretary; John F. Connolly, recording secretary; Michael Duggan, S. W.; Arthur Normandin, J. W.; John F. Roane, S. B.; Michael Gilligan, J. B.; J. McIntire, trustee for three years. The auditing committee's report, presented after the installation exercises, showed the court's finances to be in a gratifying condition.

The installation exercises were conducted by Deputy Grand Chief Ranger George Shields. Philip Rogers, the retiring chief ranger, was presented a past chief ranger's certificate and jewel.

SILVER SALVER

BEAUTIFUL GIFT FOR GOVERNOR DOUGLAS.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—Gov. Douglas, accompanied by his private secretary, Mr. Buchanan, arrived at the state house early yesterday morning for what was practically his excellency's last official day on Beacon hill. The executive council of 1905 wound its affairs up yesterday. The governor received various committees of the legislature and attended the council meeting.

The feature of the day was the presentation to the governor by the lieutenant governor and the members of the council a magnificent silver salver. Such presentation is not customary and the governor was surprised.

The presentation was made by Lieut. Gov. Guild, governor-elect. He paid high tribute to the worth of the governor as public official and as man. His excellency replied briefly and feelingly and accepted the beautiful gift.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Eugene H. Cantin and Miss Laura A. Bibeault were united in marriage last night at the parochial residence of the Oblate Fathers in Merrimack street. The marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. Joseph Campeau, O. M. I.

The happy couple were attended by Mr. Daniel Perreault and Miss Eugenie Cantin, a sister of the groom. Both of the ladies were becomingly attired in beautiful gowns and were corsage bouquets of bride roses. Following the wedding ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alphonse Bibeault, 513 Wilder street, where a reception was held attended by the immediate relatives of the contracting parties. Congratulations of the heartiest nature to the newly wedded twain were bestowed as they received in the prettily decorated parlor beneath a huge floral wedding bell. A sumptuous collation was provided. There was a large profusion of costly wedding gifts, all useful as well as ornamental. Mr. and Mrs. Cantin left on the 9.25 train for an extended wedding tour and were showered with confetti and good wishes for their future success on their departure from Lowell at the Northern depot by the large number of friends who there assembled. They will be at home to their friends after February 1 at 137 Andover street, Lawrence. The groom will be remembered by many as the son of Mr. Joseph Cantin, the well known janitor, who resides at 45 B street.

HOGAN—MURPHY.

Mr. James A. Hogan and Miss Sarah E. Murphy were married yesterday at 8 o'clock at the chapel of the parochial residence of the Sacred Heart church, Rev. Fr. Smith, O. M. I., the pastor, celebrating the nuptial mass.

Mr. Anthony Hogan was best man and Miss Vera McClorey was bridesmaid. A reception was held at the home of the bride later, only immediate friends and relatives of the young couple, attending.

Two Conspicuous Promoters of Railroad Rate Legislation

TWO of the men who have been prominent in the congressional fight over railroad rate legislation and are still foremost in the advocacy of the passage of a bill to regulate freight traffic in the United States are John Jacob Esch of Wisconsin and Charles E. Townsend of Michigan. Both are members of the house of representatives, and they are joint authors of the rate bill that was passed by the lower house at the last session and then taken under consideration by the senate, which failed to act. At the opening of the present session the bill, practically retaining its original form, but somewhat amplified in its provisions, was reintroduced into the house of representatives by its energetic originators.

The inspiration for the proposed measure seems to have been derived from an extract from one of President Roosevelt's messages to the effect that "At the present moment the greatest need is for an increase in the power of the national government to keep the highways of commerce open alike to all on reasonable and equitable terms." In spite of this plain expression of the views held by the executive the leaders showed little disposition to assume the initiative. The Moloch to be overthrown was so mighty that the veterans in the political arena hesitated to begin the attack. The railroad interests, believing themselves impregnable, were not concerned over the prospect. It was at this juncture that the views held by Messrs. Esch and Townsend, both members of the interstate and foreign commerce committee, attracted the attention of their fellows and were eventually embodied in the measure reported by the majority of the committee.

The report of the committee favoring the consideration of the measures proposed by Messrs. Esch and Townsend produced a real sensation. The opposition pronounced it revolutionary. Railroad magnates, corporation lawyers and the army of allied interests held up their hands in well simulated horror at the threatened invasion of vested rights. Elaborate briefs and arguments, both oral and in writing, were constructed and sent in by corporation lawyers to the committees of both house and senate. A battalion of eminent legal talent, railroad presidents and lesser officials by the score, the convincing and well oiled lobby and all those who had been sharers in corporate prosperity joined hands in a mighty effort to stifle the new possibility which seemed to threaten.

The principal argument urged in favor of noninterference seems to have been the ancient "Let well enough alone." It was urged earnestly and not without effect that since prosperity had settled upon the country in such an unmistakable fashion it would be the climax of folly to risk such an experiment as legal direction of transportation. These arguments of special interests were not without their influence. At times they were so potent as almost to disarm suspicion and nullify agitation.

But the seed of public discontent had been sown and the germinating process was going on. The Esch-Townsend bill was passed by the house with a celerity that must have been a shock to the railroad lobby. Of course the case was not desperate. The congress was drawing to a close, and the senate, a deliberative body in more ways than one, would do nothing precipitate. There was every prospect that the upper house would do nothing immediate and adjournment was close at hand. What might not happen before the obnoxious measure could be brought before the next congress?

Several things happened, some of them not at all to the liking of those who were preparing to throttle the attempt to reform railway abuses. The outcome of the beef trust investigation, the actual conviction and punishment

CHARLES E. TOWNSEND.

JOHN JACOB ESCH.

of some of the offending packing house officials, was a blow to the railway interests. Their participation in the fraudulent business methods of the packers was well established and made no friends for them. The idea of popular appeal at once became an absurdity. The subsequent disclosures brought about by the investigation of the insurance companies strengthened the popular willingness to have the railroads curbed by the strong hand of the government.

Charles E. Townsend, member of congress from the Second district of Michigan, has achieved more fame during his short career in congress than comes to most men after a lifetime in the public service. He was elected to the Fifty-eighth congress and at once became conspicuous for his advocacy of rate legislation. His first speech in the house produced a decided impression, and he was recognized as a man of deep convictions and endowed with the power of defending his views in a logical manner.

Although he might easily be mistaken for forty, Mr. Townsend has passed the half century mark. His smooth shaven face shows the lines of the deep thinker and student of men and motives. For many years a lawyer of standing, he has mastered the subject of railroad management, not only from the point of view of a congressman, but as one of the counsel retained by the state of Michigan in the conduct of railroad cases. For the three years previous to his election he was engaged almost exclusively in this phase of his profession.

One of the cases which gave Mr. Townsend an admirable opportunity to become acquainted with railroad methods in his own state was that of the Michigan Central against the state auditor. Mr. Townsend was employed by the state, which was trying to collect the taxes levied against the contesting corporation. The railroad interests contended that the law under which they were taxed was unconstitutional, and they fought the state with all the forces they could summon. In order to show that the road had been assessed properly, Mr. Townsend made an inventory of its property in the state and had it appraised. The state triumphed and the successful lawyer was soon elected representative. He is a native of his district and was educated at the University of Michigan.

Congressman John Jacob Esch, who in connection with Mr. Townsend had the distinction of furnishing a name for the most important measure introduced into congress during the last session, is a native of Wisconsin. He was born in 1861, near Norwalk, Monroe county, and is of German parentage. At the age of four the family removed to Sparta, where the boy attended the public schools. He was graduated from the high school in that town and later from the State university at Madison. Mr. Esch taught school for three years, afterward taking up the study of law. He finished the course at the university law school in 1882 and at once became active in politics, being elected to several local offices. Subsequently he settled in Lacrosse, which is still his home. Mr. Esch is now serving his fourth term in the house of representatives, beginning with the Fifty-sixth congress. In Wisconsin the matter of regulating railroad rates has passed from the theoretical stage into actual practice. During the rate war agitation in Wisconsin Mr. Esch was one of Governor La Follette's ablest supporters.

TRUMAN L. ELTON.

McDERMOTT IS DEAD

His Death Not Caused by a Blow

Patrick McDermott, who formerly resided at 185 Adams street, was taken to the city hospital yesterday afternoon in a dying condition. At first it was thought that he had received internal injuries from a kick in the stomach, for at times he said he had been kicked by some Poles in John street, Monday afternoon. This statement, however, seemed to be a little far fetched, because upon an examination by the superintendent of the hospital it was found that the man was suffering from tuberculosis.

To a Sun reporter the superintendent said: "Mr. McDermott is slowly dying. He may have been kicked in the stomach as he says but his present condition would indicate a long period of illness not due to any such injury. I cannot get any rational statement from him. At times he seems to be all right, at others his mind wanders."

HURT IN RUNAWAY

MAD DASH OF "TOM" KELLEY'S HORSES THROUGH CENTRAL STREET.

Thomas H. Kelley Had Narrow Escape From Death

City Auditor Charles D. Packe and Thomas H. Kelley, the well known pawnbroker of Middlesex street, had a narrow escape from being killed in a wild runaway accident in Central street last evening about 5 o'clock. The escape of the men was miraculous. Pedestrians who witnessed the runaway expected every moment to see both men dashed to the ground and killed or seriously injured. Mr. Kelley was thrown from the carriage and was badly hurt, while Mr. Paige, who was also thrown out, escaped injury.

Mr. Kelley was enjoying a ride behind a pair of spirited animals attached to a swell rubber tired, cane bodied carriage, which was once the property of Mr. Alfred E. Rose. While passing Tower's corner Mr. Kelley met Mr. Paige and invited the latter to have a ride.

The horses came prancing down the street at an ordinary pace, when about opposite the New American house the forward axle of the carriage snapped, the carriage was suddenly heaved toward the sidewalk and both occupants were thrown out, one wheel having collapsed.

Mr. Kelley struck the pavement heavily and lay there. He was stunned. Mr. Paige was more fortunate. His fall was broken by his body coming contact with Mr. Kelley. He arose quickly. When the carriage went down the horses lolled toward the sidewalk. The carriage was dragged along until it came in contact with a hitching post and then it was overturned and partially demolished.

At this point the other forward wheel snapped off and rolled out into the car tracks, and the pole to which the horses were attached snapped off. The horses becoming frightened made a wild bump and dashed down the street at a furious rate of speed.

There were many carriages lined up on either side of the street, with other wagons and carriages passing through the street while pedestrians were crossing and people who witnessed the accident and saw the infuriated animals dash down the street momentarily expected to see the animals collide with some vehicle or else run over somebody, but fortunately the animals cleared every obstacle until the corner of Central and Merrimack streets was reached where crowds of people were congregated. People on the sidewalks rushed in every direction as they did not know which way the horses would go or whether they would take to the sidewalk.

The horses did not turn but continued their mad flight straight for the windows of the Five and Ten Cent store, but as the horses were crossing the electric car tracks one of the animals slipped and fell. The other horse followed and before they could regain their feet Officers Burt Ryan and Lane had them by the heads and the danger was over.

Mr. Kelley was taken in the ambulance to St. John's hospital, where it was found that he had sustained severe bruises but no broken bones.

Later in the evening his family physician, Dr. James F. Loughran, ordered his removal to his home on Middlesex street.

The horses were scratched but not seriously injured but the carriage was badly wrecked.

BROKE HIS LEG

Kelley Got It Repaired by Carpenter

FALL RIVER, Jan. 4. Michael Kelley of Chestnut Hill, Brookline, broke his leg yesterday while attempting to board a trolley car. As he lay on the ground, one of the women stood aghast to see the leg twisted around so that the foot was where the heel ought to be.

Some one shrieked for a physician and an ambulance, but there was no evidence of anguish on Kelley's face. He lay prostrate on the ground with his eyes half closed.

One of his friends detected a faint smile at the corners of "Mike's" mouth. The friend was wise to the fact that Kelley's broken limb benefit he was made of wood, but the onlookers were not, and they attributed the smile to Michael's being numb to pain by reason of paralysis.

"Drive hurry that ambulance along," shouted a sympathetic man, or a number of women in unison screeched. "Do, for goodness sake, do something for the man."

A woman held a dainty lace handkerchief to her eyes, and that was more than Kelley's friend could stand. So he shouted to the policeman:

"Take Mike into a carpenter's shop; get a few nails or a spike and you can fix the leg all right, for, you bobbies, the leg is made of wood!"

Mike opened his eyes wide and looked up at the sound of the familiar voice. So the crowd fell away with sheepish looks, while Mike, with one leg going one way and the other looking as though it were ready to start in the opposite direction, hobbled into a carpenter's shop, and pretty soon started for work.

Kelley vows that trolley cars are his bandon, for a few years ago he lost the leg replaced by a wooden one in much the same manner.

DENIED BURIAL

RELATIVES OF DEAD MAN SUE FOR $1000.

NEW BEDFORD, Jan. 4. Because the congregation of Ahabath Achim refused to bury his brother, Morris Lipson has put an attachment on the property belonging to the congregation in the sum of $1000.

Lipson sues in the capacity of administrator of the estate of his brother, Samuel Lipson, who committed suicide some little time ago. According to the plaintiff, the congregation to which his brother belonged, refused to bury the deceased or at least to allow the body to be buried in the cemetery belonging to the congregation on account of death by suicide.

Some of the families of membership in the congregation, it is understood, in their own churches shall receive a proper burial in Hebrew ground. But this was not permitted, as alleged in Samuel Lipson's case.

His brother, who belongs said to be a member from the congregation of Ahabath Achim, seeks the amount expended for funeral expenses.

BURNS A WINNER

Lowell Man Did Excellent Shooting

The Boys of Lowell, who bowled up the Lowell clubhouse of Columbia, made an excellent performance at the traps of the Boston Sporting Association in Washington yesterday afternoon, breaking 22 clays out of 25 and a total of 20 in a handicap match. The weather conditions for shooting were perfect and high scores were made all around. Griffith made a total of 24 and Everett made a total of 23. During the afternoon the wedding ceremony was celebrated by H. H. Dickey, manager of the association.

Tinker	20	20	20	20	20
Climie	19	20	19	20	20
Griffith	20	19	19	19	20
Everett	19	19	20	19	18
Kirkwood	20	18	19	18	19
Boulth	19	17	19	18	19
Gleason	18	18	19	18	19
Frank	19	20	17	17	18
Rob	17	17	19	19	17
Wheeler	16	16	18	19	20
Grant	19	16	15	16	20
Tenby	19	18	18	15	17

MAIL BURNED

WORCESTER, Jan. 4. The large wooden block in Rochdale, town of Leicester, owned by the Rochdale Hall company and occupied by Frank D. Tucker, postmaster and general storekeeper, was burned last night, with all contents, including mails.

The loss on building is set at $12,000 with $5500 insurance. The loss on contents is set at $3000, with $1000 insurance.

The fire started in the cellar from an unknown cause. The block was built to replace one burned 10 years ago.

Light Chat

Days are short and light irregular, nights long and giving plenty of time to do lots of little things that are cropping up from time to time. Now what is necessary to balance up these short days and long nights? A simple answer, a good light. But what is a good light? We will name two or three.

A BARKER AIR LIGHT, exceptionally the brighter. Very powerful light, complete with mantle and globe for 75c.

THE WIDERHOLD INVERTED LIGHT, throws the light down instead of up, mantle will stand a great amount of vibration, excellent light for any purpose, complete for $1.60.

BARKER MANTLES, giving clear, powerful light, made to last, fully guaranteed, great bargain for 25c.

GAS PORTABLES, in many patterns, styles and prices. If you want light, we have it.

H. R. BARKER MFG. CO.

158-170 Middle Street

THE NIGHTS ARE LONG AND DARK.

NOW IS THE TIME YOU MOST NEED THE

People's Safety Lantern

CONSTRUCTED OF THE VERY BEST MATERIAL AND HAS A PATENTED NON-SPILLING OIL RESERVOIR. IT WILL PAY YOU TO SEE THEM.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central Street

HIS LEG CRUSHED

Man Was Drawn Under a Train

WORCESTER, Jan. 4.—Drawn under a passing freight train by the air, John Magill, aged 21, of 90 Canterbury street, at the Hammond street crossing of the Boston & Albany railroad yesterday afternoon lost his left leg.

Magill is an employe of the F. E. Reed company on Gold street and was on his way home to dinner. He used the tracks as a short cut. Yesterday while walking briskly toward his home, he saw a freight train approaching. He stepped to one side and proceeded.

When the first cars had passed him he felt himself being drawn with irresistible force toward the train. He fought with desperation to get out of reach of the suction, but was unable to do so.

One of the railroad men said that at times the suction from even slow-moving trains was great enough to lift a man bodily and draw him beneath the wheels.

This is not due as much to the speed of the cars as to the condition of the wind, he added. If there are air eddies that are caught at the proper angle, it is next to impossible to release one's self.

LOVE OR DEATH

Girl Swallowed Corosive Sublimate Tablets

LYNN, Jan. 4.—"Doctor, I can't live without anybody to love me. Charley doesn't like me any more since I lost my good looks. My father and mother are dead; my health is gone. I want to end it all."

Groaning on the floor, suffering from the effects of poison self administered, Maud Paris, 23, a vaudeville actress whose real name is Maud Goodchild, gasped this to Dr. J. B. Martin as he worked over her prostrate form at 12 Silsbee street at 6.30 o'clock Tuesday night.

The girl had swallowed two tablets of corrosive sublimate intended for external application.

When the stomach pump got to working at Lynn hospital and the fog lifted from the melancholy young woman's brain she denied that she had tried to kill herself.

She said she took the tablets in a last desperate effort to restore her health so she could go back on the stage.

John Donahue, formerly of Central Falls, R. I., the keeper of the boarding house where the girl took the tablets, said he does not know much about her.

A package of love letters found in her room indicated that her affection for a young romantic actor was not reciprocated.

When the young actress recovers from the effects of the poison she will be urged to tell the mystery of her life. She formerly lived at Swampscott. Her parents are dead. Beyond this her history is unknown.

CHRISTMAS TREE

GREEK GIRLS ENJOY ONE AT THE MANN SCHOOL.

The Greek education committee of the Molly Varnum D. A. R. gave a Christmas tree party last evening to the 12 faithful Greek girls who have been studying very hard at the Mann evening school. Mrs. C. M. Williams was chairman of the committee on arrangements. The entertainment was held at the Mann school, and was under her special direction.

The meetings of the sewing class are held every Wednesday evening, and it is more than marvelous the progress they have made. Each and every one of them seems to be deeply interested in the work before them.

The arrangements for last night's entertainment went along without the knowledge of the girls, and when they were about to leave for their respective homes they were invited to the lower room. Here they found the Christmas tree and they were genuinely surprised, but when the pleasurable gifts were passed out, the young girls were very much pleased.

EXTEND STRIKE

PLAN OF THE HOUSESMITHS' UNION.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—Officers of the Housesmiths' and Bridgemen's union announced yesterday that an effort will be made to extend the strike of the structural iron workers to all big cities throughout the country. The strike is for an increase of pay from $4.50 to $5 a day. The independent employers have granted the increase, but the Iron league, representing 70 of the large building employing firms in the country, has refused to grant the demands.

SAVES $40,000

MAYOR FITZGERALD GETS AFTER PAY ROLLS.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—An official list prepared in the mayor's office was given out last night containing the names of those in the city employ who under the Whelton administration received an increase in their salaries.

On Tuesday it was announced that the mayor had ordered all to be placed back on the pay roll at the same salary that they were receiving prior to September 16.

In many cases these increases were for men getting comparatively small wages, such as $14, 15 and $18 per week, but in some instances the increases amounted to $200, $300 and $400 per annum.

The approximate total of the increases which Mayor Fitzgerald put a crimp in is $40,000, and the number affected is 175.

THIS BEAUTIFUL CALENDAR

FREE

The accompanying illustration is reproduced from our 1906 calendar, unquestionably the finest of all the beautiful calendars we have issued.

It is the work of the celebrated artist Carle J. Blenner, and is considered one of the best of Mr. Blenner's paintings.

Our reproduction, 21x28 inches, has been made in 14 colors. The lithographic work has been so perfectly executed on fine, calendared, heavy paper, that the effect is that of a real oil painting.

We are giving this calendar as a premium to each person who sends us 30c in stamps or silver, for one years's subscription to "CLOVER," our 32-page monthly magazine.

The regular subscription is 25c; the extra 5c is to cover the cost of wrapping and mailing calendar.

"CLOVER" is a big "hit", full from cover to cover of "good things." It makes you laugh and, again, it makes you think. Send 30c now as this offer may not appear again in this paper.

SPRINGFIELD BREWERIES CO.

Clover Dept. I Springfield, Mass.

L. L. DOUGLAS & CO.

Slate, Gravel AND Metal Roofing

Gutters and Conductors. Repairing promptly done. Estimates gladly given.

Agents for the best ready roofing in the world. Call or send for samples.

147 ROCK STREET. Telephone 451-2.

NICKLE PLATING

Gold, Silver, Nickel and Copper plating. All kinds of metal polishing, burnishing and lacquering at 61 Middle street.

DERBY & MORSE

FEAR FOUL PLAY

Friends Cannot Find Joseph St. Clair

WAS LAST SEEN AT ROCHESTER

He Made Visit to Several Saloons

ROCHESTER, N. H., Jan. 4—Anxiety is felt in this city for the safety of Joseph St. Clair, 37, portable sawmill owner and teaming contractor, who is cutting and hauling the timber from two large wood lots in New Durham and who has not been seen by any of his acquaintances since the evening of Dec. 27.

Mr. St. Clair left his camps Saturday afternoon after paying his men their week's wages, and went to Amesbury, Mass., to visit his family over Sunday. He returned as far as this city Monday evening and remained over night. He had two men with him whom he had employed. One was a short man, who has worked for him before. The other was tall, and it is thought, a new hand. No one here knows their names. Mr. St. Clair remained in Rochester Tuesday. He was in several saloons, and both men were with him. In a Factory court saloon he is said to have shown a good sized roll of money. Tuesday morning the three men called at the house of Frank Cooley in Factory court. Cooley worked for St. Clair last fall at Middleton and New Durham, and St. Clair wanted Cooley to go back to work, but no bargain was made. Late in the afternoon St. Clair returned to Cooley's house with the tall man, and he was considerably under the influence of liquor. Mrs. Cooley asked him to remain with them that night, but he declined, saying that he had got to be at his camp in the morning and intended to leave for New Durham on the 7 o'clock train. He left the house shortly after 6.

Mr. Cooley says that he saw St. Clair and his companions in a saloon on South Main street about an hour later, after the New Durham train had gone, and he went in and spoke to him. St. Clair had apparently forgotten his plan to return to camp and Mr. Cooley left him in the saloon. That was the last he saw of St. Clair. He says he has since heard that St. Clair got in to a fight while here, but whether it occurred that night he did not know. He also heard that St. Clair finally started to walk to New Durham with his team.

Charles Langley, owner of one of the woodlots on which St. Clair is at work, went there yesterday and said that neither Mr. St. Clair nor his companions have been seen there.

St. Clair's friends here fear that he has either met with foul play or has wandered into the woods and frozen to death.

MAN KILLED

MUCH DAMAGE DONE BY WIND STORM IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4—Thomas D. Henderson was killed by a falling sign, a score of persons were injured and $100,000 worth of property was destroyed by a wind storm which struck Chicago last night. It blew 60 miles an hour. In every part of the city pedestrians were hurt by flying signs or falling chimneys. Along the North shore trees were uprooted.

In South Chicago an open hearth furnace under course of construction by the Illinois Steel company was blown down at a loss of $50,000.

TEWKSBURY

Miss Ella Flemmings who has been teaching at the North school has accepted the position of principal at the Foster school.

Mr. John Gale, Jr., has passed the civil service examination, to be a letter carrier.

Geo. Ames is planning to build a summer residence on Prospect hill, commanding a fine view of all the surrounding country. Already the road which is to lead up to the site of the residence has been begun.

The Centre Whist Club met again last evening at the home of Mr. Harold Fullen.

The Women's guild met yesterday afternoon in the vestry and made further plans for the food sale, to be held on

6c BUTTERINE 6c

CALUMET BUTTERINE

COSTS ONLY HALF AS MUCH AS BUTTER

Prints—12 1-2c lb., 2 lbs. for 25c

Tubs—10c lb.

Special for Friday and Saturday—Corned Beef 5c Lb.

Fancy Staples, 6c

Best Large Flake Rice.....6c lb.
10c pkg. Macaroni, Blue Cross Brand.....6c
Pearl Tapioca.....6c pkg.
Best Mince Meat.....6c pkg.
Boneless Codfish.....6c lb.
Qt. bottle Best Ammonia.....6c
Uncle Jerry's Pancake Flour.....6c

Special

Wetmore's Gelatine.....6c pkg.
Wetmore's Grated Coconut, 6c pkg.
Wetmore's Prepared Pudding, 6c pkg.
Can Baker's Cocoa.....6c
½ lb. pkg. Sherry's Cocoa Shells.....3c
¼ lb. pkg. Emile Adler's No. 1 Premium Chocolate.....6c

Choice Bottled Goods, 6c

1 qt. bottle Bluing.
1 qt. bottle Ammonia
1 pt. bottle Worcestershire Sauce.
1 pt. bottle Lime Juice
1 10c bottle Horse Radish.
1 10c glass Honey.

Pure Lard

25 lb. pails.....9c a lb.
10 lb. pails.....9c a lb.
5 lb. pails.....9½c a lb.
3 lb. pails.....9½c a lb.

Teas and Coffees

We recommend these goods to be the finest grade Teas and Coffees. The Tea we formerly sold at 50c to 70c a pound. Coffee formerly 25c and 35c a pound.
Best Japan Tea, 25c lb., 5 lbs. $1.00
Best English Breakfast, 20c lb., 6 lbs. $1.00
Best Assam.....25c lb., 5 lbs. $1.00
Best Formosa Oolong, 25c lb., 5 lbs. $1.00
Best Mocha and Java.....15c lb.
Chase & Sanborn's Pure Coffee, 20c lb.

Green Mountain Potatoes 20c Peck

Choice Canned Goods

3 lb. cans Best Pears.....3 for 25c
3 lb. cans Best Plums.....3 for 25c
Challenge Milk.....3 cans for 25c
Blue Hill Brand Clams, 3 cans for 25c
3 lb. cans Best Peaches.....12c can
Best Strawberries.....10c can
Best Raspberries.....12c can
Best Blueberries.....12c can
Best Karo Corn Syrup.....3 for 25c

N.Y. State Hand Screened Pea Beans 6c Qt.

Van Camps New Soups 6c

Tomato, Mock Turtle, Chicken, Bouillon, Julienne, Oxtail, Consommo, Beef, Vegetable, Mulligatawny

Canned Goods, 6c

Best Strawberry Beets.
Best Crystal Spring Baked Beans.
Best Fairy Queen Sugar Corn.
Best Golden Wedding Green Peas.
Best High Grade String Beans.
Best Duda Blueberries.
Best New England Marrow Squash.
Best Easter Dishes Mustard.

Cereals

Buckeye Oats.....8c pkg.
Mother's Oats.....8c pkg.
Quaker Oats.....8c pkg.
Hawkeye Oats.....8c pkg.
Malta Vita.....6c
Cero Fruto.....6c
Zest with decorated cup or saucer 10c

Starch

Best Corn Starch, 5c pkg.; 6 pkgs. 25c
Best Lump Starch, 3 lbs. for.....10c
10c pkg. Ivory or Diamond Finish Starch.....6c

Choice Fresh Meats

Legs of Lamb.....10c and 12c lb.
Best Ham.....10c and 11c lb.
Legs of Veal.....10c and 12c lb.
Forequarters Veal.....7c and 8c lb.
Rump Butts.....9c and 10c lb.
Best Sirloin Roast Beef.....12c lb.
Best Rib Roast Beef.....8c to 12c lb.
Best Rump Steak.....15c and 18c lb.
Best Sirloin Steak.....15c lb.
Best Round Steak, 2 lbs. for.....25c
3 lbs. Best Pork Sausage for.....25c
3 lbs Best Frankfurts for.....25c
Best Liver.....5c lb.
2 lbs. Good Round Steak.....25c

Short Cut Legs Lamb 10c lb.

9c Extra Special 9c

Choice Alaska Salmon.....9c
A. & P. Loggie's Blueberries.....9c
Shute & Merchant Gold Wedge Brand Shrimp.....9c
White Duke Plums.....9c
Swan Cove Brand Clams.....9c

Fresh Killed Chickens 14c and 15c lb.

Pure Spices, 6c

¼ LB. CARTONS.

Cream Tartar	Cloves
Black Pepper	Allspice
White Pepper	Cassia
Dry Mustard	Al. Ginger
Whole Spice	20 Nutmegs

Choice Pure Extracts, 6c

Strawberry	Jamaica Ginger
Wintergreen	Peppermint
Raspberry	Vanilla, Lemon

Lard

Cudahy's Blue Ribbon Compound Lard best in the market:
25 lb. pails.....6½c lb.
5 lb. pails.....7c lb.
3 lb. pails.....7c lb.

Sardines

Fresh American Sardines, 4c box, 8 boxes for 25c
Gold Wedge Brand Fancy Sardines, 10c size, 7c a box; 4 boxes for 25c

Butter

Best Vermont Creamery—
Prints.....27c lb.
5 lb. boxes.....$1.25

Soaps

6 bars Ivory Soap.....25c
8 bars of Armour's Lighthouse (regular 5c soap).....25c
10 bars People Soap.....25c
7 bars Good Will.....25c
7 bars G. E. Marsh Co. Naphtholl Soap.....25c

7 Bars Swift's White Floating Soap for 25c

Smoked Shoulders 8c lb.

Sugar, 5c lb

Special on Flour for This Week

B. M. C., Ben Hur, Galaxy $5.50 bbl.; 70c bag
Peacock American Beauty $4.90 bbl.; 65c bag
Best Pastry Flour, Acme, Flying Eagle.....55c and 60c bag

John F. Saunders 159 Gorham St, Corner Summer

Telephone 592-3

THE LOWELL SUN

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

The Sun receives the full day service of THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator, in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1905 was

14,829

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, January 9, 1906. JOHN J. HOGAN, Notary Public.

☞ This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞ An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE-THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

ANNEX THE TOWN OF TEWKSBURY

THE MUTUAL INTERESTS OF TEWKSBURY AND LOWELL DEMAND THE ANNEXATION OF THE ENTIRE TOWN OF TEWKSBURY. THE TOWN WANTS CITY PRIVILEGES AND LOWELL WANTS ROOM FOR FUTURE EXPANSION. WE HAVE BUILT UP TO THE TEWKSBURY LINE SO THAT OUR GROWTH IN THAT DIRECTION MUST STOP UNLESS WE ANNEX NEW TERRITORY. WITHOUT NEW TERRITORY CONGESTION WILL FOLLOW TO THE INJURY OF OUR CITY AND OUR PEOPLE.

ANNEXATION WOULD START A BOOM THAT WOULD GREATLY ADVANCE THE PRICE OF REAL ESTATE IN TEWKSBURY AND IN TIME FORM A SOURCE OF REVENUE THAT WOULD FULLY COMPENSATE US FOR SUPPLYING THE TOWN WITH OUR WATER SERVICE, WITH POLICE AND FIRE PROTECTION, SCHOOLS, SEWERS AND STREET IMPROVEMENTS. WERE TEWKSBURY ANNEXED THE GROWTH IN THAT DIRECTION WOULD BE SO RAPID THAT ATHERTON AND WIGGINVILLE WOULD SOON BE THE CENTRES OF THRIVING RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS IN WHICH NEW INDUSTRIES WOULD RISE TO GIVE READY EMPLOYMENT TO THE PEOPLE IN THE VICINITY. IT SEEMS, THEREFORE, THAT THE PUBLIC SPIRITED MEN OF BOTH CITY AND TOWN SHOULD PUSH THE MOVEMENT TO MAKE TEWKSBURY PART AND PARCEL OF OUR CITY.

The new city council got down to business with commendable promptitude. That augurs well for its success during the year.

WEEDING OUT THE SHYSTERS.

The New York Sun referring to divers reforms that have been inaugurated of late touches upon some improvements made in the journalistic field in that metropolis thus:

"Finally, passing over certain exposures in law as it is practised, let us call attention to our own profession as it is practised in New York. Certain jackals, feeders on dead scandal, who hang on the fringe of journalism, are in a fair way to be separated not only from the newspaper business, but from their personal liberty.

"The graft, the blackmail and half blackmail carried on for years by men who correspond to 'shysters' in law and quacks in medicine have been sheared off with a great suddenness."

THE ISSUE NOT DEAD.

The New York Tribune designates Canadian reciprocity as a "dead issue," but if Henry M. Whitney runs upon a reciprocity platform next year he will probably be elected. The issue is not dead despite the effort of Lodge and other republicans to consign it to an untimely grave.

Whitney came so nearly defeating Draper that his vote alarmed republicans throughout the nation. Even the president showed his ill temper over it in accusing Whitney of misrepresenting him while two men who accompanied Whitney in the interview in which the president claimed to have been misquoted, insisted that Whitney did not misrepresent the president.

Whitney has resigned as president of the Boston chamber of commerce in order to be able to give more time to the reciprocity movement and if he runs next year for lieutenant governor on the same issue he will stand a first class chance of election. His election as governor or even as lieutenant governor might convince the New York Tribune and some republican bosses that the reciprocity issue is taking on new life instead of sinking into oblivion.

AMAZING MOTH RAVAGES IN MEDFORD.

The Medford Mercury has issued an illustrated volume showing the ravage of the gypsy and brown tail moths in that town and certainly nobody who had not seen the trees pictured could have any conception that such a state of devastation could be worked by any moth pest.

Some splendid oak trees are literally covered with nests on the extreme tips of the branches, while in other cases the trunks of large trees literally swarm with the caterpillars.

The defoliation of trees by the fully developed moths is amazing in its completeness and extent. Speaking of the extent of the damage done in the streets and thoroughfares of Medford alone, the Mercury says that 1161 apple trees have been destroyed and 1396 trees of various other kinds. Here is a striking instance cited of the power of free destruction possessed by these pests:

"In Walter C. Wright's wood lot on Fulton street, of the 279 trees that were yet standing early in July, all but 39 trees which are mostly yellow pines, were defoliated and of the 340 defoliated trees 182 are dead, including 151 pine trees, most of them very tall, white pine trees and many of them of quite large size. Of the 158 defoliated trees other than pine trees left, many will not long survive the effects of the ravages of the moths to which they have been subjected during the past three years."

When trees are closely covered with moth nests it is a very difficult task to clear them off by hand. The most approved method of destroying them is to spray the nests with creosote or crude oil, both of which are deadly to the eggs or caterpillars in the inert state. The price of crude oil being ten cents a gallon at wholesale or fifteen at retail brings it within reach of all as the cheapest and most effective weapon for the destruction of the gypsy or brown tail moths.

With this light shed upon the destructiveness of the moth pests, it is the duty of the park board to guard well against any such moth ravages as are seen at Medford. The board is expected to look closely after these moth pests and if more money is needed for the purpose it is the duty of the city council to grant it. The moths must be fought off at any cost, as to let them get a germinating domicile here might mean the eventual destruction of the most beautiful shade trees of our city.

SEEN AND HEARD

Mary had a little lamb
Where was it [illegible] to go,
And everywhere the fleecious wooly
He was sure to go.

[illegible]

[illegible] Columbia A[illegible] the news [illegible]

The new building of the Mathew Temple [illegible] attracting great attention. The hall is said to be one of the finest society places in the city [illegible].

[illegible] the St. Patrick's day concert which will meet on Sunday, Jan. 14, will vote against a parade this year but will decide upon some suitable observance of the day.

John F. Kinsella, the well known Hibernian, who has been [illegible] to be chosen a delegate to the national convention of the A. O. H. The Ancient Order delegates will try to make Matthew Cummings, at present state president, national president of the A. O. H.

Among the many distinguished guests present at the dedicatory ball of the Mathew Institute Monday evening was Judge Hadley who occupied a seat in the balcony. The venerable judge has always taken a keen interest in the Mathews and he was pleased at the showing the society made in the erection of such a structure, and complimented the officers and members whom he met.

The women of Beal's Ferry, N. H., have not cut much slights of late without escorts and the escorts are carrying loaded rifles, all because of a big bear which visited the home of Daniel Bean the other evening. Mrs. Bean heard something prowling about the windows as she was at work about the kitchen. Thinking it was a man, she called her husband. When the latter went to the door he saw a big bear ambling leisurely away toward the woods.

A writer in the New York Press makes this estimate of the Christmas trade in that city. Out of a population of 4,000,000 it seems fair to say that 50 percent made presents. Many men spent $100,000, and one more at least, put out $1,000,000. Assuming that the average was $5 each, it appears that no less than $10,000,000 was spent on this holiday. Many say that this estimate is exceedingly conservative.

Mike Larkin, the boxer, who is making a tour of the New England and Middle states giving daily exhibitions of cold water swimming, is now in New Haven, where, while the people are shivering on the banks of the river, Mike is swimming around in the cold water, evidently enjoying himself.

Larkin is up against tough luck in Stamford, Conn., where the chief of police refused him a permit to give an exhibition, but he frequently runs across places of that kind and generally takes the next train or walks to the next city or town where he will be allowed to do his stunt.

The writer has received numerous souvenir postal cards since Larkin left Lowell, and according to reports he is making good wherever he is allowed to swim. His pocketbook, he states, is beginning to grow heavy.

In speaking with "Tom" Carvey, who is president of the Cigar Makers' union, regarding the movement for home industry in the cigar business, he said: "The Cigar Makers' union was organized in Lowell over twenty years ago and though there are more cigars smoked in Lowell than any other city this side of Boston, the idea of smoking cigars which are made here was seemingly not thought of till last year. The members of the local union have worked hard for this end.

"The local press has done considerable to help us and considering the few members we had here, the result of our agitation has been very good. I was told by a wholesale dealer that during the year of 1905 he handled more Lowell cigars than he has handled in any one year for some time back."

I wish I'd lived long long ago,
When there were animals in the sea,
And Heaven would have played with me,
And fairy tales were really so.

I'd like on Santa Claus' sleigh
Next Christmas Eve to have a lark,
And, I would love to see a witch
Upon a broomstick ride away.

Of course there still are lots of knights,
And there are princesses besides,
But nowadays men don't win brides
By going off on dragon-flights.
I wish I'd lived long long ago,
When fairy tales were really so.

THE GLOOMY IRISH BACHELOR.

Here, for yer pity I mean, I'm preshaltin' ye Jerry McGlone,
Troublin' the life of him will be previntin' ye battlin' yer own.
Think of a face wid a permanint fixture of
Looks that are always suggestin' a mixture of
Lemmons an' vinegar. There! You've a picture of Jerry McGlone.
Faix, there is nothin' lest cousest gloom in this Jerry McGlone
Christmas joy, mony yes, silver finds room in this cryastyle of stone.
Cynical of gloom is the lonest on the pride of him,
As if a laugh ever did pierce the hide of him.
Faix, I believe twould immediate, inside of him, change to a green
Whisht now, an' listen. I'll tell ye the trouble wid Jerry McGlone.
He preferred single life rather than trouble wid Molly Malone.
Think of it! Think of an Irishman tarryin'
While there's a party girl wishful for marryin'?
Arrah! No wonder the devils are harrying Jerry McGlone.
Ah, but there's few o' the race but would scorn to be Jerry McGlone.
Shure, we all know that a Celt is not born to be livin' alone.
Oh, but we're grateful (I speake for the lady)
Grateful for women the bountiful Deity
Lavers, wid beauty an' virtue an' gayety.
All for our own!

TO A HERO

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT WILL PRESENT A MEDAL.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4—President Roosevelt will personally present to Captain Church, now in the medical corps of the army, the medal which is to be awarded him for conduct at La Guasimas, when as assistant surgeon of the Rough Rider regiment he distinguished himself in the face of the enemy's fire. The presentation will take place at the White House on Jan. 10, when there will be present, in addition to President Roosevelt, Secretary Taft, Lieutenant General Chaffee and Surgeon O'Reilly.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

ADAMS

Reliability

UPHOLSTERING

At the Adams work shop on the fourth floor we employ three skilled workmen. To keep them employed we will make you a low price on your work during January or February. Telephone us to send the foreman upholsterer to estimate the cost.

ADAMS & CO.

FURNITURE—RUGS—CARPETS

APPLETON BANK BLOCK 174 Central St.

PUTNAM & SON CO., 166 Central St.

Good Things are Ready for You in the Boys' Room

Boys' Overcoats and Suits, $1.50

A collection of suits to fit boys from 3 years of age to 16. Norfolk suits in large and small sizes, juvenile suits and two-piece double breast jacket suits—the small ones sold from $3 to $5—the large ones up to $3.

OVERCOATS—new cut, long, with half belt in the back, full double breast, dark blue Meltons, sizes 3 years to 16, worth $2.50. All today. $1.50
suits and overcoats, for

Boys' Overcoats and Suits, $3.50

In this group are overcoats and suits for boys from 3 years of age to 16. Russian blouse and Eton Norfolk suits, that sold up to $6. Double breast jacket and Norfolk jacket suits—large sizes 8 years to 16 that sold for $5, $6, $8.

LONG OVERCOATS with half belt back, smart Scotch effects, sold up to $6. All now, little and big, marked $3.50

Boys' Overcoats Now $6 Were $10 and $12

Every fine overcoat in stock, all now, cut very long, half belt back, splendidly tailored, made from expensive Scotch cheviot overcoatings—our most expensive garments that sold for $8, $10 and $12. Every coat into one lot and marked $6.00

Will You Pay 19 Cents To Keep the Boy Comfortable?

23 dozens of boys' heavy fleece lined Shirts and Drawers are being closed out in our Boys' Department. Sizes 21 to 34. PRICE TODAY 19c

IN TEXAS

CROWDS OF PEOPLE ARE SEEKING HOMES.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 4—During the past week more homeseekers from the northern and eastern states have been in south and west Texas than came during the entire season of 1904-5. Special trains and following sections of regular trains from Kansas City and St. Louis came through to Texas intact. The men and women who are interested in new propositions in the way of lands for homes are coming to Texas now for the reason that there is no other section offering like opportunities.

In addition to the homeseekers and settlers from the states of the Union there is a large influx of foreigners to this state at this time. They are colonizing the lands in the irrigated section along the Rio Grande river; and the big ranches are being divided into farms for their use. A ranch containing 120,000 acres was sold last week to a syndicate of Japanese in New York, who purpose colonizing on it about three hundred Japanese families who will engage in fruit and truck growing. The ranch is irrigable by artesian water supply.

Several colonies of Italians are being arranged for in this section of the state. These will come direct from Naples to Galveston. The Gould lines are inducing this immigration and it is a result in part of the visit that Baron des Planches, the Italian ambassador to the United States, made to this section last spring. Baron des Planches made a most flattering report to his government.

Several colonies of Swedes are being brought to this section of Texas from the northern states. They are induced by the same argument which applies to other citizens of the northern states—cheap lands which in return for the value of the old homes are estates of great extent.

The movement to Texas as the last place where cheap homes may be had in America is already spreading to northern Mexico and the country across the Rio Grande is being taken up and being made into farms by the overflow from South Texas. A ranch containing 250,000 acres in the state of Chihuahua, near the Rio Grande river, has just been sold to an Australian syndicate, who announce that it will be colonized by people directly from Australia. The colonists will arrive in the spring. This land was bought from the Mexican government at a price of fifty cents an acre. The land was sold on long time, the idea of the government of the state being to induce this class of immigration by liberal dealing.

Italians are a disappointment in Mexico, where several colonies have been established. They remove to the towns as soon as possible. The same is true of these people in Texas. The Austrians, however, are good farmers and so far as they have been observed stay where they are located and develop the country.

So determined are the immigrants from abroad and the settlers from the North to have the lands now in pastures for farming purposes that there are very few cattle ranches left in Texas and northern Mexico which are not openly for sale to settlers. The only difficulty in this is that the tracts are for sale only in large bodies. This makes syndicating and colonizing necessary.

The best of music at the Dragons.

FAILURES

9,970 DURING THE YEAR OF 1905.

The total number of failures in business in the United States for the calendar year 1905, according to Bradstreet's, this compilation being made since the year ended, was 9,970, a decrease of 4.3 per cent. from 1904, but an increase of 2 per cent. over 1903, about the same number as in 1902, and 6.1 per cent. less than in the year 1901. The increase in number over 1899, the most favorable year of the past generation so far as number goes, is 3.4 per cent. The average number of failures yearly, from 1889 to 1901, inclusive, was 10,060, so it will be seen that the 1905 total is almost 1 per cent. below the average.

The liabilities of the individuals, firms and corporations failing in 1905 aggregated $121,770,668, a decrease of 15 per cent. from 1904, of 21 per cent. from 1903, and of 6.4 per cent. from 1901, but a gain of 15 per cent. over 1902, which saw the smallest aggregate of liabilities reported since 1899. The assets for 1905 aggregated $65,200,889, which was 53.5 per cent. of the liabilities, as against 53.1 per cent. in 1904, 54.5 per cent. in 1903, 48 per cent. in 1902 and 46.9 per cent. in 1901.

BASEBALL

Ball players all over the country are waiting for their 1906 contracts with more than usual eagerness, for an unconfirmed rumor is in circulation that many salaries will be greatly reduced. During the war between the two big leagues players' salaries were boosted to the skies. It was frequently the case that some of the National league players did not jump to the American league before they had received guaranteed contracts for two or three years, calling for as much as $6,000 or even $8,000 a year. Nearly all of these contracts expired last fall, and as the rival magnates are at peace under the provisions of the national agreement, they feel at liberty to offer lower terms to the high class performers. While there is no salary limit in vogue in the two big leagues, it will not be at all surprising if they reach an agreement of this kind before another year. It was not so many years ago that the National league, when it was a twelve club monopoly, had a limit of $2,400, which was finally abolished because the club owners themselves could not live up to the terms of it. Then came the baseball war and a general demand on the part of the players for salaries that were exorbitant. But the warring magnates paid them, even though they lost money. Some of the players who are regarded as indispensable can practically dictate their own terms, but they are comparatively few in number. The rank and file, however, must stand a cut or jump to the "outlaw league"—which hasn't room for everybody, it must be remembered.

Frank Bonner, well known as a second baseman and a member of the Baltimore, Louisville, Kansas City and other teams, is dead. He was 41 years old and had been in the professional arena for twenty years. His nearest relative is a brother at Worcester, Mass.

William G. Evans, who was recently appointed an American league umpire by Ban Johnson, is the first college graduate, it is said, to serve in that capacity. Evans is a graduate of Cornell. Recently he has been a sporting writer on an Ohio newspaper, and for the past two seasons has umpired with much success in the Ohio and Pennsylvania league. He is a stickler for good deportment and clean ball, and is cool and quick. After he has run up against some of the rowdies of the profession he may not be so cool, but Johnson will back him up at all hazards, as he always does with his judges of play.

DIED AT 9 O'CLOCK.

Patrick McDermott, the victim of acute tuberculosis, died at the city hospital this morning shortly after 9 o'clock.

Kimball Metal Polish 15c CAN

AT

C. B. COBURN CO'S., 63 Market Street

Horne Coal Co.

Always Has The Best

GUILD'S ADDRESS

Governor Wants Child Labor Laws Enforced

Boston, Jan. 4.—Following is the address substantially in full of Governor Curtis Guild, Jr., to the general court of 1906:

With a deep sense of gratitude to the citizens of this Commonwealth, I ask your co-operation and promise you mine in the task of legislation that has been set before us.

We are met in no mean city. The real Boston is the Greater Boston that includes the homes as well as the workshops and counting houses of this community. It is a great metropolis,—a greater metropolis than its own citizens perhaps appreciate. It should be developed as such.

The combined exports and imports of Boston are exceeded only by those of New York. This is the second seaport in the United States. It must not retrograde. Both exports and imports exceed those of last year. The total excess over last year of foreign commerce in the eleven months for which the figures are at hand shows a gain in these eleven months of nearly thirty millions of dollars. One-twentieth of the wealth of the United States, one-thirtieth of the population of the country, is within an hour's ride of this historic building. In this area are the homes of a larger population than in any area but one in the country. The capital of Massachusetts is the second centre of population in the United States.

We have to legislate for no decadent Commonwealth.

Of all the States and Territories on this continent, only four contain a smaller area. Because of geographical limitation, as well as from a notable lack of mineral deposits, forests and rich arable soil, a slow rate of gain in material prosperity might logically be expected of Massachusetts, in comparison with many States possessing greater natural advantages. Yet, on the contrary, at the last taking of our national census it was found that Massachusetts, fourth from the foot in area, is seventh from the top in population, fourth from the top in the annual value of her manufactures, and third from the top in the annual amount paid in wages. Measured by assessed valuation of the property in her borders, Massachusetts is exceeded by but two States. Fourth from the foot in area, Massachusetts is third from the top in wealth.

Nor is this prosperity the dwindling legacy of earlier generations. The past year has seen huge additions to our industrial plants, notably to those producing manufactures of leather and of wool. Marked advances have taken place in the wages of those engaged in textile manufacture; and, as noted by my predecessor, statistics of abandoned farms no longer figure in our State papers. Measured by the value of farm products, Massachusetts is first among the New England States, and shows by a steady increase that attention is wisely given to the extension of the work of the farmers' institutes and of our Agricultural College.

Our Massachusetts census, just taken, tells a wonderful story. In the decade between 1895 and 1905 Massachusetts added over half a million to her population. It is extraordinary that this great increase, which is, within less than fifty thousand, the same increase that was shown between 1885 and 1895, should have been possible in what was and is, with one exception, the most densely populated State in the Union.

It is more extraordinary that this half million of increase in our population should be not merely vast in proportion to area, but, with four exceptions only, larger in actual numbers than the increase shown by any other State or Territory in the whole United States.

The annual value of the manufactured products of Massachusetts increased by but $175,173,033 between 1885 and 1895. It increased by $300,267,558 between 1895 and 1905. The total value of goods made in Massachusetts was $1,150,074,660 in 1905.

The increase in the value of the annual product of cotton goods from 1885 to 1895 was $32,190,463. From 1895 to 1905, in spite of southern competition, it was $38,949,280. The increase in our wool and worsted products between 1885 and 1895 was $[illegible]0,533. Between 1895 and 1905 it was $60,581,514. The increase in our shoe product between 1885 and 1895 was $7,405,548. Between 1895 and 1905 it was $70,271,866.

On October 31 the total amount on deposit in our savings banks was, in 1885, $274,993,412; in 1895, $439,269,861; and in 1905, $662,808,312. The increase in the last decade was greater by over fifty-eight millions of dollars than in the decade that preceded it. In 1885 the average deposit for each person of population was $141.64; in 1895, $175.69; and in 1905, $220.67. The gain in deposits per capita in the last decade was greater by nearly a third than the gain in the preceding decade.

Through the conventions of her two great parties, through her General Court and Governor, Massachusetts has already demanded from the national government the immediate construction of a tariff framed to meet the lines of modern competition. Massachusetts asks the removal of such duties as are now needless, the reduction of such duties as were once just but are now excessive, and the development not of our commerce alone but of the commerce of the United States by more friendly trade treaties with other nations. In such investigation of the real needs of American industries Massachusetts asks no exclusive favors. We understand that the removal of the duty on hides means a revision of the duty on goods that are made from hides.

Massachusetts stands at the council board of the nation not as a broken beggar, whimpering for an alms, but as a strong man, demanding aggressive action from his peers.

Such action has already been urged on President and Congress through our Senators and Representatives, on whom alone the Constitution imposes the responsibility to the people for such national legislation. We await their championship of our cause with trust and confidence.

For us the Constitution of our own Commonwealth prescribes the concentration of energy on the legislation for which we, in turn, are responsible to the people of Massachusetts. Never more than now have they had the right to insist that such legislation should be enacted in the spirit of the Massachusetts Declaration of Rights, which proclaims "Government is instituted for the common good, for the protection, safety, prosperity and happiness of the people, and not for the profit, honor or private interest of any one man, family or class of men."

The work of the various departments of the Commonwealth has been well done,—so well done that even a political overturn in the Executive management of the Commonwealth has led to no overturn in policy, to but little change even in personality in these departments.

Election Expenses.

Prosperity, as well as adversity, breeds evil. The rapid accumulation of wealth has led to a lavish use of money in elections. This increase in the use of money is in this Commonwealth confined to no party, district or variety of election. The uses to which much of this money is put are not in themselves corrupt. The spending of scores of thousands of dollars on posters and newspaper advertising is not corrupt in itself; but when a citizen, asked by his fellow citizens to take public office, is forced to contemplate such huge expenditure as a necessity, the obvious result is to drive the man of modest means from public life. The parsimony of the United States makes the richest nation in the world the only one that cannot be represented, thanks to the expense of the position, by a poor man as ambassador to a foreign court. Franklin could not afford to go to France to-day.

I suggest for your consideration the extension of the corrupt practices act; some limitation on the total amount to be spent by any candidate; a more stringent penalty, which should be strictly enforced, for those who fail to file election expenses; the voiding of an election where deliberate and serious violations of the provisions of the act are proved against the successful candidate; and finally, the absolute prohibition of contributions from corporations in campaigns, either for nomination or election.

Civil Service.

You have doubtless found that a large body of your constituents believe that the civil service laws are either not in existence or not enforced. In a measure they are right. In certain localities the law is evaded, and, owing to the lack of a sufficient inspecting force, with impunity. In other localities, through lack of notification, the public are kept in ignorance of the civil service examinations, and of the fact that there are constant vacancies in local offices open to any citizen. In some parts of the Commonwealth there is therefore now no eligible list from which candidates may be taken.

It is worse than useless to hire an expert at a large salary and make no provision that his assistants be competent for the work. I suggest that the men supplied for the suppression of the brown-tail and gypsy moths be appointed by the same authorities as now, but only after they have passed a suitable examination, and been certified on the usual lists by the Civil Service Commissioners.

The successful result in Philadelphia of applying the civil service system to certain heads of departments suggests the advisability of considering a similar extension of the law throughout Massachusetts, if not also, as suggested by my predecessor, the extension of the law to all county officers. I recommend that an adequate salary be paid, at least to the chairman of the Board, from whom the needs of this work now demand daily attention; I recommend that a sufficient appropriation be made to provide for constant, not occasional, inspection of [illegible] and, further the enactment of [illegible] providing for the consolidation and continuous display, by town [illegible] officials, of posters to be [illegible] by the Civil Service Commission [illegible] that the people may know when [illegible] examinations are to be [illegible] what vacancies exist [illegible] new, they can secure the [illegible] Government guaranteed them by [illegible] out the intervention of [illegible] congress or partisan organizations.

State Finance.

The gross debt of the Commonwealth, actual and contingent, Jan. 1, 1906, was $48,[illegible]. Of this amount, $31,579,550 is represented by loans which have been issued for State purposes exclusively, and $7,730,412, the total contingent debt, is loans which have been issued for the benefit of cities and towns, and which will be repaid ultimately by them to the Commonwealth. Applicable to the loans issued for strictly State purposes, there are accumulations in sinking funds amounting to $17,353,847.85, making the net actual State debt $14,215,902.15. For the redemption of the loans included in the contingent debt there are accumulations in sinking funds amounting to $7,378,785.83, which amount, applied to the principal of the loans, makes the net contingent debt $59,304,626.17. Of the net contingent debt, $1,573,496.84 falls upon certain cities and towns in which armories have been built, and the remainder, $57,928,129.33 upon the cities and towns in the metropolitan water, sewerage and parks districts.

The net actual State debt for five years is as follows:—

Jan. 1, 1902	$12,459,253 61
Jan. 1, 1903	13,472,628 69
Jan. 1, 1904	14,789,040 97
Jan. 1, 1905	15,676,595 11
Jan. 1, 1906	14,215,902 15

The payment to Massachusetts of the net sum of $1,450,566.76 by the United States, in the year just closed, has been applied to the reduction of the State debt.

I desire to urge upon your attention a careful perusal of the reports of the Treasurer and of the Auditor, and the annual and special messages of my three immediate predecessors. With every possible economy, we have been forced to raise, by direct taxation, a sum amounting last year to four millions of dollars. This direct State tax is caused by the unusual generosity of the Commonwealth to the local governments of its cities and towns. The Commonwealth has assumed one local burden after another. Its assumption, for example, of the entire care of the insane has relieved and should have reduced local taxation by over a million dollars annually.

Absolutely no additional revenue has been provided to offset this increased State expenditure. On the contrary, the Commonwealth, like the pelican in the fable, has opened her own veins to feed her hungry offspring. The corporation tax, for example, is an excise tax levied and collected by the Commonwealth on organizations created, regulated and controlled by the Commonwealth. In New York the whole corporation tax goes to the State. In Massachusetts about three-quarters of it is returned to the cities and towns. The amount thus returned last year was $3,421,096.81. Again, New York retains one-half the sum received for liquor licenses. Massachusetts retains but one-quarter. If New York's example were followed in this Commonwealth, the receipts of our treasury would have been increased last year from this source by $836,809.68.

In view of these hard financial facts, I need not urge you to the most careful scrutiny of every suggestion of increased expenditure and resistance to every endeavor further to reduce our already inadequate revenue.

Banking Laws.

Since the new business corporation law went into effect there has been a growing tendency to organize corporations to engage in banking, and on the part of foreign corporations to obtain admission into Massachusetts for the same purpose.

The policy of the Commonwealth has been to restrict the business of banking to corporations organized under the banking laws. It has been safeguarded as to investments and management, and placed under the immediate supervision of a competent board of examiners. To allow corporations to do the banking business under any other conditions is hazardous to the public and a menace to our banking institutions.

I recommend that legislation be enacted to strengthen our present laws by the removal of any ambiguity of phrase, with such other action as may conduce to the effective prevention of unauthorized banking.

Insurance.

The revelations as to the practices of the great life insurance companies of New York have roused the country to just indignation. Certain fraternal orders have met in convention, to suggest reforms; the insurance commissioners of the various States have met, and are again to meet; committees of policy holders of the great New York companies have organized, and are later to report their findings. We have also the suggested remedy of national regulation.

Our own Massachusetts life insurance companies, organized under our own laws, contain no instance of subsidiary trust companies organized for stock speculation, nor are they burdened with the scandalous salary lists of the New York companies.

It is decidedly uncertain whether Congress has the constitutional right to make insurance law for the country. If the Supreme Court should rule that Congress has that right, Massachusetts would still have the power to add to the general law any safeguards, not inconsistent with a national statute, that we deem necessary to improve on companies doing business in this Commonwealth for the protection of Massachusetts policy holders.

Not one jot of graft, or even political interference is discovered in this great [illegible] against the insurance departments of this Commonwealth. It is the best [illegible] of efficiency in country. Also Massachusetts insurance law [illegible] in many States [illegible] some [illegible] At each session, a Commonwealth with [illegible] leaders [illegible] We shall advance [illegible] there of we advance only [illegible] ground [illegible] with expert [illegible]

Our duty is to recast our laws [illegible] completely revised in 1887; since then some [illegible] have been changed by applications of [illegible] have become obsolete, some have been added [illegible] this body we should have a new insurance code, framed after due and [illegible] consideration of such [illegible] modifications as may be made necessary to this honorable body, but in the broadest sense whatever precedent in order that our new Massachusetts insurance code may be remedial, progressive and, as far as consistent with Massachusetts ideals, uniform with the new codes of other States.

In a question of grave importance, demanding technical knowledge of a high order, Governor and General Court alike can, I think, best serve the public ends by calling to the best impartial expert advice obtainable. I therefore recommend that the Governor, with the consent of the Council, be authorized at once to appoint a temporary and advisory board, who shall revise and codify our insurance laws, confer with the authorities of other States, correspond freely with all bodies seeking insurance reform, consider and originate measures and suggestions, and report such information, with their findings from time to time, to the present General Court, as an aid to its deliberations and final action. The service of such an advisory board would, of course, terminate with its final report.

Railroads.

I invite the most careful consideration of the coming report of the joint committee appointed to revise and codify the railroad and street railway laws of the Commonwealth.

I cannot too strongly recommend to you the abolition of special privileges and the extension of general law in every possible branch of legislation, as urged upon this honorable body by His Excellency John L. Bates. I particularly recommend the extension of general law to legislation affecting street and electric railways.

The unusual length of our legislative sessions as compared with those of other States is in part due to the discussion of special charters. They destroy wholesome competition under uniform conditions. The special evil, however, of such valuable monopolies, granted by special charter, is the daily temptation to the base activity of the grafter, the corruptionist and the professional commercial or political promoter, not only in the lobby of the Legislature, but in the ward room and at the polling booth.

Highways and Automobiles.

The report of the Highway Commission, asking for a greater measure of control, deserves your careful consideration. A more effective and uniform regulation of automobiles, and especially of reckless chauffeurs, is desirable. Even-handed justice also demands that those who make a rational use of a modern vehicle should not be made subject to petty persecution. As the State highways are in a large measure a gift from the Commonwealth to the town or city, and as automobiles are particularly destructive of the surface, I would suggest, for this reason, if for no other, that all fines for overspeeding should be paid to the Commonwealth, and applied to the repair of highways.

Telegraph and Telephone Corporations.

All public service corporations operating in Massachusetts are under the supervision of the Commonwealth, with the exception of telegraph and telephone companies. There does not appear to be any good reason why such corporations should not be under a supervision similar to that now exercised over other public-service corporations. I recommend to your consideration whether this supervision might not be confided to the State Highway Commission, and whether, through reasonable fees charged upon the companies for inspection, it might not be self-supporting.

Boiler Inspection.

The District Police report that there are in Massachusetts 12,000 steam boilers uninsured by any company. The inspection of boilers not inspected by any insurance company cannot be effectively accomplished by the present force of inspectors. This State inspection of boilers is necessary for the public protection. It should be self-supporting, all fees collected for examination turned over to the Commonwealth, and the force in charge of it immediately reorganized and increased under direction of the District Police. Present conditions are a menace not only to property but to human life.

School Inspection.

The work of the State Board of Education shows satisfactory progress, as usual. I would suggest, however, that you consider legislation contemplating a more general medical inspection of school children, as now practised in some localities, notably for the discovery of infectious diseases and physical defects. A child may be a dullard at school and a failure in life because of undiscovered defects in eyesight or hearing. There are, to quote one line of work only, children now struggling for education who [illegible] dulling little creatures, [illegible] Headaches, which only [illegible] of a comfortable set of [illegible] of property adjusted [illegible] to restore them to healthy, [illegible] capable of assimilating the benefits of their school [illegible]

Militia.

[illegible] of the Commonwealth [illegible] their willing service [illegible] year the reserve fund [illegible] for some years. At [illegible] except a small balance, [illegible] expended. We cannot, [illegible] to reduce last year's [illegible] from the Common[illegible]

Spanish War Claims.

[illegible] contract based on percentage [illegible] Commonwealth to [illegible] paid Washington attorneys a commission [illegible] larger than contemplated [illegible] officials who did make the [illegible] with him, for the collection [illegible] claims due on account of the Civil War.

The large fortune so obtained by the attorney brought a host of promoters to collect similar claims, not [illegible] of the Commonwealth but of individual veterans of the Spanish War. It has fallen to be taken from the amount collected, in the shape of a percentage. These propositions were referred to me as chairman of the committee on military and naval affairs of the Council. On consultation with the Attorney-General, it was clearly shown that the employment of such agents in such a manner would be both needless and in direct violation of the spirit of the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth. Moreover, it seemed unfair that men who had served in war should be the assumption of power by the government be forced to surrender to any claim agent, without even being heard in the matter, a portion of the money due them by the United States.

These men will therefore receive, without being molested, as was proposed, of any percentage, the entire amount due them from the national government; and Massachusetts has re-established the important legal precedent, that her debts are to be collected by her own accredited officials, working on conditions clearly understood, and under the immediate direction of the law officer of the Commonwealth.

The Jamestown Exposition.

Virginia is to celebrate at Jamestown the first English settlement on American soil. I believe that Massachusetts should be adequately represented at an exposition especially designed to be historical as well as industrial.

A feature planned for this exposition is to be an international camp and an international fleet. Some of these soldiers and sailors of other lands, should the plan succeed, may visit this Commonwealth. The countrymen of Lafayette may wish to journey from the birthplace of Washington to that of Franklin. The armed troops of the United States were welcomed in Paris as the guard of John Paul Jones. May I suggest to you that, in this constantly increasing interchange of international good-will, the harbinger of international peace, friction might be avoided by amending the existing law, wisely prohibiting the marching of foreign troops through our streets without the consent of the General Court, by a provision that in case the General Court is not sitting, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, may extend such permission to foreign troops whose entrance into our country has already received the sanction of the national government.

The Police System of Boston.

Some twenty years ago the control of the police of Boston was transferred from the city to the Commonwealth, not at the instigation of any political organization, but on evidence, now in my possession, furnished by the New England Society for the Suppression of Vice, that under local control the police of the metropolis at that time were drifting into a condition not dissimilar from that recently exposed in certain other great cities. The transfer has been amply justified. Though criticism, sometimes just, has been made of a metropolitan as opposed to a purely local control of police, it cannot be denied that, whatever the politics of the Governor who has been in office, the Boston police have at least been free, since the Commonwealth assumed control, from the graver scandals proved against the police elsewhere.

No man today impugns the personal integrity of the present commissioners, or charges them with the use of their great power for graft or gain.

In suggesting a radical change in the organization of that body, therefore, there can be no question of personality. I would ask you to believe that in urging such a change I am acting on conclusions formed when this Board was originally appointed, convictions never changed, and strengthened by time and my own experience in maintaining order in military camps at home and abroad in time of war.

It is a principle of law that the judicial and executive functions should not be [illegible] in one body nor in one person. It is a matter of historical and governmental experience that inefficiency, if not disaster, follows divided responsibility in the control of any organization of men, where discipline and [illegible] the corps must be the main[illegible] of success.

Legal principle and practical experience are alike violated in the construction of the present board of police. The man who appears as a witness before three gentlemen sitting as judges in regard to a license may be removed or promoted by the same individuals, acting in the capacity of his commanding officers.

Disagreement, moreover, as to method among three perfectly sincere men may create delay at any time, and prevent the promptness of instant action in emergencies, absolutely necessary for an effective police.

Further and even more important, the dual function of excise officer and police commissioner, by the multiplication of duties, checks and efficiency of control. The location, transfer, revocation and granting of liquor licenses encroach unduly on days none too long for the heeding of every energy to the heading out of vice and the prevention and suppression of crime.

I therefore recommend that an excise board of three, appointed and confirmed by the Governor and Council, and representing at least two political parties, be given control of the liquor traffic, and that a single police commissioner, similarly appointed and confirmed, be placed at the head of the police. The police commissioner should neither recommend nor grant licenses, but in case of disagreement between the commissioner and excise board as to the desirability of revoking such a license, for cause shown by the police commissioner, he should be given power to suspend the license at once, pending a reference of the question for final settlement to an appropriate judicial authority.

Insanity and Crime.

Over a hundred transfers from penal institutions to hospitals for the insane were made last year, and in the great majority of cases immediately after the reception of the convict at the prison. The criminal does not drift among the feeble-minded classes; the feeble-minded drifts among the criminal classes. We strike at the root of lawlessness when we strike in childhood at the morbid mentality that begets a criminal life. The time to enlighten the darkened brain is before it is darkened forever. It is well to reform an adult criminal; it is better to make a useful member of society of the child of backward intellect, before it has become a criminal or a permanent charge upon the people, or, as a father or a mother, has still further multiplied the ranks of the unfortunate.

One thousand children turned away from the School for the Feeble-minded at Waltham in the last six years, for sheer lack of space, are now constantly appearing in other and more sinister institutions.

I urgently recommend to your attention the suggestions of the State Board of Insanity, urging the extension of help to the feeble-minded, not merely in the name of humanity, but of law and order and citizenship.

Child Labor.

Massachusetts has ever been among the foremost in the protection of little children. It is a matter of congratulation that the Massachusetts idea of a national investigation of child labor, with the object of its suppression in every State, has at last been adopted and urged in a message to the Congress by the President of the United States.

It is especially important at this time that Massachusetts prove her sincerity in this reform. The force of inspectors of the District Police is no longer sufficient for thorough and frequent inspection of the rapidly increasing army of labor in our industries. I suggest the increase needed for the purpose of a more effective enforcement of laws against the employment of children.

A local force also exists, whose co-operation would be welcomed. The truant officer is or should be better posted than any other official as to the children in his district. The law now checks his willing service. I suggest the substitution for the words in chapter 106, section 4, "Truant officers may visit the factories, work-shops and mercantile establishments," etc., of the words, "Truant officers shall visit the factories, workshops and establishments," etc. The truant officer is now allowed without a warrant to take an illiterate child to school if it is engaged in play. He should be given, what he has not now, the same power over the same child if engaged at work. The truant officer discovering a child below the legal age at work is now merely permitted to report the case to the local school boards and other officials, in a long system of circumlocution. I suggest that the truant officer with evidence of such a breach of law in his possession be not merely permitted but ordered to report directly and at once to the district attorney.

Agents of the State Bureau of Labor Statistics report to me that a shameful trade exists, which supplies for money false age schooling certificates to children under age. This report is confirmed by the District Police. Employers notable in their desire not only to obey but to promote the law have been deceived and victimized by this practice. The present penalty for the forcing of a child of tender years into a factory by the perjury of unnatural parents or others is a trivial fine. I shall leave it to your sense of justice whether a light fine without imprisonment is punishment severe enough for law-breakers who to-day in Massachusetts traffic not only in the toil but in the health and lives of little children.

Don't forget the Dragon dance Friday evening.

WOOD CHOSEN PRESIDENT.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—At the annual meeting of the Evangelistic association at Tremont Temple yesterday Thomas Wood of Boston was reelected president and M. Sayford of Boston was reelected general secretary and treasurer. The financial condition was reported to be prosperous. The total receipts for the year were $10,537 and the expenditures $10,614.

MANY HOMELESS

Part of Georgia Visited by Tornado

ALBANY, Ga., Jan. 4.—A tornado struck the western part of this city yesterday afternoon, killing two persons and seriously injuring many others, several of whom will die.

The solid chamber and great shed of the Virginia Carolina Chemical company was demolished and the damage extended over parts of a dozen city blocks. The dead are

BEN JONES, a machinist in the employ of the Virginia Carolina Chemical company.

TARE JOHNSON, a 9-year-old negro boy.

The list is still incomplete, as much of the destruction wrought was well beyond the city walls. Hundreds of negroes in the city were homeless last night and many have lost all their household effects.

The Virginia Carolina Chemical company is the principal sufferer, its destroyed buildings and machinery having been worth $60,000. It is said that the total loss may reach $150,000, very little of which is covered by insurance.

BOXING GOSSIP

At a meeting of the stockholders of the new boxing club, known as the Tuxedo Park Amusement company, held at Philadelphia on Monday, these officers were elected: President, T. F. O'Rourke, of New York; vice president, Richard H. Kalb; treasurer, H. D. Pettyman, secretary, W. H. Rocap; official stake and forfeit holder, Al Smith of New York. The company has secured by lease and purchase a large tract of land in Delaware county, near North Essington, which has been named Tuxedo Park. A clubhouse is nearing completion, which will have a seating capacity of 600 persons. Boxing contests and other athletic events will be the attractions, but bouts with the gloves will be featured. Among the matches scheduled by the club—and each will be limited to twenty rounds are these: Jem Bowker of England and Tommy Murphy of New York, Jem Bowker and Abe Attell, Jack O'Brien and Gus Ruhlin, Tommy Murphy and Rouse O'Brien, Jack Blackburn and Honey Mellody, Jack O'Brien and Tommy Ryan. The club has offered a $5,000 guarantee for the Ryan-O'Brien bout, and has also cabled to Charley Mitchell to bring over Jack Palmer, who recently won the heavyweight championship of England. No interference is expected from the authorities, and as the club house is within a short railroad ride of New York and Philadelphia, it is believed that the different fights will prove good drawing cards.

Many of the boxing enthusiasts who saw the Tucker-Murphy battle at the Hudson A. C., N. Y., Monday left convinced that both featherweights would not have been able to hold their own in the days of the Horton law when McGovern, Dixon, Oscar Gardner, Dave Sullivan, Eddie Santry and Ben Jordan were the best men in that class. This fact was pretty clearly demonstrated when McGovern recently knocked Murphy out in practically a punch over in Philadelphia. Yet the enthusiasm manifested over the Tucker-Murphy go was as great as if two of the former stars were in the ring. New Yorkers are hungry for boxing now, and many hope that the time is not far distant when ten round bouts will be tolerated in the local clubs. But at that it would seem as if the game here should be regulated, in view of the many mushroom organizations that are springing up at the instigation of irresponsible promoters.

The Simple Life

is best. To live naturally; work during the day, keep your temper, eat three meals and take a Beecham's Pill regularly, as required. There is no medicine for the simple life, or the strenuous, like

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

A CARD

We the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Green's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25c bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

Brunnelle Pharmacy, F. H. Butler, A. Thomasson, A. F. Story & Co., C. E. Carter, E. T. McEvoy, Carleton & Hovey, A. W. Davis & Co., Ellingwood & Co., Carter & Sherburne, Rochette & Delisle, F. C. Goodale, F. P. Moody, Albert E. Moors, Falls & Burkinshaw.

AS GOOD AS NEW

You may have some kind of winter clothing that is not much worn. You can take it to the Bay State Dye Works and they will make it almost as good as new at a very small cost; also all kinds of Ladies' wearing apparel, Gloves, Feathers and all kinds of fine fabrics.

BAY STATE DYE WORKS

54 PRESCOTT ST.

Waters' Improved Tree Pruners

W. T. S. Bartlett

653-659 Merrimack St.

If you want help at home, or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

ANOTHER BOOM

Grand New Freight House to be Built

The Plans Inspected by the Board of Trade—Members Commend the Project

The New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad is to build, in the near future, a great new freight depot in this city, at the probable cost of $100,000. This together with the Show Machine company and the new shoe company would seem to indicate that Lowell is certainly having a big boom. At present the freight business of the city is very much congested, and the erection of the new depot will greatly relieve this state of affairs.

Work on the new building will be started next spring, and the plans were set before the members of the board of trade yesterday afternoon at their rooms in Central block. The co-operation of the board was asked by the company.

The members of the board assembled yesterday afternoon to consider the proposition, and the general trend of the meeting seemed to be very much in favor of the new freight house. Several members of the society expressed themselves as very much gratified at the possibility of Lowell's great progress.

Assistant general manager, Albert W. Morton, and J. W. Dalton, division south bound, represented the railroad.

Mr. Morton made an extended address in which he said that for a long time the railroad had realized the necessity of better freight facilities and that now they had come to the conclusion that an up to date, modern freight house was the only solution. He showed plans of the new structure to the members of the board of trade, and President C. J. Meade, Charles H. Hansel, C. E. Stanley and John C. Burke expressed themselves as very much in favor of the new project, and promised the aid of the board of trade.

MILITARY NOTES

COMPANY C HELD ANNUAL BUSINESS MEETING.

The annual business meeting of Co C, Lowell Mechanic Phalanx, was held last night at the state armory in Westford street. The election of officers for the ensuing year was also held. During the meeting the members were notified that First Lieutenant J. Douglas Elvet and Second Lieutenant Jos. Haley had passed the board in Boston and were duly appointed and passed.

Sergeant Walter Berry gave the report of the standing committee, showing that during the year the company has won several prizes of value through the work of its shooting team.

Sergeant Sanford P. Leary and Sergeant Walter Berry were presented prizes from Captain Gardner W. Pearson because their averages during the rifle season had been above contest. The former had a fraction better than 41 and the latter a fraction over 40.

The new rifle practice committee elected is composed of Sergeant Sanford P. Leary, chairman; Private A. Y. Rodger, Corporal William Duffy, Corporal Frank Snow, Private James McLaughlin.

Refreshments were served under the direction of Chef Duffy. Speeches were heard from Captain O. M. Pratt, Lieutenant Colby and Lieutenant Kelsey, all former officers in Company C.

The state inspection of the local armory will take place late this year. The inspection of Companies C and G of the Sixth regiment will take place on the evening of March 14 and that of Company M of the Ninth regiment on the evening of March 20.

A large gang of carpenters started in fitting the booths for the coming industrial mercantile and pure food show yesterday.

Miss Florence Strout, the well-known stenographer, has been given a desk in Armory Carr's office near the main entrance where she will perform during the exposition her daily course of announcements.

It is understood that Captain William Falkweather of Company G has sent in his resignation, though the same has not been officially announced. On the retirement of Capt. Falkweather, Capt. Philip McNulty of Company M will be in command of the armory, being senior captain then.

Dancing at Prescott hall Friday eve.

CHAUNCEY STAYS

SENATOR HAS NO INTENTION OF RESIGNING.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4. Senator Chauncey M. Depew in an interview here last night declared that he had no intention whatever of resigning from the United States senate. He added, however, that with the approach of his 72d birthday anniversary, April 23 next, he intended retiring from a large number of the corporations in which he is trustee or director. He will not sever his relations with the New York Central & Hudson River railroad, he stated, as he regards his position with that company an honorary one. Senator Depew is noted as a director or trustee of 75 corporations.

Thursday, January 4, 1906

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

"The Store for Thrifty People"

Clearance Sale of

MILLINERY

Trimmed Hats That were $4 and $5 only

$1.98 and $2.25 Each

Ready-to-Wear Hats only

49 Cents Each

Former price 98c and $1.25

Untrimmed Hats for

19 and 49 Cents

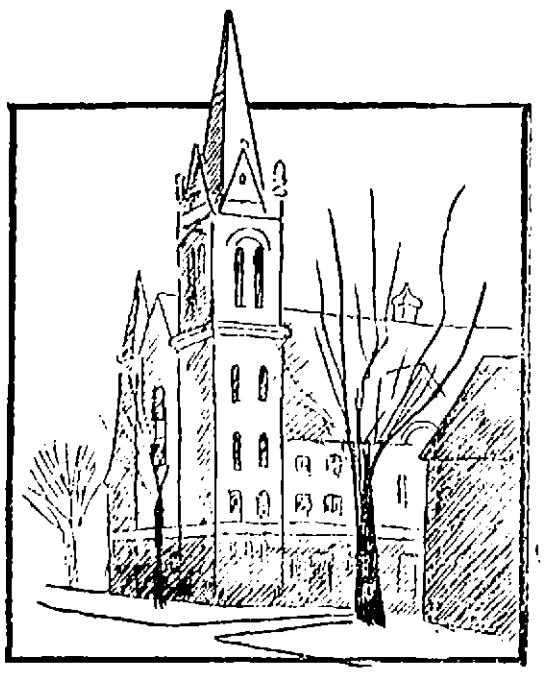
Former prices 49c, 69c, 98c and $1.25

Wings, Feathers and Flowers at Half Price

Palmer Street Centre Aisle

FIREMAN KILLED

In Fire That Destroyed Springfield Church



THE HIGHLAND BAPTIST CHURCH DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Roof Fell on Several Firemen—The Fire Was of Incendiary Origin

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 4.—One fireman is dead and another is seriously injured as a result of a fire which destroyed the Highland Baptist church at the corner of State and Sickles streets last night. The dead fireman is Capt. Sidney Bowers of engine 1. Francis L. Hines, another fireman is suffering from internal injuries caused by inhaling smoke and fire, and he has also a broken leg. He was taken to the Mercy hospital in the police automobile. It is said that his death is certain.

The fire started shortly before 9 o'clock in a small barn situated at the eastern corner of the church, and owned by Terence Flanagan. The flames soon spread to the chapel of the church, which was ablaze by the time the firemen arrived. Before 10 o'clock they burst through the front of the residence in State street and mounted into the tower, which was shortly enveloped in a pillar of fire.

Three houses closely adjoining the church, those of Terence Flanagan on the east, C. D. Barrett on the west and that of George N. Herring, not 15 feet away from the chapel on the south, were endangered for an hour and a half.

Capt. Sidney Bowers met his death in the chapel in the rear of the church. Fire chief Willard J. Littlefield, Capt. Bowers, Fireman Hines, Capt. Stevens of engine 8 and Capt. Fulton of truck 8 had entered the chapel to fight the blaze at close quarters when a portion of the roof fell in, and a beam barred their retreat. Chief Littlefield and another man dragged Fireman Hines out and Capt. Stevens cut his way to the open.

Capt. Bowers' body was found in the ruins later, and was removed to the undertaking parlors of Mayor Dickinson.

That the fire was of incendiary origin there is little doubt. Two previous attempts have been made to fire the church, the last only a month ago, when some person tried to fire Mr. Flanagan's barn, presumably with the intention of destroying the church.

The Highland Baptist church chapel was dedicated Sept. 27, 1885, and the large addition which composed the main building was erected about 15 years ago. Its present membership is about 600, and Rev. Er. W. W. Weeks, who came here in January, 1905, from Toronto, Ont., is the pastor. The structure was valued at $90,000, a fine organ was valued at from $900 to $750, an electric ventilating fan cost $400, a valuable library of music, collected during the past 12 years by organist Frank A. Lewton, is estimated to have been worth $300, and three pianos at $750.

Other property destroyed brings the total damage up to about $85,000. The Baptist denomination in Springfield has been peculiarly unfortunate in losses from fire, the Carew Street Baptist church having been burned last winter.

PLAN OF BATTLE

Workmen's Council on a New Basis

"RED SUNDAY" DAY OF MOURNING

Many of the Leaders Under Arrest

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 4, 2.40 a. m.—The general meeting of the workmen's council and of representatives of the proletariat organizations which was held across the Finnish border, lasted for 36 hours, adjourning only an hour ago. The practical result of the meeting was a confession that the government had proved to be too strong in its fight against the strikers and the proletariat organizations and that it would be necessary to organize on a new basis the armed revolution to which the delegates at the meeting were committed.

It was admitted that the attempt to give battle to the government without having made the preparation was a mistake and a complete change in tactics was decided upon. A new council of workmen consisting of 150 members was elected. Similar councils will be organized everywhere, following which a general congress will be called and an elaborate plan of battle against the government formulated. In the meantime the propaganda of the agitators will be kept up, especially in the army, in order to show that the proletariat organizations are only resolved not to compromise with the government. It was also decided not to take part in the elections for the duma.

Just prior to the adjournment of the meeting a resolution was passed to turn the anniversary of January 22 ("Red Sunday") into a day of mourning. For this purpose appeal will be made to the socialist workmen's organizations both in Europe and the United States to manifest their sympathy with the Russian revolutionists by holding demonstrations on that day.

A member of the workmen's council, with whom the Associated Press conversed after the meeting, acknowledged that the movement had been severely crippled by the government as many of the ablest leaders had either been killed or arrested. He said that the movement had also lost considerable prestige among the proletariat, and that if the present system of repression were persisted in it would be increasingly difficult to disseminate the propaganda or to further organize. The main danger was that the leaders would be unable to gather sufficient force to strike a blow before the meeting of the duma.

Nevertheless this informant insisted that the organizations here represented were not discouraged and that the fight would be continued until the proletariat achieved a great victory. He stoutly maintained that the policy of repression to which the government had returned only demonstrated once again that it lacked the moral support of the public and that its sole reliance, as of yore, was on its rifles and bayonets and cannon.

"We now see clearly," said this member of the workmen's council, "that nothing definite can be accomplished by sporadic uprisings. The possession of a city such as Moscow or even St. Petersburg might not prove decisive. All Russia must rise at the same time."

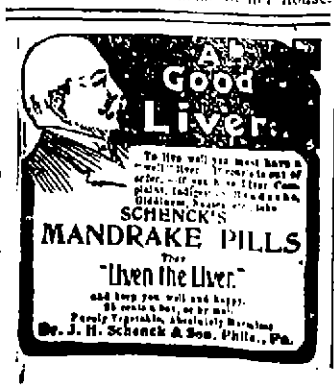
In answer to a question as to whether in the meantime the proletariat organizations had decided to abandon their acts of terrorism the member of the council replied significantly:

"Perhaps there have been no acts of terror because the persons condemned have been too well guarded."

NEARLY LYNCHED

MAN SHOT AND KILLED HIS SISTER-IN-LAW.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Jan. 4.—Mrs. Marie Arcangelo Dotta, 27 years old, was shot and killed by her brother-in-law, Joseph Valeri, at her home here yesterday. Valeri was captured by a crowd of pursuers after a long run and was saved from violence at their hands by the police. He said that he shot his sister-in-law because she refused to let him make his home in her house.



O'Donnell Dry Goods Comp'y

The Store for Quality and Style

LOWELL'S MOST IMPORTANT

WHITE SALE

Opens Friday Morning in Our Store

Savings of one-third or one-half are yours if you attend this white sale. You can choose while the assortments are not only the largest of the year but the brightest and newest. A white sale for which preparations were made months ago.

Muslin Underwear
Infants' Wear
White Waists
Lace Draperies
Corsets & Laces

Of the Newest and Most Attractive Designs are Included in the Sale

HOUSEKEEPERS' ANNEX

Household Linens, Bed Linens, White Goods, Wash Dress Fabrics, Cotton Flannels, Etc. Prices Are Made Regardless of Cost or Former Retail Price.

5 pieces 60 in. Silverbleached Damask, pure linen and a bargain at our January price .....59c yard

60 in. extra heavy Linen Damask, 3 good styles, unequalled wearing qualities, January price 49c per yard

10 styles, satin finished Bleached Damask, 72 in. wide, very fine and good finish, January price 69c yard

20 pieces Silverbleached and Satin finished Damask, Irish manufactured, open border, handsome designs, worth and good value at $1.25 per yard, January price $1 per yard

72 in. Silverbleached Damask, 3 very handsome patterns, a quality which is worth $1.50 per yard, January price $1.25

Irish Linen Pattern Cloth, at closing prices;

1 doz. 8-4 cloths, worth $2.50, January price $1.50

1 doz. 10-4 cloths, worth $3, January price $1.98

1 doz. 12-4 cloths, worth $4, January price $2.75

Napkins to match, 22 in...$2.25 doz.

Several doz. very fine Bleached Damask Napkins, fringed, closing price ..... 75c doz.

1 lot very fine satin finished fringed Damask Napkins, January price 98c doz.

1 lot 18 in. superfine satin finished Damask Napkins, fringed, worth $2.25 doz., January price $1.49

18 in. fringed Satin Napkins, very superior grade, worth $2.50 doz. January price $1.75

TOWELING

Heavy Cotton Toweling, January price ..... 4¾c yard

Brown Linen Toweling, January price ..... 5c yard

Bleached Linen Toweling, January price ..... 6¼c yard

18 in. Linen Toweling, January price .....7½c yard

Absorbent Linen Toweling, January price ..... 8c yard

Heavy Linen Toweling, January price ..... 9c yard

18 in. Glass Toweling, January price ..... 7½c yard

N. B.—Every item in the foregoing lot is 25 to 33 per cent. less than actual value.

Manufacturers' Stock of Linen and Turkish Towels

25 doz. Huck Towels, good size, January price .....3 for 25c

25 doz. Union Linen Towels, red and white borders, January price ..... 55c per ½ doz.

100 doz. Imported Linen Towels, white and colored borders, January price ..... 25c pair

Fringed and Hemstitched Huck Towels, good size and quality, January price ..... $1 per ½ doz.

50 doz. Hemstitched and Linen Huck Towels, large size and grass bleached, guaranteed pure linen, worth $4.60 doz., January price ..... 50c pair

Barbers' Face Towels, all linen, neatly hemmed and ready for use, January price 10c and 12½c each

Turkish Towels—Very Much Underpriced

100 doz. Fancy Bordered Initialed Turkish Towels, excellent quality and good size, January price 25c pair

50 doz. 45 in. Double Knapped Towels, very heavy and serviceable, January price ..... 3 for 50c

20 Extra Heavy Bleached Turkish Towels, 50 in. long and always sold at 39c each, January price ..... 60c pair

Small quantity 54 in. Double Knapped Bleached Turkish Towels, 22 in. wide. Our 50c grade, January price ... 75c pair

Doylies

50 doz. Very Fine Satin Finished Bleached Fringed Damask Doylies, marked down to close out—in sizes—5 in., 10 in., 12 in., 15 in. Were 60c d., 25 d., $1.25 d., 32 d., now 37½c, 62½c, 87½c, $1 doz. Round, square and oval.

Cotton Diaper Special, 100 pieces

18 in. Sanitary Toweling, January price, 10 yards ....39c piece

Sheets, Pillow Slips and Spreads

At less than web prices.

72x90 Bleached Sheets, good cotton, flat felled centre seam, January price ..... 35c each

81x90 Bleached, Seamless Sheets, good strong cotton, 3½ and 1 in. hems, January price .... 49c each

Single Bed Sheets, extra quality cotton, January price ... 45c each

50 doz. Extra 9-4 Bleached Sheets, made with flat felled centre seams, January price .... 39c each

SPECIAL LOTS

Atlantic and Dwight Anchor Cotton Sheets, size 90x90 and 81x90, very large and worth $1 each, January price ... . 75c each

PILLOW CASES, Below Cost

100 doz. 42 and 45 in. good quality Pillow Slips, very clean and fine, January price ... .. 9c each

Special lot Wamsutta Cotton Slips, 36, 42 and 45 in. grades which are worth today 19c each, January price ....12½c each

Small quantity Hemstitched Pillow Slips, 45x33 in., January price 15c each

WHITE GOODS

2000 Yards Fancy White Goods marked from 15c to .....10c yard

1000 Yards Dotted Swiss Muslins, 3 sizes, slightly imperfect selvage, splendid value, January price 12½c yard

3000 yards Cheviot, Pique and Madras Waistings, 27 in. goods, 25c and 39c grades, at an extraordinary low price ....17c yard

Wash Chiffon, 48 in. goods, worth 37½c yard, January price 25c

25 Pieces Very Sheer Persian Lawns, worth 15c and 19c yard, January price ... .12½c

Scarfs, Shams and Squares

Broken Lots Plain and Cut Work Scarfs and Squares, worth 25c and 35c, marked to .....19c each

1 Lot Hemstitched Linen Finished Scarfs and Squares, January price 25c each

St. Gall Scarfs and Squares, cut work and embroidered grades, worth $1 to $2 each, January price ... . 75c each

50 Satin and Marseilles White Quilts, full sizes, $2.50, $2.75 grades, for our January sale $1.98 each

60 doz. Stamped Tray Cloths and Bureau Scarfs, splendid values 12½c

Bargains press forward from every section of our store. Attend this sale. Come as early as you can Friday. If you can't come Friday, surely come Saturday.

O'Donnell Dry Goods Comp'y

Merrimack and Middle Streets

EDWARDS KILLED

Police Think it Case of Murder

NO WEAPON WAS FOUND

Tragedy at Brother-in-Law's Home

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 4.—Charles A. Edward of 50 Park avenue, New York, formerly president of the Passaic Chemical company of New Jersey and more recently an officer of the General Chemical company, with another in New York city, was mysteriously given a death wound from a pistol ball while lying in bed during the night, the guest of his brother-in-law, Charles A. Hiller.

So mysterious was the case from the outset that Deputy Coroner Pond opened an inquest at police headquarters immediately following a searching inquiry during the day at the Hiller homestead at 17 College street, almost directly opposite East Divinity, a dormitory of Yale.

The coroner's inquest was finished shortly before 11 o'clock last night Charles A. Hiller and A. Maxey Hiller, his brother, were the only witnesses.

Mr. Edwards was found dying in his chamber by Charles A. Hiller. He had retired about 11 last night after attending a birthday party in honor of his sister, Mrs. Samuel Harris, who is a cousin of Ex-Pres. Timothy Dwight of Yale.

Earlier in the day Mr. Edwards had come over from New York for this special purpose and of late had been a frequent visitor here, usually as a guest of either Charles A. or A. Maxey Hiller, both brothers-in-law.

He retired apparently in the best of spirits. His failure to appear at breakfast led Charles A. Hiller to go upstairs. According to the latter, the chamber door was not locked, and entering he saw Mr. Edwards apparently unconscious from what was at first taken to be a stroke of apoplexy.

A neighbor, Dr. Metcalf, who is a dentist, was called, and he gave restoratives under the impression that it was a stroke of apoplexy. A little later Dr. Benjamin H. Cheney reached the house. But Mr. Edwards was then breathing his last and died in a few minutes.

In the course of his treatment of the dying man Dr. Cheney found a bullet hole in the left side of the head, directly behind the ear. The hemorrhage from it had been profuse, but as it later was determined, the missile had gone directly into the brain.

HUGH BANCROFT

RESIGNS AS ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

Hugh Bancroft yesterday resigned his office as assistant district attorney for Middlesex county. The resignation was placed in the hands of Dist. Atty. George A. Sanderson shortly after noon, and was immediately accepted.

Very soon afterward Mr. Sanderson appointed Arnold Scott of Newton Mr. Bancroft's successor. Mr. Scott was at Mr. Sanderson's Boston office at 2 p. m. and qualified for the position.

WILLIAM KNOX

ELECTED PRESIDENT OF LAWRENCE BAR ASSOCIATION.

LAWRENCE, Jan. 4.—The annual meeting of the Lawrence bar association was held in the superior courthouse yesterday at which it was voted to hold a special meeting Jan. 17 to consider a change in the bylaws. These officers were elected: Hon. William S. Knox, pres.; William J. Bradley, vice pres.; Hon. John P. Kane, treas.; John C. Sanborn, Jr., clerk; Harry B. Dow, Hon. Newton P. Frye and John J. Donovan executive committee; Judge C. A. DeCourcy, Paul R. Clayand, Matthew A. Creek library committee.

AUTOMOBILE NEWS.

Considerable discussion has taken place in automobile circles of late in regard to the proper classification of racing automobiles. Classification by weight, with the requirement that there be at least two speeds forward, a reverse, two brakes and a differential gear or its equivalent, has been in vogue in Europe for several years and when this country took up the racing game, was adopted as the standard here.

The question of adopting another method of classification in America has been agitated and it now seems certain of success. The technical committee of the racing board of the American Automobiling association is preparing a report on this subject which will be presented at the annual meeting this month, in many quarters it is believed a new method of classifying racing cars will be adopted by the National association.

Of the numerous methods of classification which have been suggested, the plan of having a cylinder displacement limit, which was outlined in this column three weeks ago, is received with most favor. This plan originated with H. H. Franklin, the Syracuse automobile manufacturer. Mr. Franklin contends that, as the object of the new basis is to develop motor construction in practical directions, the rules ought to be upon broad lines. The displacement basis leaves the maker free to follow any design he pleases.

Under the displacement basis it would become a question of who can build the most efficient car, as, theoretically, all contesting cars would be of the same horsepower, and the contest would narrow down to those who could deliver the most of that power to the rear wheels—that is, who could build the most efficient car. This indicates that the displacement basis is practical.

With the coming of the New York shows, increased activity among the commercial motor car makers is very noticeable. Enormous strides have been made this year in this department of the business, and it is predicted that before the end of the coming year a very large number of the large wholesale and retail houses will be using motor vehicles for all of their trucking and delivery work.

A very pleasing fact, which is noted in connection with the commercial car business, is that the export trade is growing rapidly, and from all reports it would seem that, despite their long experience in commercial work, the European manufacturers will have to take a back seat in a few years.

FISH WARDEN

Tells Where Ice Fishing is Prohibited

LIST OF THE CLOSED WATERS

And When the Restrictions Expire

In the following, George T. Stacey, fish warden gives a statement of the ponds and lakes in which fishing is prohibited with the dates at which such prohibition will cease. The article should interest all the followers of Izaak Walton:

General fishing is allowed from the first of June until the first of November, or if any ponds that were closed the first of December last, such fishing allowed from December first until the next of June. Monday, Wednesday and Saturday are the three days that fishing is allowed on stocked ponds closed by the state commissioners.

PONDS STOCKED IN 1903-1904.

Nashua pond, Billerica, closed until July 1, 1905.

Massapoag pond, Dunstable, Groton, Tyngsborough, closed until Nov. 1, 1905.

Forge pond, Westford and Littleton closed until Nov. 1, 1905.

Spectacle pond, Littleton, closed until Nov. 1, 1905.

Haggets pond, Andover, closed until Nov. 1, 1905.

Long pond, known as Mud pond, Tewksbury, closed until June 15, 1905.

Hadlocock pond, Groton, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Great pond, North Andover, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Fort pond, Littleton, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

The commissioners can restock ponds and extend the closed time on ponds and will be seen that on some ponds they have done so.

PONDS RESTOCKED 1905.

Haggetts, Andover; Hadlocock, Groton; Forge, Littleton; Spectacle, Littleton.

PONDS STOCKED AND CLOSED 1905.

Stocked Nov. 10 Foster's, Andover, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Nov. 15 Lashaway lake, Brookfield, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Nov. 14 Onota lake, Pittsfield, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Oct. 26 Dunbolton lake, Whitehall, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Nov. 1 Nankeag lake, Ashburnham, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Oct. 27 Crystal lake, Gardner, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Nov. 9 Nabnasset pond, Westford, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Oct. 23 Whalom lake, Lunenburg, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Nov. 15 Round pond, Tewksbury, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Nov. 2 Garfield lake, Monterey, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Nov. 2 Walden pond, Concord, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Nov. 2 Peter's pond, known as Mud pond, Dracut, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Nov. 2—Navog lake, Acton and Littleton, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Oct. 30—Robbins pond, East Bridgewater, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Nov. 8 Cooper's pond, North Carver, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Nov. 3 Whitman's pond, Weymouth closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Nov. 11 Lead Mine pond, Sturbridge, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

Stocked Nov. 11 Slim Alma pond, Sturbridge, closed until Dec. 1, 1905.

All ponds in Groton have been closed by the selectmen voting to adopt section 68 of chapter 91, revised laws, which reads as follows:

Section 68. Whoever takes or captures pickerel in a river, stream or pond, in a town which accepts the provisions of this section or has accepted the corresponding provisions of earlier laws, in any other manner than by naturally or artificially baited hook and hand line shall forfeit one dollar for every pickerel so taken, if prosecutions therefor are commenced within sixty days after the time of committing the offence.

GEORGE T. STACEY,
Fish Warden, Lowell, Mass.

Spoiled Her Beauty.

Harriet Howard, of 301 W. 53th st., New York, as one time had her beauty spoiled with skin trouble. She writes: "I had Salt Rheum or Eczema for years, but nothing would cure it, until I used Bucklen's Arnica Salve." A quick and sure healer for cuts, burns and scalds. 25c at Goodale's drug store, 257 Central street.

E. H. WHITE

137 CENTRAL STREET

FOR SALE—Cottage house near Loring and Westford street; bath, hot water, furnace heat; in fine condition. $2500.

FOR SALE—In genteel neighborhood, a very nice lodging house. Rooms never empty, nice class of lodgers. Just the place for a man and wife to do light housekeeping and get a nice income from the rooms.

FOR SALE—A money-making variety store, with five-room tenement. Price $500.

FOR SALE—Two-family house, near the Lamson Store Service, always rented; $4,000.

FOR SALE—House and stable, 14000 feet land near Broadway and Walker streets, lots of fruit; $4,000.

EMBARRASSMENT

That's the condition we all strive to avoid. If you are on a salary and have not sufficient money to accomplish a desired end, we can be of assistance to you.

We have salaried people on our books who receive from

$500 to $2500

per year, so you see that it's not the amount of salary a person receives that makes a borrower—it's circumstances—an unexpected condition arising that makes borrowing necessary.

Your dealings with us are strictly confidential.

KELLEY The Broker

392 Middlesex Street

SEMI-COLON LAW

Bill to Repeal It Was Introduced

BOSTON, Jan. [illegible] substantially like that of [illegible] introduced in the House yesterday by Rep. [illegible] of Lowell. [illegible] that the law [illegible] the [illegible] property [illegible] to private [illegible] for the two years [illegible] the giving of the [illegible]

BUSINESS CHANCES

START [illegible] we furnish everything [illegible] a few dollars required, new plan, certain; cards, 10c per 100 free. Mott-Hicks, 38 Dearborn, Ch[illegible].

WILL SELL [illegible] to the greatest curative psychic doctor of Chicago for self development and self treatment of persons and for all diseases. Guarantee money back if not as represented. Address Box 1, Cor. Clark st., Wm. A. Barnes, Doctor of Physiology.

BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

Corrected to October 9, 1905.

Trains leave Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.5, *6.20, 6.40, w6.50, 7.01, 7.21, 7.31, *7.40, 7.52, w8.00, *8.10, w8.35, *8.23, w8.54, 11.07, *11.38 a. m.; w12.05, 12.12, w12.47, *1.40, w2.25, 2.31, w3.10, w3.15, *3.15, w3.20, *3.35, 3.40, 4.10, w4.15, w5.15, w5.25, 5.35, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.29, 10.30 p. m., w12.10, 2.35, w4.55, 5.30, w6.55, *6.55, *7.31, w9.15.

For Lawrence, 6.23, w6.30, 7.31, w8.00, w9.23, w10.54 a. m.; w12.05, 1.36, w2.25, w2.55, w3.04, w3.45, w5.05, w7.00, w9.15, w11.36, p. m. SUNDAYS, w8.15 a. m.; w12.10, w5.35, 8.45 p. m.

For Salem, Marblehead and Beverly, 7.31 a. m.; w12.05, 1.42, w2.25, *3.35, w5.05, 6.38 p. m.

For Haverhill, 6.23, 6.45, 7.31, 8.20, 9.15, w10.54 a. m.; 1.36, 1.53, w2.25, w3.04, w5.05, 6.15, 7.01, 9.05, 11.35 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15, 11. m.; 5.35, 6.35, 8.15 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.23 a. m.; 12.05, 1.36, 5.35, 6.15 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.23, 7.31, 8.23 a. m.; 12.05, 1.36, 2.25, 5.35, 6.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 5.35 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.20 a. m.; 1.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS 5.35 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Seco, old orchard and Portland, 6.23, 7.31, 8.23 a. m.; 1.36, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 5.35 p. m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.23, 8.20, a. m.; 1.36, 5.00 p. m.; SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 5.35 p. m.

For Lewiston, 6.23, 8.20 a. m.; 1.36, 5.00 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 5.35 p. m.

For Rockland, 8.20 a. m.; 1.36 p. m.

For Skowhegan, 8.20 a. m.

For Bangor and Belfast, 6.23, 8.20 a. m.; 5.00 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.35 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., 6.23 a. m.; 5.00 p. m. (does not run Saturdays) SUNDAYS, 5.35 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland) on Monday at 1.36 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.23, 7.01, *7.48, 11.07 a. m.; 2.31, 4.23 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.48 a. m.; 7.23 p. m.

For Ayer Junction, Stations on W. N. & P. and Fitchburg Divisions, 7.57, 11.55, a. m.; 5.0, and 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p. m.

For stations on W. N. & P. [illegible] Nashua to Portland, Me., 9.01 a. m.; [illegible] p. m. to Rochester only.)

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.01 a. m.; 1.00, 3.30, 5.59 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.01 a. m.; 3.40 p. m. SUNDAYS to Hillsboro 2 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.30, 9.01, 9.29, *10.29 a. m., 12.05, 12.23, 1.00, *1.29, 3.40, *5.0, 6.37, *7.15, *8.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.02, 10.[illegible] a. m.; 12.05, 2.00, 6.02, *8.30, *9.34 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon, White River Junction, 7.30, *9.29 a. m.; *12.05, *1.29, (to Franklin only) 5.59, *8.30 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, N. H., Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.30 a. m.; 1.00 p. m.

For Montpelier, Barre, Junction, Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal via Central Vermont Line, *9.29 a. m.; *12.05, *8.30 p. m.

For Sutton and White Mt. Division, 9.29, b*10.30 a. m.; 1.30 p. m. (5.5[illegible] p. m. to Plymouth, *10.30 p. m.

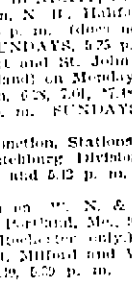
For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville, via Wells River, b*9.29 a. m.; *1.29, *8.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec via Plymouth and C. P. R., b*9.29 a. m.; *8.10 p. m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Fitchburg and Sherbrooke, *10.29 a. m.; 9.29 p. m. (daily except Sundays)

References:
a V. W. S. 8.31 Junction.
* Express. b Daily.

Free Consultation



DR. TEMPLE

Will give consultation during the month of January free of charge. All those who are sick are invited to take advantage of this offer and learn their true physical condition.

Dr. Temple cures catarrh of the head, nose and throat, catarrh of the stomach, consumption in first stages, bronchitis and asthma by the magnopathic inhalation—the most progressive system now known.

Dr. Temple cures rheumatism, diseases of the liver, kidneys and bladder, chronic, malarial, poisoning, headache, backache, etc.

Dr. Temple cures habitual constipation, disease of the blood, and skin diseases. Dr. Temple treats and cures diseases of women, without the use of the cureet knife, pessaries or rings. Dr. Temple cures the diseases of men.

No matter what diseases you may be suffering with, if it becomes chronic, call and see Dr. Temple.

Dr. Temple was for three years first assistant to the Skinburne Medicine and Surgical Dispensary at Albany, N. Y.; has been in attendance at the Mass. Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, Boston, Mass.

You can consult with Dr. Temple—free of charge—at his office, 97 Central street, Masonic block, every day, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.; evenings, 7 to 8 p. m. The price for treatment is within the reach of all, payings able. Free X-Ray Examination.

If you want help at home, or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

LEGAL NOTICES

[illegible]

WANTED

A MIDDLE AGED [illegible] who would like to learn to speak the French and Italian language would like to board in a good family. Address stating terms, J. H. H., Sun Office.

WANTED—[illegible] good hand [illegible] State price, address H. [illegible]

WANTED—Children to board in the country. Desirable home, terms reasonable. Address Nelson, R. F. D. No. [illegible] La Crette.

FARMERS AND MILKMEN who have [illegible] for sale will hear of a ready purchaser for the [illegible] by addressing A. A. [illegible] 43 Market st., which [illegible] to purchase from ten to fifteen cows a day.

WANTED—A [illegible] of $[illegible] on city property. Best mortgage. Address [illegible] Box 307, City.

WANTED—Cash paid for second hand furniture, carpets, stoves, clothing, tools, watches, etc. Call or write Lowell Junk Co., 5 Dutton st.

BATHROOM NIGHT CLERK wanted. Be school to finish at [illegible] Service neat and quick.

CLERKS—Wanted to take Dec. 1 each at Cassidy's, 13 Prescott street. Desirable neat and quick.

BOARDERS—WANTED [illegible] both male and female good home for winter, on line of electric cars, [illegible] out. Address P. D. [illegible] Merrimack st., Lowell, Care H. C. Weld.

WANTED—Everybody to know that [illegible] of our dry hardwood at Kidder's. Wm. E. Aldrich Co., 50 Dutton st.

WANTED—Children to board on East Chelmsford, second house on left, just east of Lake Hopkins car.

FOR SALE

BARGAINS in new or second hand carriages, also all kinds of repairing done at P. A. Coote's Bungalow shop, Concord cor. Gorham.

FOR SALE—One Rhode Island red cockerel, one pullet to lay. Inquire on premises, the pair of choice bred birds for [illegible] Poultry Yards, 95 Moody Road. Call evenings or Saturday afternoons.

FOR SALE—Grocery, provision store, clean, nicely, drug and every line of store at every price, from $300 upwards. Call or write Golden "B" Central st.

FOR SALE or exchange, half or whole interest in good paying, patented article. About one hundred dollars will last year. Never fails no bites. Address G., Sun Office.

FOR BARGAINS in new or second hand furniture, Cosey's Install to store is the best place in town. 95 Central st., opp. Union st.

SHOW CASES [illegible] of A. Leffingwell's, 55 Middlesex st., opp. Giant street.

ENGLISH PORTRAIT and upholstery frames [illegible] 2c. Sole [illegible] by delivery trucks. M. A. Beall, 95 Van Buren st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—A five [illegible] gas stove in first class condition. Low cost but a short time. Inquire at B. Blanchard st.

ICE CREAM CORNUCOPIAS for the holidays. Chaplin's Candy Store, Merrimack st., 3c each, 2 for 5, 30c dozen.

FOR SALE—Square wagon with top, medium weight. Inquire at 117 Charles st., rear, or of P. A. MacKenzie, carriage shop on Bridge way.

FOR SALE—In Lynn, lodging house of twenty rooms, all in good condition, rent all full, steam heat, good paying proposition, price reasonable. Address T. 90, Lowell Sun.

SOMETIMES

Everyone wants money, no matter how saving a person may be one cannot foresee everything. We give the money so cheap and make the repayments so easy that it helps over a rough place in life's pathway without a jar.

CASH LOANS TO ANYONE with a salary. No security asked; a plain note is all we require.

KELLEY, the Money Lender,
392 Middlesex st.

THE PRODUCT OF THE 7-20-4

10c CIGAR FACTORY

is now larger than that of any individual manufacturer in New England. The name R. G. Sullivan stamped on every cigar insures quality.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr.,
Manchester, N. H.

BUSINESS MEN are better satisfied at Corey's Lunch, 43 Prescott street than at any other lunch room in the city. Service neat and quick.

HELP WANTED

[illegible]

WANTED—Good [illegible] Apply at 8 Washington st.

WANTED—Men and [illegible] to hail [illegible] for [illegible] also for [illegible] job. Address Merrill Lumber & Box Co., Bo[illegible] Stoneland, N. H.

WANTED—A table girl. Apply 19 Pleasant st., Navy Yard.

WANTED—Loopers 18 a week standing [illegible]. Inquire 26 White st., Pawtucketville, city.

WANTED—For the U. S. in the corps, able bodied unmarried men between 21 and [illegible] of good character, must speak, read and write English and be citizens of the U. S., serving two years at sea on one of our [illegible] of the world and in our island possessions and at travel [illegible] Apply at Post Office Building, Lowell, Mass.

UNEMPLOYED HELP of all nationalities will find it to their advantage to consult Moloff.

WANTED—First class table girls, chamber girls, cooks and kitchen girls for restaurant and industries; high wages, also a few general housegirls wanted. Prescott Employment Bureau, 24 Prescott st., in the Jewelry store.

LOST AND FOUND

IF THE YOUNG MAN who took the lady's vanity bag in a local hotel will return the same he will avoid trouble.

LOST—A lady's gold bracelet with initials H. J. between Dutton square, Thorndike and Dutton sts. or the Academy of Music. Reward at Sun Office.

LOST—A [illegible] watch with a fob [illegible] and initials E. M. Y. on it. Reward at 41 Plain st.

LOST—A black female bull dog, white [illegible] white front feet, double claws on hind feet, answers to name of "Dow [illegible]. Reward at A. W. C. A. building.

FOUND—A poodle dog, white, with brown [illegible] on ears. Can be found at John F. [illegible] 28 Jewett st.

LOST—A ring, with a turquoise stone and chipped diamonds in St. Peter's church on Sat. Reward at 339 Central st., or Tel. [illegible]

FOUND—A [illegible] terrier dog. Owner call at [illegible] and identify.

LOST—A lady's gold bracelet with initials H. G., between Bath square, Textile and Bridge sts. to the Academy of Music. Reward at Sun office.

LOST—A pair of lady's eyeglasses Saturday night. Name on case, William C. [illegible] Refund [illegible] 30 Washington st. Return to 9 Hurd st.

YOUNG MAN 18 years of age would like situation in shop or anything else to do. Brooks Foster, Brook and Gorham sts. Address Post Office, 41 Merrimack st.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED—American lady wants a situation [illegible] for a widower. Call or [illegible] Merrimack st., Lowell.

WANTED—A situation at all round work in a [illegible] house by competent woman. Address M. R., Sun Office.

WANTED—A situation as general housework by a competent girl. Good references. Low wages expected. Address L. A., Sun office.

OFFICE AND HALL cleaning wanted by competent woman. Best of references. Address H. K., Sun Office.

SITUATION WANTED by experienced girl at housework by a widower or small family. Address [illegible] W., Sun Office.

EXPERIENCED [illegible] lady stenographer wants a [illegible] position; could do bookkeeping and general office work. Address O. D., Sun Office.

WANTED—A [illegible] room by a thoroughly competent [illegible] who would do bookkeeping or [illegible] office work. Good references. Address S. A. G., Sun Office.

WANTED—[illegible] by a first class fireman or [illegible] Alfred Harvey, 11 Auburn st.

MANUFACTURERS

On January [illegible] will have for rent [illegible] of the Thorndike Mfg. [illegible] and heat furnished [illegible] floor space. Rent [illegible] Situated on Thorndike [illegible] For terms apply NO[illegible]

EUGENE G. RUSSELL
MANAGER
407 Middlesex st. Near Depot.

SPECIAL NOTICES

MME. VERA, [illegible] Palmer, 30 [illegible] Palmer read [illegible]

[illegible] have [illegible] pleasant [illegible] and [illegible] well and [illegible] Wonders [illegible]

GOOD [illegible] fresh [illegible] Dorothy, 12 [illegible]

REMNANTS [illegible] and [illegible] sale to [illegible] of white goods before Jan. 1st [illegible] of Dress [illegible] Lowell, one door below [illegible] others at room of [illegible] Ladies' [illegible] and [illegible] children's wool [illegible] Dress [illegible] Children's [illegible] open evenings until [illegible] Monday [illegible] Remnant Depot, near [illegible] Lawrence and Fletcher st.

CHIMNEYS Cleaned and repaired at short notice with Portland Cement Mortar. Roofs repaired and painted. Tel. [illegible]

COAL! COAL! GONE UP but I have on hand a large lot of maple slab and hard wood for sale at lowest figures. J. Reeds, 175 Church st. Tel. 46-3.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY W. F. Tennant will sell for the month of Dec. only, pianos at manufacturers prices. Call at once and reserve one for Christmas. 161 Westford st.

IF YOU WANT to look stylish you should get your Felt Hat at Holderness. We clean your Hat free if you purchase of us at 240 Middlesex st. We are Hat Makers and know our business. Call and see us.

MISS LUDWIN BERNIER, pianoforte teacher, 1 Jewett avenue.

STARCH ORNAMENTS, stoves, tiles and metal roofs, chimneys repaired, estimates free. Inquire 11 Bradford st.

PROMPT EMPLOYMENT BUREAU. Reliable help of all kinds wanted and furnished. Mill, farm, domestic, beach and mountain hotel help a specialty. 34 Prescott st., Lowell, Mass. Telephone 1602.

THE SUN IN BOSTON. The Sun is on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

MISCELLANEOUS

TWO HOUSE [illegible] Tenement and 2 south exposure in Lowell. Illness forces the sale. For particulars see owner, 119 Central st.

CUSTOMERS WANTED for stores, boiler or boiler compounds, farms, private or business and business investments where extra capital is needed. Sun Co., 233 Central st.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.—Ladies if you are looking of buying a Christmas present call at our store, you are welcome to see Lowell. Our full warranty. Light running. Believe is perfection. Our machines are of the highest standard. Opening evenings during Christmas week. 84 Bridge st., cor. Merrimack.

MR. THOMAS SALVE is the most wonderful cure for piles ever offered for sale, and can only be purchased at Smythe Brothers' Drug store, corner of Bridge and Gorham sts. No cure, no pay. 25c a box.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 50 Bridge st., Lowell, Mass. First class help furnished at short notice. Telephone 1246-2.

SLATE ROOFING of all kinds promptly attended to. Smith Brothers, 540 Bridge st. Tel. 1063.

MRS. C. ADAMS, clairvoyant and card reader and ladies' parlor employment office at 282 Central st.

DOLL HOSPITAL open day and evening. Broken dolls mended. 17 Andover st., near Church st. bridge.

TABLE D'HOTE DINNER 25 cents at Corey's Lunch, 43 Prescott st. It's fine. Try it.

CHIROPODIST C. M. Saunders, 90 Prescott st. Open Mon., Tues. and Sat. evenings.

REAL ESTATE MEN, PROPERTY OWNERS, ETC. Will paper your room, furnishing paper, and border to match the same including the hanging for $3.00; special prices given for work consisting of more than one room; estimates furnished on inside and outside painting, whitewashing, etc. Reliable work guaranteed. Baker (The New Racket), 243 Middlesex st.

MONEY—The lowest price in the city to borrow money to furnish the C. R. Loan Co., 90 Prescott st.

THE WONDERFUL DRINK, OLOHIA, gives youthful vigor and a day of new life in every drink. Boyle Bros., Telephone.

PILES, HEMORRHOIDS, Rectal troubles, sufferers. I am no free sample deposit or C. O. D. fakir. I was positively cured years standing. Have cured hundreds severe cases by the formula of a specialist of highest standing. Formula Advice, $2.00. Treatment inexpensive. M. Adam, 290A Broadway, Somerville, Mass.

GENERAL REPAIRING, tenements especially. 1 Charles court, off Charles st. Two flights up.

MOTHERS! Bent's Destroyer kills lice on children, and all insects; cures dandruff and itching scalp; prevents falling hair. Invisible, 25c only at Falls & Morrison's, 46 Middlesex st.

LADIES—Dr. LeFranco's Compound gives positive relief; powerful combination used by 20,000 women. Price 25 cents; druggists or by mail. Address LeFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.

LIMSUTIG—Chimney expert, chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1123 Bridge st. Telephone.

GOODIN & BLOOD—Sheet Metal Workers, Furnace and Stove Repairs, Cornices, Skylights, Gutters, etc. 52 Palmer st. Tel. 956-2.

EXCHANGE FOR LOWELL PROPERTY—Two country stores with tenement overhead, stable and land. Also a blacksmith shop with six-room cottage, stable, 1 acre house and three acres land. I also want a variety store with tenement overhead in Lowell, in exchange for a new two-tenement house with all modern improvements. John T. Gagnon, Salem Depot, N. H.

KELLEY The Broker

WILL HELP YOU

Will loan you the amount of money you want upon your salary without any security. Easy payments and no publicity to anyone. Satisfaction is guaranteed to you, and a courteous treatment is assured.

392 Middlesex Street

ROOMS TO LET suitable for a wheelwright or for light manufacturing. W. E. Aldrich, 257 Dutton st.

TO LET

TO LET—At 9 Whipple st., 6 room, tenement with pantry and bath room, hot and cold water.

TO LET—Pleasant rooms with heat, 22 Appleton st.

TO LET—Tenement of seven rooms, modern conveniences at. Apply to Alex. Russell, 11 Whipple st.

TO LET—Front room, steam heat, 11 Carter st.

TO LET—A large front room suitable for two workers. 22 Tyler st., call evenings.

TO LET—At 64 Tyler st., house of 12 rooms, steam heat and bath, hot and cold water, newly painted and papered. Apply to George H. Walker, 216 Central or 68 Wilder st.

TO LET—Rear of 50 Tyler st., 2 stalls, one box stall, large carriage room. Apply to George H. Walker, 216 Central or 68 Wilder st.

TO LET—Furnished room, steam heat. Inquire of Mrs. Kenny, 242 South st.

TENEMENT TO LET at South Lowell on Concord river, near depot. Inquire at F. Christmann's, 1 Concord st., near South Lowell station.

TO LET—Small stable in excellent condition. Inquire of Dummer st.

ROOM—Desirable, sunny front room to let with first class board. 243 Westford st. Mrs. Snodgrass.

FINE ROOM TO LET—All modern improvements with non-flowing ran; with hot water attachment. Inquire of John Nolan, 84 Central st.

ROOMS TO LET—Meat market building, Bridge st., and stand at 17 Whipple st. Inquire of John Nolan, 84 Central st.

UNEXPECTEDLY VACATED—Two small tenements near Northern station. We have put these tenements in the very best of repair, good as new and will rent them for $[illegible] per month. We also have a small tenement in Centralville for $150 per month. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central st.

TENEMENT TO LET—Formerly occupied by Dr. Bates, dentist. Apply at corner of Middlesex and Elliot sts.

TO LET—Steam heated furnished room, 16 Franklin st.

TO LET—Furnished rooms, steam heat, bath, gas and electric lights. 63 Middlesex st.

TO LET—A good barn on Middlesex st., suitable for storage, for hay or for a carpenter shop, or blacksmith shop, or paint shop. Rent is very low; $4 per month. See Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st., near depot.

NOTICE—Boarding house under new management located 94 Lawrence st., cor. Fourth Whipple st., large airy rooms furnace heat, gas and bath. Rooms with or without board.

FACTORY WITH 12,000 square feet floor space for rent, situated half way between Buffalo and Niagara Falls, in the heart of the Niagara Falls electric power development, rail connections, near freight and express offices, also natural gas. Apply James Pedrick, Jr., Agent Shredder property, North Tonawanda, New York.

TO LET—Tenements in all parts of the city from $1 and upwards per month. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central st.

SINGLE HOUSE—8 rooms and bath, pleasantly situated, 120 Riverside st., near Textile school. Inquire 324 Market st.

ROOM WITH POWER to let in card building, Shattuck st. Wm. E. Badger, Locks and Canals office.

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY TO LOAN on collateral. Lowell Loan Co., 129 Dutton st., near Fletcher.

HOLIDAY FUNDS—Any employe holding a permanent position, may get money without security or publicity at the lowest rates in the city. Offices in Lowell and Lawrence. Massachusetts Loan Co., Room 22, Hildreth Building, 45 Merrimack st.

DON'T BE SHORT—Plenty of money to loan to permanent salaried people on easy weekly payments, lowest rates in the city (confidential), no publicity, no delay, special inducements for quick payments. Private office. Offices in Lowell and Lawrence. U. S. Loan Co., 50 Prescott st.

$5, $10, $15—Emergency loans for "tight" places quickly secured at the best place in Lowell. T. H. Kelley's, 392 Middlesex st.

MONEY ON CREDIT without security salaried people and others. Best terms, liberal discount, commission paid. Merrimack Loan Co., Associate Building.

MONEY LOANED salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters and others, without security, easy payments, offices in 50 leading cities. Tolman, room 43 Hildreth Building, 45 Merrimack st.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos, and all personal property. Private office. (Strictly confidential.) Room 6, Swan Building, 76 Central st.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, diamonds, etc. Leases put off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. E. Leighton, room 8, Hildreth Building.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Nice corner lot of land near Textile school. Must be sold at once. Come and make me an offer. Address 609 Dutton st.

FOR SALE—Highlands house of 9 rooms, bath room, steam heat, set tubs. In good repair. Will be sold low as owner has left the city. Apply to Henry Miller & Son, 2 Wyman's Exchange.

FOR SALE—A most excellent residence in upper Middlesex street, consisting of 8 large, sunny rooms; bath, steam heat, hot and cold water, and every convenience. This home is to be sold at a very great sacrifice. Price $750. See Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st., near depot.

FOR SALE—A handsome and massive residence in the Highlands; eight large, well appointed rooms; open plumbing, bath, hot and cold water, furnace heat, set tubs, cemented cellar. Price $850. Eugene G. Russell, 407 Middlesex st., near depot.

INFORMATION WANTED

Notice--Divorces

Strictly private advice and book free. Short wait, prompt, efficient, references everywhere, success in all counties in Massachusetts, lowest fee, easily paid. Our only office. Lawyer, 47 Court st., Room 11, Boston, Mass.

Great, Greater, Greatest.

The Sun is great on illustrations, greater on news, and greatest of all in circulation.

It is Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV. — To Boston. Lve. Arr. — From Boston. Lve. Arr.

WESTERN DIV. — To Boston. Lve. Arr. — From Boston. Lve. Arr.

5.46	6.34	6.00	7.04	6.00	7.55	7.20	8.31
6.28	7.40	6.50	7.54	8.00	8.54	8.25	10.34
6.39	7.49	7.34	8.34	9.25	10.39	10.45	11.49
6.47	7.53	8.13	8.52	10.24	11.25	11.[illegible]	1.03
7.01	8.00	9.00	9.57	12.07	1.22	2.15	3.16
7.21	8.05	10.00	10.57	12.47	1.49	3.[illegible]	4.55
7.31	8.50	10.47	11.[illegible]	2.29	3.27	4.[illegible]	5.50
7.48	9.35	11.35	12.07	3.10	4.05	4.[illegible]	7.02
7.52	9.55	12.00	12.[illegible]	3.35	5.10	6.35	7.45
8.49	9.59	1.00	1.35	5.00	6.[illegible]	9.[illegible]	10.35
9.33	10.10	2.00	3.05	5.28	6.40	11.15	11.11
11.07	12.02	3.00	3.37	6.15	7.17		
11.53	12.19	3.47	5.0[illegible]	7.00	8.00		
12.12	1.05	4.14	5.37	7.50	10.[illegible]		
1.13	2.22	5.00	5.37				
2.51	3.48	5.34	6.25				
3.47	4.50	5.47	6.51				
4.38	5.30	6.14	7.[illegible]				
4.47	6.15	7.00	8.[illegible]				
5.49	7.09	8.00	9.[illegible]				
6.14	9.55	10.30	11.34				
7.21	8.15	11.00	12.21				

*Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

SUNDAY TRAINS — WESTERN DIVISION

8.15	9.25	8.50	9.16	2.45	3.27	7.50	8.[illegible]
12.10	1.15	12.00	2.05	5.15	6.03	8.[illegible]	9.[illegible]
3.35	4.50	5.05	6.27	6.15	6.53	9.00	10.[illegible]
5.35	6.50	8.40	9.35	7.31	8.15	10.10	11.[illegible]
8.45	9.55						

SUNDAY TRAINS — SOUTHERN DIVISION

6.59	7.31	9.00	10.[illegible]		
7.21	8.[illegible]	11.00	10.57		
8.44	9.49	11.31	12.02		
9.21	10.15	1.00	1.57		
10.30	11.31	2.00	3.59		

LOCAL NEWS

Tobin's Printing -Associate Bldg. Tel

J. J. Cluin Co., expert watch repairers, 19-23 Palmer street.

Hire your hacks for funerals or weddings at J. F. O'Donnell & Son's, 324 Market street.

Deposits in the Five Cent Savings Bank begin to draw interest Saturday, January 6

When you have any real estate to sell consult J. F. Donohoe, Donovan Bldg. Telephone.

What is the use of paying 50 cents for a dinner when you can get a first-class one at Corey's for 25 cents at 43 Prescott street? The wife ones are steady patrons, be wise and save money and get what you want.

SLATTERY FOR TREASURER.

BOSTON, Jan. 4—Among the first appointments that Mayor Fitzgerald will make will be ex-Alderman Charles Slattery for city treasurer. The resignation of Treasurer Crocker is ready. He intends to retire before the end of the month.

NOT HOW CHEAP can you get a pair of glasses, but HOW WELL can your eyes be fitted regardless of the difference of a dollar or so.

THE DABBITT CO.

Suite 15, Bon Marche Bldg Elevator.

CUNARD LINE

To and from Boston, Liverpool and Queenstown.

For rates, tickets and further information, inquire of the local agency.

MURPHY'S, 18 Appleton St. (Opp. Postoffice.)

ROBERT J. CROWLEY
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW
16 and 17 Central Block
Telephone—1723-2.

JOHN W. McEVOY
Counsellor-at-Law and Public Administrator.
137 Central St. Tel. 639-4.

JOSEPH F. DONOHOE
Real Estate and General Insurance
Rooms 46-47 Donovan Bldg. 257 Central St. Lowell, Mass. Tel. connections.

J. J. O'Connell J. J. Cashman
J. J. O'CONNELL & CO
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
1010 CENTRAL ST. Davis Sq
Telephone Connection.

Regular Boarders WANTED
21 Meals for $3.00
—AT—
Corey's Leo Lunch
43 PRESCOTT STREET

JOSEPH E. LOUGHRAN
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
6 Hildreth Bldg. Lowell, Mass.

Effie L. Palmer
Voice Culture
Sbriglia Method.
Room 20, Swan Building, Lowell
MONDAYS.
This method is used by the greatest artists of the world. It relaxes the throat and opens the resonance cavities, making the voice free and resonant. Call and investigate this method of singing.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL
Attorney-at-Law
HILDRETH BUILDING, LOWELL

UNDERTAKERS
J. F. O'DONNELL & SONS
Funeral chapel and morgue connected with the establishment.
324 MARKET STREET
Telephone 439-3

J. HARVEY & CO.
Plumbing and Heating Contractors
Agent for Hub Heater.
Residence, 545 Moody street.
Office Telephone, No. 950.
All kinds of repairing done in first class manner at reasonable prices.
460 MERRIMACK STREET

"HOLY JUMPERS"

Were Jumped On by Mayor Fitzgerald

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—Mayor Fitzgerald yesterday issued an order that steps be taken to put a stop to the meetings of the Dorchester Bush society, commonly called the "Holy Jumpers." Last night the first meeting of Berkeley hall was closed to the "Jumpers" last night in compliance of the action taken by the city authorities they held an afternoon meeting in a room at 1 Camden street.

Acting on information which he had received regarding the nature of the meetings, Mayor Fitzgerald yesterday instructed the license clerk of city hall to take whatever steps he could to prevent the continuance of the meetings. No license is required for a religious meeting, but the instructions were interpreted by Thomas Butler, the license clerk, as an order to cancel the license of the hall in which the meetings were being held if they were not stopped at once.

Instructions were sent out early yesterday and the "Holy Jumpers" were notified by the janitor of the hall that their contract for the week had been cancelled.

As a result no afternoon meeting was held, but, determined to prosecute their work, a room at 17 Camden street was secured in time for the evening service, which was conducted with all the vigor that has marked the previous performances of the society.

"Yes," said Mayor Fitzgerald last night, "I gave instructions that the licenses under which these meetings were held should be revoked. From the reports which have reached me I consider that they are opposed to public decency and I do not think that any public official should tolerate any such exhibitions. I do not know the precise method which was employed to bring the meetings to an end, but I did tell Mr. Butler that whatever license they were acting under should be cancelled.

Begin the New Year by opening an account in the Five Cent Savings Bank.

A BANKRUPT

PETITION HAS BEEN FILED BY LAWYER BAKER.

BOSTON, Jan. 4. William H. Baker, an attorney, whose political ambition led to his nomination for important offices to which he failed of election, and whose marriage in 1903 to Miss Marie E. Wood, a Denver belle, added to his fame, laid another claim to public attention yesterday by filing a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the United States district court. His liabilities are $35,368.94 and his assets $12,403, $9,000 of the latter being on life insurance policies on which $2500 has been borrowed.

Up to 1901 Mr. Baker was for a number of years a resident of Newton. He then moved to Boston. His residence is now at 414 Newbury street, according to the petition. While a resident of Newton Mr. Baker was twice the democratic nominee for congressman in the old 12th district, once against the Hon. Charles F. Sprague and again as opponent of the Hon. Samuel L. Powers. He defeated Moorfield Storey for the democratic nomination in his second campaign and Mr. Storey ran independently. In 1902 Mr. Baker became a resident of Boston and was defeated for the democratic nomination in the 11th district by Congressman Sullivan. Since then he has not figured in politics. Twice Mr. Baker was candidate for mayor of Newton, being defeated once by less than 150 votes.

This week is Quarter Week at the Five Cent Savings Bank.

FAMINE IN JAPAN

Thousands Said to be Starving

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 4. The famine in Japan is causing thousands to starve, according to advices received yesterday by the steamer Empress of India.

A government report says Miyagi, Fukushima and Ibaraki provinces, with a population of [illegible], are confronting the most [illegible] since the deadly one of [illegible]. It says [illegible] the entire harvest [illegible] the chances of death [illegible] imposed or inflicted on the people of the province.

Among thousands to whose [illegible] there are [illegible] to eat shrubs, [illegible] and bark of trees to sustain life, [illegible] people are in extreme condition.

The misery arising from the famine is indescribable. A condition of foreign residents have been formed to arrange systematic relief.

UNION CLAUSE

OMITTED FROM CONTRACT FOR NEW SCHOOL.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Jan. 4. The contractors of this city, James H. Mendell & Co., Head & Dowst company, John F. Seward, William C. Wilson and E. L. Lodge, have refused to accede to the demands of the union carpenters for an eight-hour day at the wages paid for nine hours of labor. The strike has made no appreciable effect upon building operations, save a diminution of the force employed by James H. Mendell & Co.

A fact came to light yesterday, in connection with the strike, that is being much talked about. Early last year the mayor and aldermen passed a resolution calling for the insertion of a clause in all city contracts to the effect that union labor must be employed in the construction of all city buildings. An inspection of the contract for the Chandler school shows that this clause was omitted from the contract and the contractors, James H. Mendell & Co., are at liberty to employ any class of laborers they choose.

CASH BOOKS Lawlor's 59 Merrimack st.

Retiring From Business

Having entered into an agreement to turn over to my successor my business, good will and fixtures on Feb. 10, I must close out my entire stock before that date and will therefore offer every article, absolutely without reserve at

Public Auction

COMMENCING FRIDAY, JAN. 5th

I have engaged one of the leading auctioneers in New England to conduct my sales and will personally guarantee every article myself—for just four weeks or less if I can dispose of my stock. I will hold

DAILY SALES AT 7.30 P. M.

$10,000 in diamonds, gold, filled and silver watches must go. I will not carry anything out of Lowell. Come and see.

WM. A. BLOCK - 14 Prescott St.

THE TUCKER PIN

Has Been Loaned to Defendant's Counsel

BOSTON, Jan. 4. Judge Sheehan of the superior court yesterday gave to counsel for Charles L. Tucker permission to have possession for 10 days of the Cambridge stickpin which the defence claims disappeared during the trial of the young man convicted of the murder of Miss Mabel Page. Mr. Thomas F. Valeri saw Judge Sheehan on the matter yesterday and obtained an order upon State Detective Frederick A. Rhodes for the pin. Mr. Rhodes delivered it to the attorney.

The pin which Mr. Valeri secured is not the one which Miss Amy Roberts identified as the one which had been taken from the neck of Miss Page the day of the murder, and this pin is in the care of the government officers. During the trial the defence introduced a Cambridge stickpin which Walter Tucker, brother of the prisoner, purchased in Montreal as being very like that which he had seen the prisoner wear.

During the trial the pin was used in the examination of witnesses, and it was picked out by Mrs. Tucker, mother of the prisoner, as being identical with the one that she had belonged to her son. This pin differs in coloring and in shape from that which the prosecution claims was taken from the Page house the day of the murder. The prosecution has little if any interest in having this pin returned to the state detectives, who have the custody of all the exhibits in the case.

Atty. Gen. Parker offered no objection yesterday to the petition of the defence attorneys for the use of the pin they had introduced. The defence intends to use the pin in the investigation it is now making to ascertain whether it is possible to connect the pin lost in Portland by a Mr. Allen of Portsmouth with the one found in that city by the wife of Tucker, it being the belief of Tucker's attorneys that the pin identified by Amy Roberts is really the article found by Mrs. Tucker in Portland.

The identity of the pin claimed by the prosecution to have been taken from the Page house is the basis of the petition for a new trial now in process of preparation by Tucker's attorneys.

FELL FROM STAGING.

Patrick Sweeney, employed nights at the Bigelow Carpet mills, fell from a staging last night while hoisting coal, and his foot was crushed so badly that he was taken in the ambulance to St. John's hospital.

DARING ROBBERY

Snatch Thieves Got Away With $52

BOSTON, Jan. 4. While many persons were passing back and forth on Dorchester avenue at about 6.45 o'clock last night two daring snatch thieves seized a bag from the hands of Miss Florence Beadle. Aman caught one of them, but he subsequently escaped, only to be caught later by Sergeant Crotty and Patrolman Sullivan of the 17th division. This is the second time within a week that the operations of snatch thieves have been brought to light in this vicinity, and it is thought that these two men are the guilty parties in each case.

It is apparent that the men were familiar with conditions. Miss Beadle, an attractive looking young woman of about 20 years, is cashier at the store of the John T. Connor corporation, at the Dorchester avenue, South Boston, and she resides at 209½ Exchange street, Harrison square. No money is left in the store over night, and Miss Beadle carries home all money on hand after having balanced her books.

She was certainly watched, for soon after she started out Dorchester avenue she noticed two men were following her. According to her usual custom, she had placed the money, $52, and 700 legal stamps in her bag and hurried.

When near Leonard street, with several persons quite near, the men suddenly rushed past her, seizing the bag as they went. Both dashed in different directions.

Miss Beadle shouted for help and a teamster, whose name is unknown, overhauled one of the men.

He brought him back to the scene of the theft, where a little girl said that his name was Dick Goode. Just at this juncture a woman opened the door of her house, and the prisoner knew her and spoke to her, saying that he was sick and wanted a drink of water. His captor went to the door with him and allowed him to enter for the water but the wily individual promptly made his escape through a rear window, and was again free.

Sergeant Crotty and Patrolman Sullivan rounded up one of the alleged thieves, who proved to be Richard Goode, a man well known to the police. He, however, was not the one who had the bag. The other is known to the police, who expect to have him before long.

Dragons, Friday eve., Prescott hall.

REP. W. H. I. HAYES

GIVEN PLACE ON RULES COMMITTEE.

Speaker Cole of the lower branch of the legislature appointed the following committee on rules: The speaker, Hayes of Lowell, Walker of Brookline, Ames of Orange, Seward of Watertown, Lowell of Newton, Turtle of Springfield, Wheeler of Concord, Peabody of Chelsea, Quinn of Boston and Dean of Wakefield.

Of the remaining members, Walker was Cole's leading rival for the speakership, Peabody was also a candidate, and Lowell and Wheeler were both strong Walker men. Ames of Orange, Seward and Turtle were for Cole.

TRIED SUICIDE

OBCUTT ATTEMPTED TO GASH HIS THROAT.

NORTH ADAMS, Jan. 4.—After reading a letter from his daughters telling him what a happy Christmas they had and how much they missed him, E. W. Orcutt, 46, of Denver, Col., made a sensational attempt to commit suicide yesterday afternoon in the police station here. Locked up to prevent him doing himself or any body else harm, he smashed a window in the corridor of the station house and used a piece of the glass from the window to saw his throat.

Capt. Perron and Chief Dineen were in the station house at the time and heard the crash. Rushing to the corridor upstairs, they found Orcutt sawing at his throat. Chief Dineen fell upon him and overpowered him just as he was about to sever the jugular vein. He managed to cut himself twice, and it is regarded as remarkable that he missed the jugular vein.

Orcutt was immediately strapped in the padded cell and was kept closely guarded. He will be taken to Northampton insane asylum.

Dragons at Prescott hall Friday eve.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

The Huntington Stock company which is holding the boards at the Academy of Music has made it a point to produce shows which will appeal to the people shows which are better than the ordinary run, the matter of royalty and other expenses not being considered so long as the patrons of the house are satisfied. In this the management has succeeded and despite the fact that one of the best shows of the season "The Parish Priest" is being presented at the Academy this week there are many other shows equally as good if not better booked for the ensuing weeks.

Daniel J. Sullivan, "Our Sully" has made a great hit in the title role of "The Parish Priest" and he has been the recipient of many letters of congratulation from patrons of the theatre. The support accorded him by the other members of the company is excellent.

The play is too well known to the public to go into detail; suffice to say that it portrays the story of the old saying of "true love never runs smooth," a young man who being ambitious for worldly gains is ready to sacrifice the love of a sweetheart of many years for the daughter of a rich doctor. The parish priest, who by his teachings and kindly advice has won a warm place in the hearts of the parishioners, takes it unto himself to right the wrong and does so in a very agreeable as well as interesting manner.

Performances will be given every afternoon and evening this week, with the exception of Friday afternoon.

Mr. Wright Huntington returned from New York yesterday and took charge of the rehearsals of "The Girl I Left Behind Me," which is to be produced at the Academy of Music next week. He has signed several new actors of prominence, a number of whom will be seen in the production next week. It is his desire to make the new stock company fully equal to any stock organization in the country. He also contracted with Mr. Frohman for 10 of his biggest successes, four of them calling for royalty of $500 a week

MUST TOOT HORN

Court Gives Decision Against Autoists

BOSTON, Jan. 4. A motorist approaching a wagon from behind must blow his horn. Edward H. Jennings' failure to do so rendered him liable to Robert A. Gifford, a wagon driver, for a broken leg caused by a kick from his horse, which became frightened by the auto, according to a decision handed down by the full bench of the supreme court in the case of Gifford against Jennings yesterday.

The accident happened in Westport, the only negligence complained of was Jennings' failure to toot his horn as required by the automobile statute of 1903. This failure was held by the court to be negligence and warranted the jury in finding it was the cause of Gifford's broken leg.

"The jury must have found," says the court, "that a horn should be sounded on overtaking a horse, not only to warn the driver to keep to his side of the road, but also to give timely warning of the approach of this machine, which, in the kind of noise made by it, among other things, is novel, and therefore may be dangerous, and that the defendant should have known this."

Gifford has a verdict of $160.

TEXTILE SCHOOL NOTES.

The Lowell Textile school is open again after the Christmas holidays.

There seems to be a very favorable sentiment towards the formation of a society among the students, which will have for its purpose the promulgation of the game of hand ball.

A new lawn tennis association will be formed next week.

The baseball association will meet next Monday and elect officers.

O'Sullivan Bros. Co.
The Store Where People Find What They Want

MEN'S DEPT.
Our Stock Reducing Sale

THE NETTLETON SHOES, Box Calf, Double Sole, $6.00 shoes cut to

$4.50

Every size and width in this lot. Those who know these shoes should call at once if they need or expect to need footwear.

We are over-stocked and we've got to unload. You're the gainer if you want the shoes.

O'Sullivan Bros. Co.
FEET FITTERS.
OPPOSITE CITY HALL

2 Day "Resolution" Sale

BEGIN THE NEW YEAR RIGHT—COMMENCE SAVING MONEY—HERE'S VALUES TO POINT THE WAY - - - - - -

In the secret of daily saving lies the story of success or failure. The housewife who resolves to begin the new year with Ginter saves in spite of herself. After all it's the pennies saved that count—and nowhere else do your pennies buy as much as here.

Trading with Ginter brings added satisfaction, too, for every purchase carries our binding guarantee of highest quality.

FRESH MEATS

Our Meat Department is not only the home of the highest qualities, but best of all, every item is priced to show the most substantial savings.

FANCY SPRING LAMB—Short legs, lb. 13c
FANCY FRESH RIB ROAST BEEF—Lb. 10c
NORTH'S CHOICE SMOKED SHOULDERS—Lb. 9c
NORTH'S SUGAR CURED HAMS—Lb. 13c

CRACKERS

The Choicest, Freshest, Crispest and most Popular Crackers at prices that cannot fail to appeal to the busy and economical housewife. Regular 12c and 13c values. Quantity unlimited.

FIG BARS—Rich, pure filling, lb. 7 1-2c
GRAHAM WAFERS—Unusually nutritious, lb. 7 1-2c
TEA OR WINE BISCUIT—A cracker for special occasions, lb. 7 1-2c
PILOT CRACKERS—A handy cracker for all occasions, lb. 7 1-2c
GRANDMA'S COOKIES—Delicious for the children, lb. 7 1-2c

Made by Snell & Simpson, the oldest established cracker bakery in New England.

LUNCH CRACKERS—"Little Brother" Brand. Baked by New England Biscuit Company, Worcester. Deliciously palatable and nutritious. Made from goods of unquestioned purity only, and so guaranteed by the manufacturers, lb. 7 1-2c

BUTTER

"GOLDEN ROSE"—Finest Vermont Creamery Butter, lb. 25c
FINEST ELGIN BUTTER—Lb. 21c

FLOUR

"GOLDEN ROSE"—The best in the barrel, and of course the best in the loaf, ¼ bbl. bag 73c; per bbl. $5.69

EGGS

Egg disappointment an unknown quantity here.

EASTERN BRAND—Doz. 25c
CAPE QUALITY BRAND—Doz. 28c

TEAS

IMPERIAL GARDEN TEAS—Specially imported from the finest gardens of the Orient, the $1 kind elsewhere, 4 profit-sharing coupons with every pound, at 45c
"GOLDEN ROSE" TEAS—The Reliable kind, 2 coupons with every lb. 35c

COFFEES

If you want the best, try the "HONOR BRIGHT" BRAND—2 coupons with every pound, at 30c
"PRIDE OF ADEN" BRAND, the reliable kind, 2 coupons with every pound, at 25c

COUPON

Upon presenting this coupon at our store and making a purchase of 50c or more, we will give you one can Van Camp's Evaporated Cream. Good for Friday and Saturday only.

Specials for Friday and Saturday

SHREDDED WHEAT—Pkg.	10c
FORCE—Pkg.	11c
QUAKER OATS—Pkg.	8c
GOOD RICE OR TAPIOCA—Lb.	4c
JELLO—Pkg.	8c
CAMPBELL'S ASSORTED SOUPS—Can	8c
FULL CREAM CHEESE—Lb.	15c
"GOLDEN ROSE" LAUNDRY SOAP—5 bars	11c
CROSS & BLACKWELL'S MALT VINEGAR—Bottle	17c
5 POUND CROCK FANCY JELLY	19c
YORK STATE PEA BEANS—Quart	7c
2 POUND CAN MAINE STYLE CORN	7c
2 POUND CAN JUNE PEAS	8c
1 POUND JAR FRUIT PRESERVES	9c
10 POUND BAG FINE TABLE SALT	9c
"GOLDEN ROSE" PURE CONDENSED MILK—Can	8c
GREEN MOUNTAIN POTATOES—Peck	19c
FANCY SOUTHERN SPINACH—Peck	19c

GINTER'S
141 Merrimack Street

Here it is---Just What You've Waited For

Our Great January Mark-Down Sale of Cloaks, Suits, Skirts, Waists and Furs

We never carry over a winter garment. An enormous stock of the season's new, fresh, up-to-date merchandise to be sacrificed this week at prices heretofore unheard of. Just think of it, $10 tailor made suits for $5.98 and $6.98 and other garments equally important reductions. Be on hand and do not miss this money-saving opportunity.

Furs Furs
January Reduction Sale

	Were	Now
Sable Opossum Muffs	$5	$2.98
Sable Cooney Muffs	4	2.49
Sable Cooney Scarfs	5	2.98
River Mink Ties	5	2.98
River Mink Scarfs	8	4.98
Blended Brook Mink Muffs	8	4.98
Natural Marten Scarfs	10	4.98
Grey Squirrel Muffs	8.50	5.98
Sable Squirrel Sets	$15	$8.98
Grey Squirrel Sets	16.50	9.98
Fox Muffs	17.50	10.00
Mink Scarfs	37.50	25.00
Mink Muffs	37.50	25.00
Mink Sets	40.00	25.00

Rain Coats

Women's rain coats of hard finished shower-proof coverts, double breasted, plaited back. This sale $6.98

Women's Coats

Winter Coats—Women's kersey and cheviot coats in black, castor and tan. A length, trimmed with velvet and braid, box or inverted pleated back. Were $10 to $12. This sale $5.98

Tourist Coats—New, long coats in this season's most desirable models, 50 inches long, in stylish gray diagonal mixtures. Other long coats in black Thibet cloth ½ satin lined. These are the greatest values offered in this city at $7.98

Women's Suits

Women's Suits—Broken lot of suits in black and navy, cheviots and mixtures. Were $10. Choice at $3.98

Women's Suits in cheviots, Panama and mixtures. Were $12.50, at $6.93

Women's Suits, made from fancy mixtures and cheviots. Choice of this lot of 18 suits at $8.98

Women's Suits were $20, now $12.50
Women's Suits were $30, now $20.00
Women's Suits were $40, now $27.50

Dress Skirts

Dress Skirts—250 Skirts in black and gray mixtures 85c

Dress Skirts in black, navy and brown cheviot, melton cloth and fancy mixtures. Were $3.50. Choice at $1.88

Dress Skirts—Made from broadcloth and Scotch mixtures, various styles to select from. Were $5. This sale $2.98

Dress Skirts—Skirts made from Panama, cheviot and melton cloth. Were $6.50 at $3.98

Dress Skirts—Made from all wool mixtures, broadcloths and cheviots. All reduced to $5.00

Children's Coats

Children's Coats—Made of fancy mixtures, zibeline, beaver, melton and crushed velvet, trimmed with fancy buttons, braid and belt, sizes 4 to 14. Made to sell at $5. Price $2.98

Children's Coats—Various styles, box back and some empire back and front, with or without collars. In red, blue, brown and green, sizes 4 to 14. Made to sell at $7. Price $3.98

10 Children's Coats $5.98
$12.50 Children's Coats $7.50

CHRIS. HOLMES, Specialty Store New Location
198-200 Merrimack Street